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THE ART OF OVERWATCH®

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FOREWORD

THIS BOOK IS MORE THAN JUST A COLLECTION OF ART: IT'S THE HEART AND SOUL OF *OVERWATCH*.

Concept art has driven the game's creation since the very beginning. Early in the development of *Overwatch*, I remember sitting across from the concept art team led by Arnold Tsang, our assistant art director. He was working on an image to give the team a spark of inspiration and set the game's visual style. It was a group shot of the characters that would form the core of our game; it demonstrated what *Overwatch* heroes could be. We all watched as the early sketches of these heroes took shape. From rough sketches to the final composition, members of the art team were eager to share their ideas and collaborate with the artists who would hover around their desks. Everyone's feedback was embraced, and the team's excitement and creativity flowed into the art. A cyborg, a mutant, a crossbow-wielding

assassin, and an early version of Reinhardt were coming to life before our eyes.

When the image was done, it quickly spread throughout our offices and onto our desktop wallpapers. (It even jammed up the printer in the hallway!) The team's excitement grew with every new iteration. We had a sense of belonging. This image became a beacon to guide us through the unknown territory of early game development. And most importantly, it made us care about the heroes.

They weren't just ideas anymore. They were a part of us. Our team. Our family.

Now we had to find a home for these heroes. We needed to build a new world.



Our next key image depicted what the world of *Overwatch* would look like from the player's perspective. This painting, by Ben Zhang, showed early versions of characters like Genji and Winston, as well as a strange, spiderlike mutant, fighting in an ancient temple in the desert, with a futuristic megacity looming over the horizon.

When completed, these two pieces of concept art were instrumental in setting the style and tone of *Overwatch*. If not for them, we wouldn't be where we are today. They inspired us with a creative vision to develop not only the heroes but the entire world around them. They served as the cornerstone to everything that was yet to come, from maps and abilities to new heroes and skins.

This book is a celebration of those early paintings and the wealth of concept art that came after. These images are

more than the work of individual artists. They represent the creativity of the entire *Overwatch* team—the passion, optimism, and diversity of ideas that people from different disciplines and walks of life have poured into the game.

And now we are sharing this art with you. We hope you find it just as inspiring as we do, and we're excited to have you join us as we continue this artistic journey . . .

... and dare to see the world of *Overwatch* for what it could be.

BILL PETRAS

Senior Art Director of Overwatch



OVERWATCH VISUAL TARGET CONCEPT

On November 7, 2014, Blizzard Entertainment turned a new page in its history.

Over twenty thousand people from around the world had gathered at the Anaheim Convention Center in California for the eighth BlizzCon. Many of the attendees arrived early and flooded into the main hall to claim a seat for the opening ceremony. They expected to hear news about Blizzard's current lineup of games, but they were in for a surprise.

Before the packed main hall, Chris Metzen, Blizzard's senior vice president of Story and Franchise Development and one of the company's veteran creative forces, took the stage. For two decades, he'd shaped the universes and characters of Warcraft, StarCraft, and Diablo. More recently, he and a team of developers had been busy with something else. Now it was time for BlizzCon's attendees—and the world—to discover what that was.

Metzen unveiled a never-before-seen trailer. It wasn't set in the world of Warcraft, StarCraft, or Diablo. It was new. It was different. It was Overwatch.

For the first time in seventeen years, Blizzard had created a brand-new universe: a science fiction vision of future Earth, filled with diverse and larger-than-life heroes and villains.

Over the next year and a half, the game went through various stages of beta testing and refinement. Then on May 24, 2016, *Overwatch* was released. It quickly became an international bestseller, garnering critical acclaim and winning numerous Game of the Year awards.

But the road to success was long, and it began in the wake of failure.

Years before *Overwatch*'s announcement, Blizzard had been developing a different title—a massively multiplayer online role-playing game (MMORPG) codenamed Titan. Many talented artists, game designers, producers, and engineers worked on the project. They were eager to create something that would match the success of Blizzard's existing MMORPG juggernaut, *World of Warcraft*.

Despite the team's passion and experience, Titan never quite found its footing. Blizzard ultimately canceled the project.

The developers were humbled, but they weren't ready to give up. Not yet. They were hungry to prove themselves, to craft a new idea that would succeed where Titan had failed.

After Titan's cancellation, members of the game team met to discuss the future. From their talks, an idea was born—a first-person shooter in a near-future Earth. The genre and setting were departures from Blizzard's current games, but the developers saw that as an advantage. It would give them the opportunity to explore new art styles and stories.

A guiding principle that emerged was that the game would focus on *heroes*. They would be more than just classes like those seen in many traditional first-person shooters. The characters would have their own identities and backstories. They would be the heart and soul of the game that would become known as *Overwatch*.



VOLSKAYA EARLY IDEATION



HERO LINEUP SKETCH



EARLY HERO LINEUP

Concept artists immediately began fleshing out this nascent idea. The first illustrations of *Overwatch*'s hero lineup helped establish a tone and personality for the game. They gave the rest of the developers a clear vision of what they were working toward. They gave them something tangible to rally around.

Artists also explored in-game concept illustrations. The first ones featured early versions of characters like Torbjörn, Roadhog, Reinhardt, Winston, Tracer, and Genji. The characters were bright and intriguing. The world they inhabited was vibrant and alluring.

These concepts were the sparks of inspiration that fueled the team going forward. As the art style of the game took shape, the developers faced another challenge. *Overwatch* was visually unique, and it was very different from Blizzard's other universes. How could the developers keep *Overwatch* fresh and new while also making it feel like a part of the Blizzard family? How could they embrace the company's art legacy while also pushing it forward?

All of Blizzard's existing game universes had distinct themes and visual styles. StarCraft was a stark and gritty sci-fi that centered around conflict between three powerful factions: terrans, protoss, and zerg. Warcraft was a high fantasy world of elves, dwarves, demons, and other creatures. Diablo was a dark gothic fantasy where humanity was trapped amid an unending struggle between angels and demons.

TOP: PETER C. LEE, MIDDLE AND BOTTOM: ARNOLD TSANG



MOCK-UP OF ART OF BLIZZARD COVER WITH TORBJÖRN

Overwatch's developers closely examined these worlds to learn not what made them different but what made them alike. Warcraft, StarCraft, and Diablo shared Blizzard's core design pillars, such as exaggerated proportions for characters and immersive worlds filled with deep stories.

From their studies of other Blizzard games, the developers made four guiding art principles for *Overwatch*. The first was **diversity**, in terms of not only character backstories and cultures but also designs for locations, architecture, and technology. The second was creating a **hopeful future**, one that players would want to live in and fight for. The third was making locations, character proportions, animations, and poses **dynamic**. The fourth was giving the game a **handcrafted** feel, ensuring that every texture and piece of art felt stylized and lovingly crafted.



FINAL HERO LINEUP

The next hero lineup fulfilled these principles as well as the team's goal of embracing Blizzard's art legacy. The characters were highly stylized, featuring the exaggerated proportions and attention to detail also seen in Warcraft, StarCraft, and Diablo.

These new heroes fit into two categories. Some were classic archetypes that would be familiar to players of other Blizzard games, such as the armor-clad knight Reinhardt and the dwarflike engineer Torbjörn.



VISUAL TARGET CONCEPT















LOGO EXPLORATION



"RECALL" ANIMATED SHORT

Others were completely unique to *Overwatch*, like the exuberant time-bending hero Tracer and the highly intelligent gorilla Winston. These characters represented some of the game's core themes: the spirit of heroism and humanity's bright future.

The team applied the same art principles to *Overwatch*'s setting as they did to the game's characters. Earth was unexplored territory. It had never fully appeared in any of the company's other titles. The developers relished the opportunity to re-imagine the world through the lens of Blizzard.

The designers set out to make their maps as diverse and stylized as their heroes. They also wanted them to feel both exotic and familiar. Places like Hanamura blended traditional Japanese architecture with futuristic vehicles and cityscapes. Eichenwalde featured a village damaged by war between humans and robots, while drawing inspiration from classic fantasies of enchanted European forests and medieval castles.

To keep the focus on *Overwatch*'s heroes, the designers tied these locations to characters. The maps became more

than just places where players would do battle. Some of them represented the countries that the heroes were from. Others featured heavily in the characters' backstories.

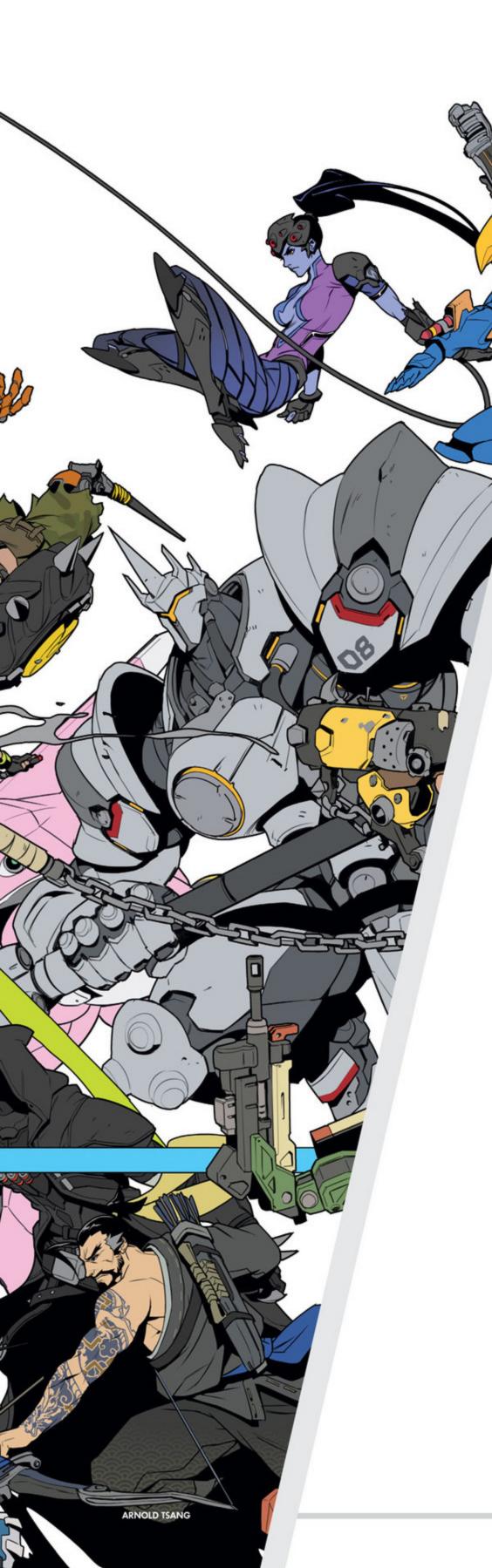
Over many months, work progressed. Concept artists, modelers, animators, lighters, game designers, and other developers continued fleshing out heroes and maps, using the core pillars of diversity, a hopeful future, dynamic characters and locations, and a handcrafted feel.

When *Overwatch* was released in 2016, it featured twentyone heroes and twelve maps. The designers had molded its visual style into something unique and true to Blizzard's legacy, and they now had a firm foundation from which to expand.

And expand they would.

The future was bright, and the story of *Overwatch* had just begun.





HEROES

In *Overwatch*, heroes are everything. They are the game's identity, the expressions of its core themes and values. Every character has a unique backstory, visual style, and personality. The fact that no two of them look or act the same is the very essence of *Overwatch*'s design philosophy.

The game team used *Overwatch*'s four main art principles as a road map to ensure that every hero was diverse, symbolized a bright, hopeful future, was visually dynamic in proportions and movements, and felt handcrafted. These guidelines established cohesion among the soldiers, scientists, adventurers, and oddities who live in the *Overwatch* world. They also laid a foundation for many more heroes to come.



Concept art and a detailed backstory existed for Ana before the game team made her into a playable hero. She first appeared in Soldier: 76's origin short as a gifted sniper and an original member of Overwatch. However, the team found it difficult to add her to the game; Widowmaker already filled the sniper role.

A solution came when the developers combined Ana with the abilities of the Alchemist, a prototype character who used potions to harm enemies and heal allies. The result was a thoroughly unique hero: a *support* sniper who also played a key role in defining the world of *Overwatch* and its overarching story.











ANA WITH YOUNG FAREEHA

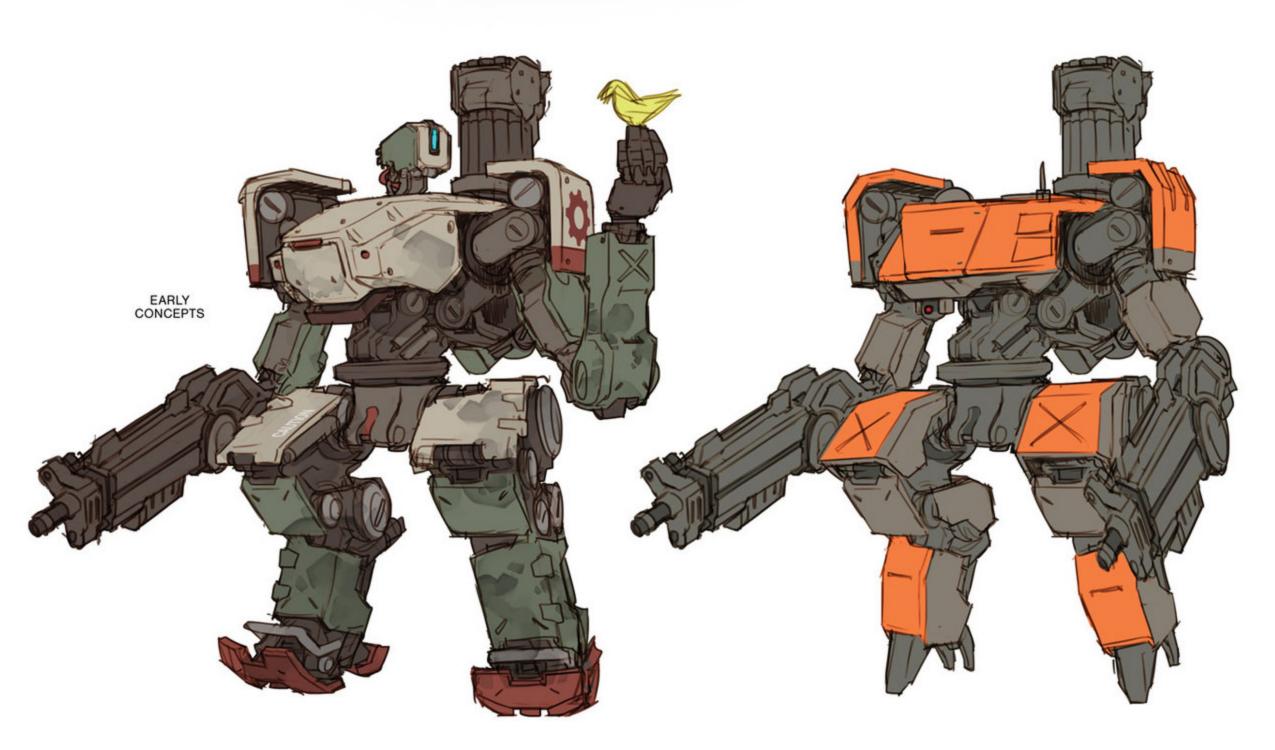
TOP: ${\bf DAVID\ KANG}, {\bf BOTTOM}; {\bf JOHN\ POLIDORA\ AND\ ARNOLD\ TSANG\ }$

HEROES

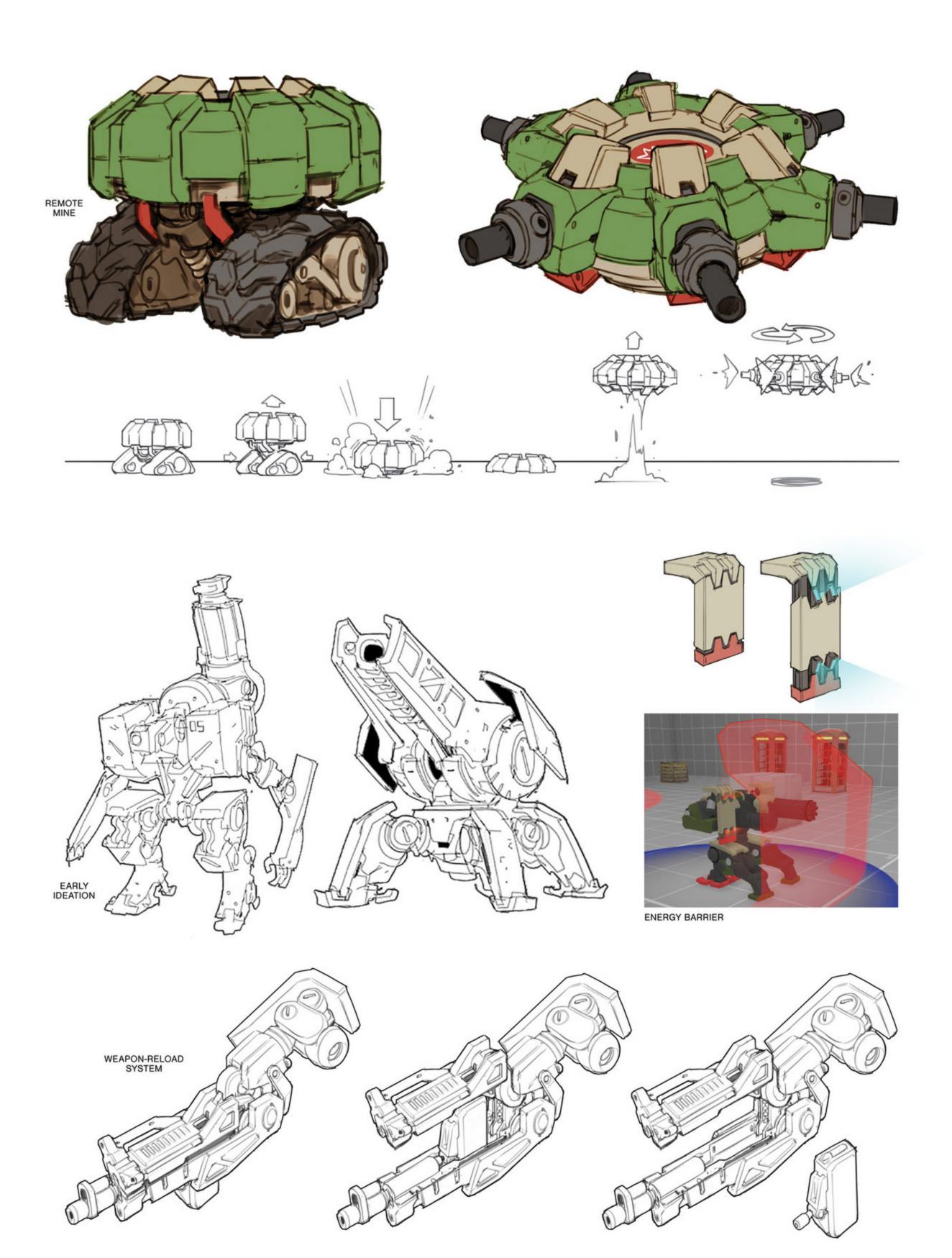
BASTION







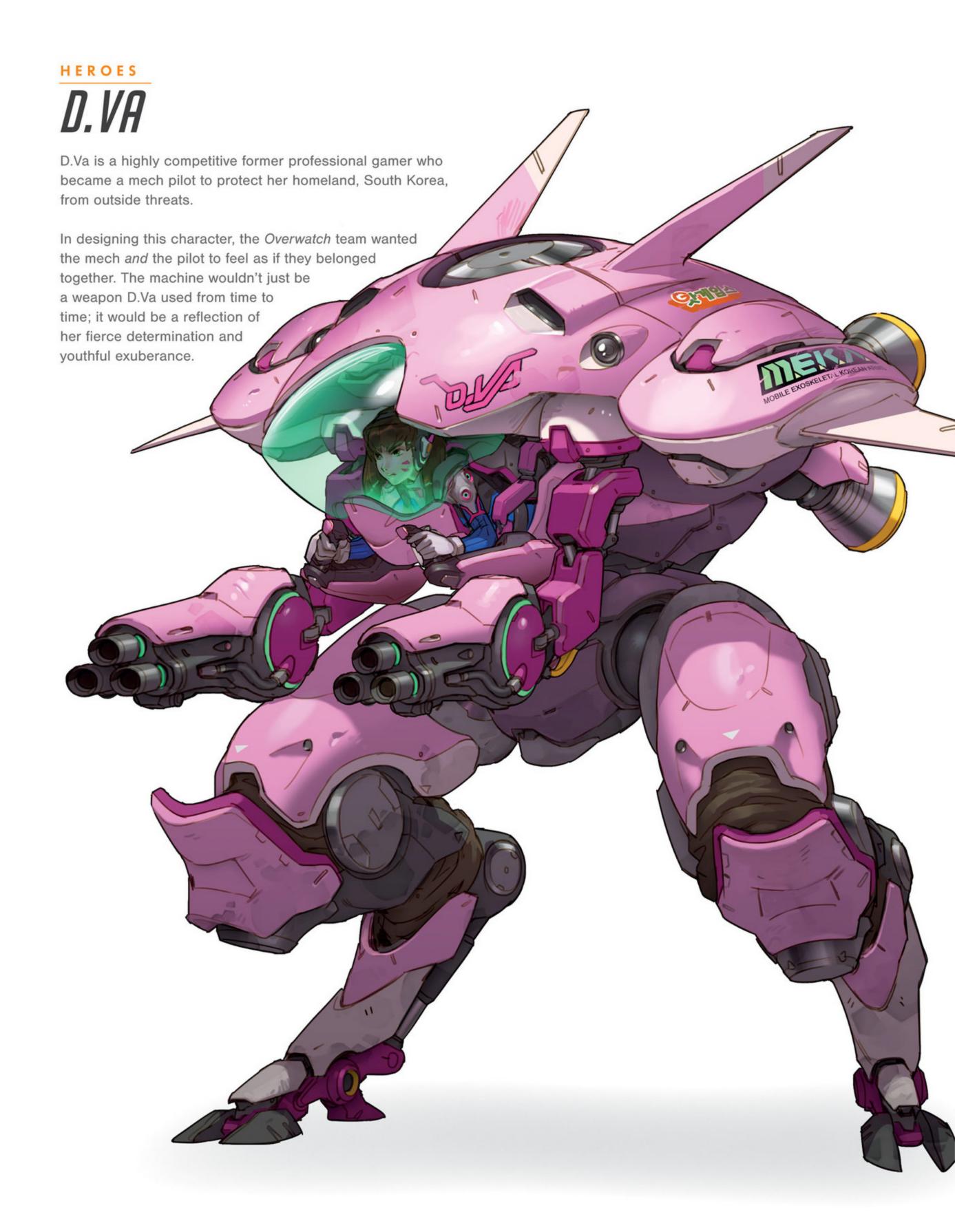


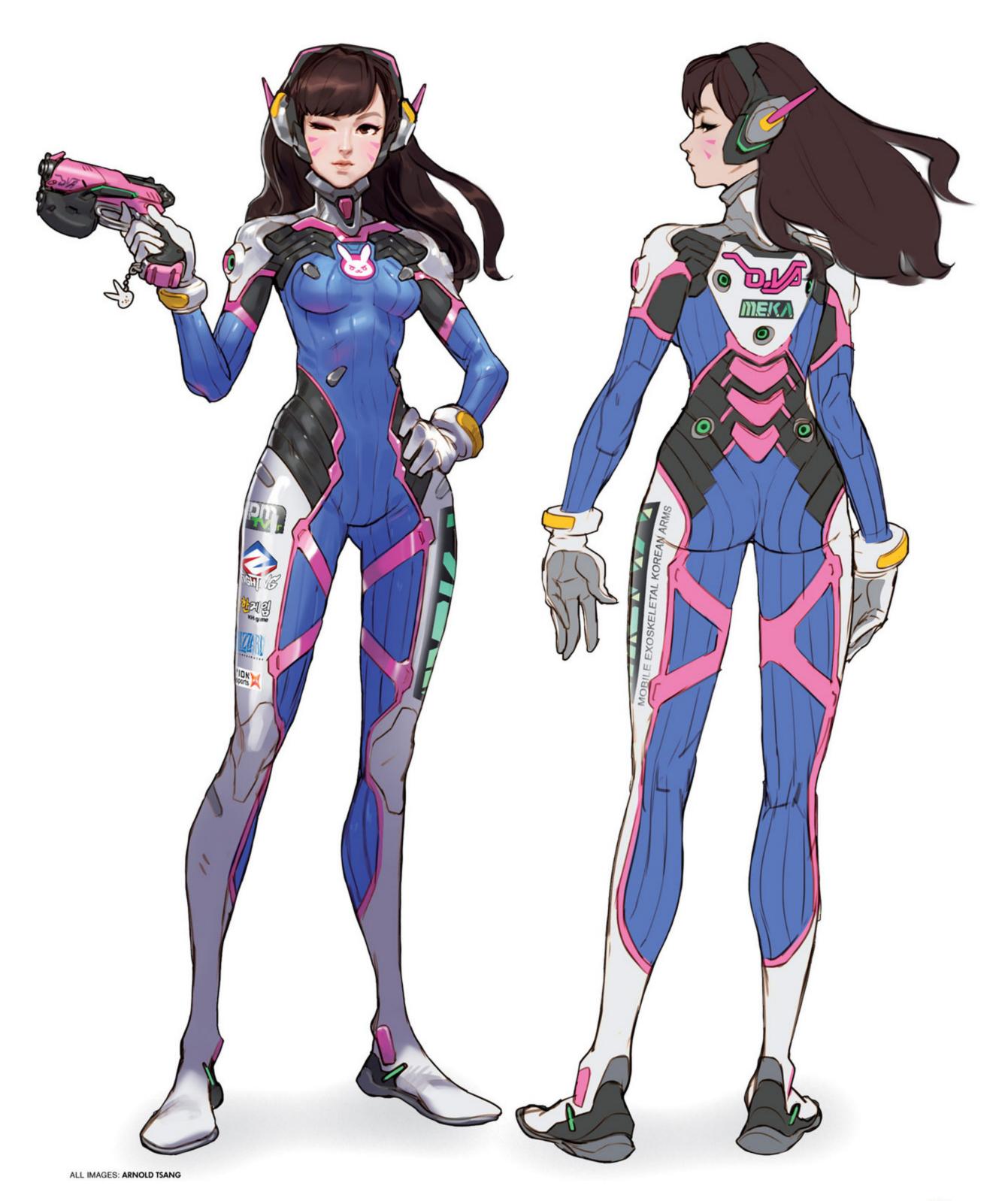


TOP: ARNOLD TSANG, BOTTOM: BEN ZHANG





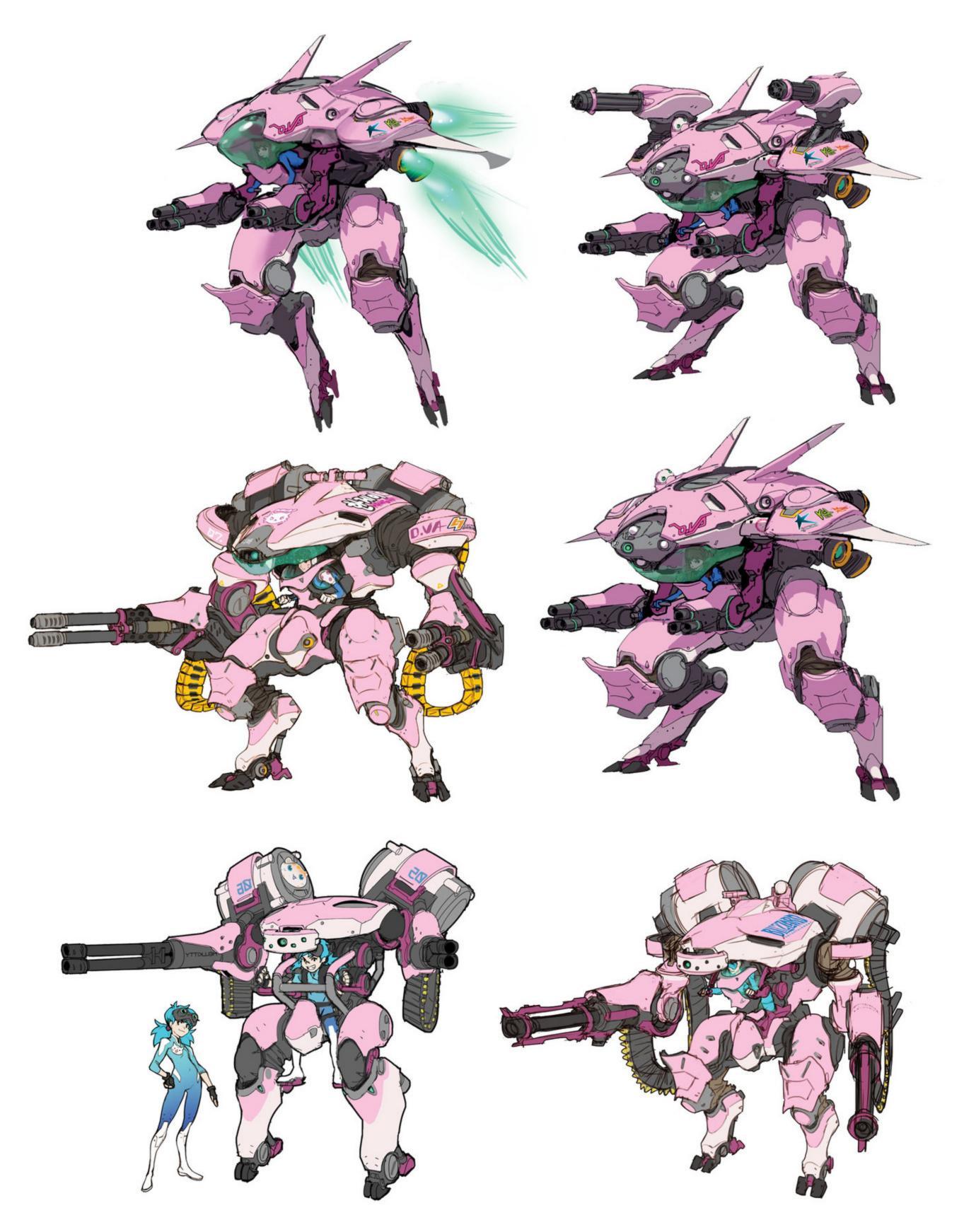


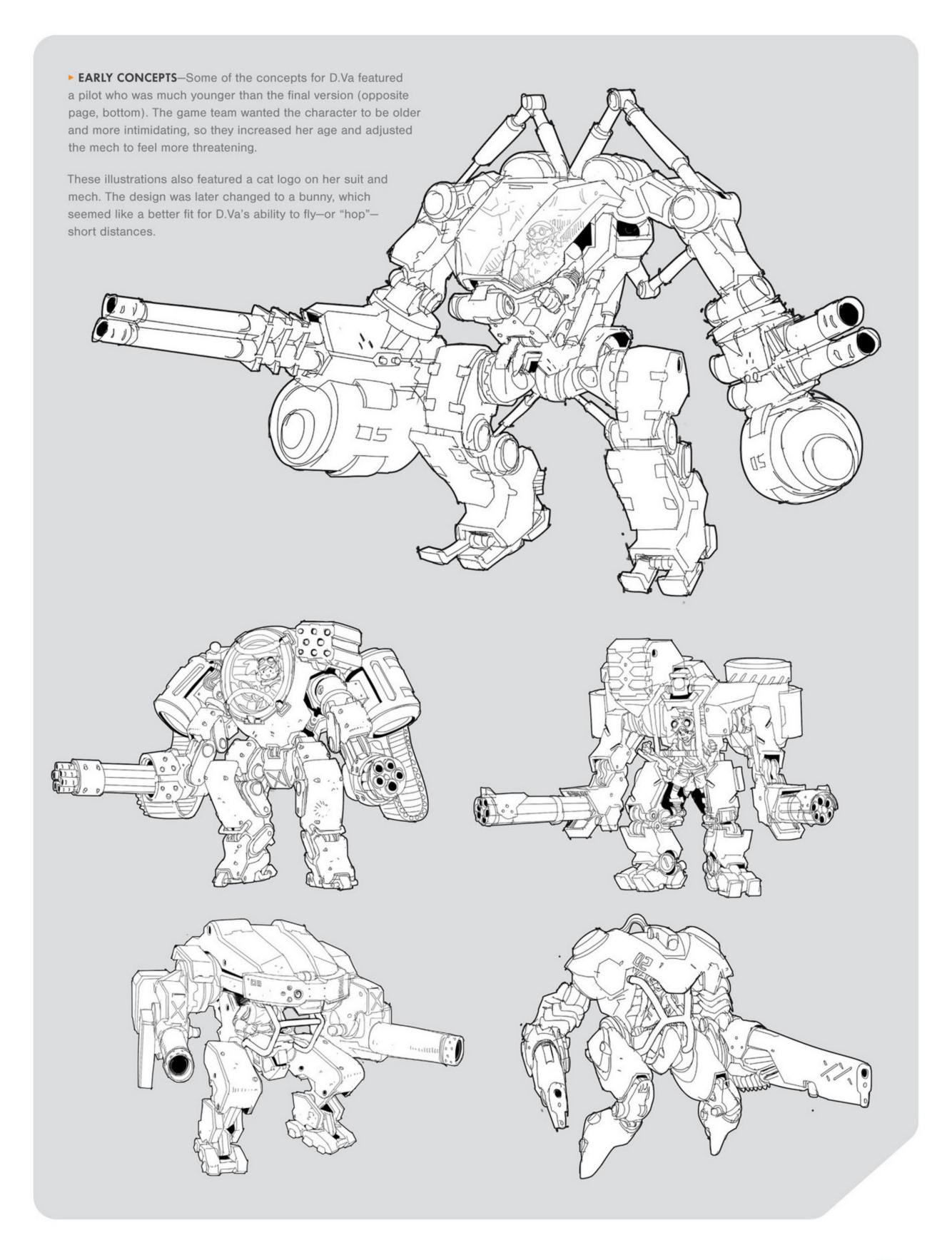










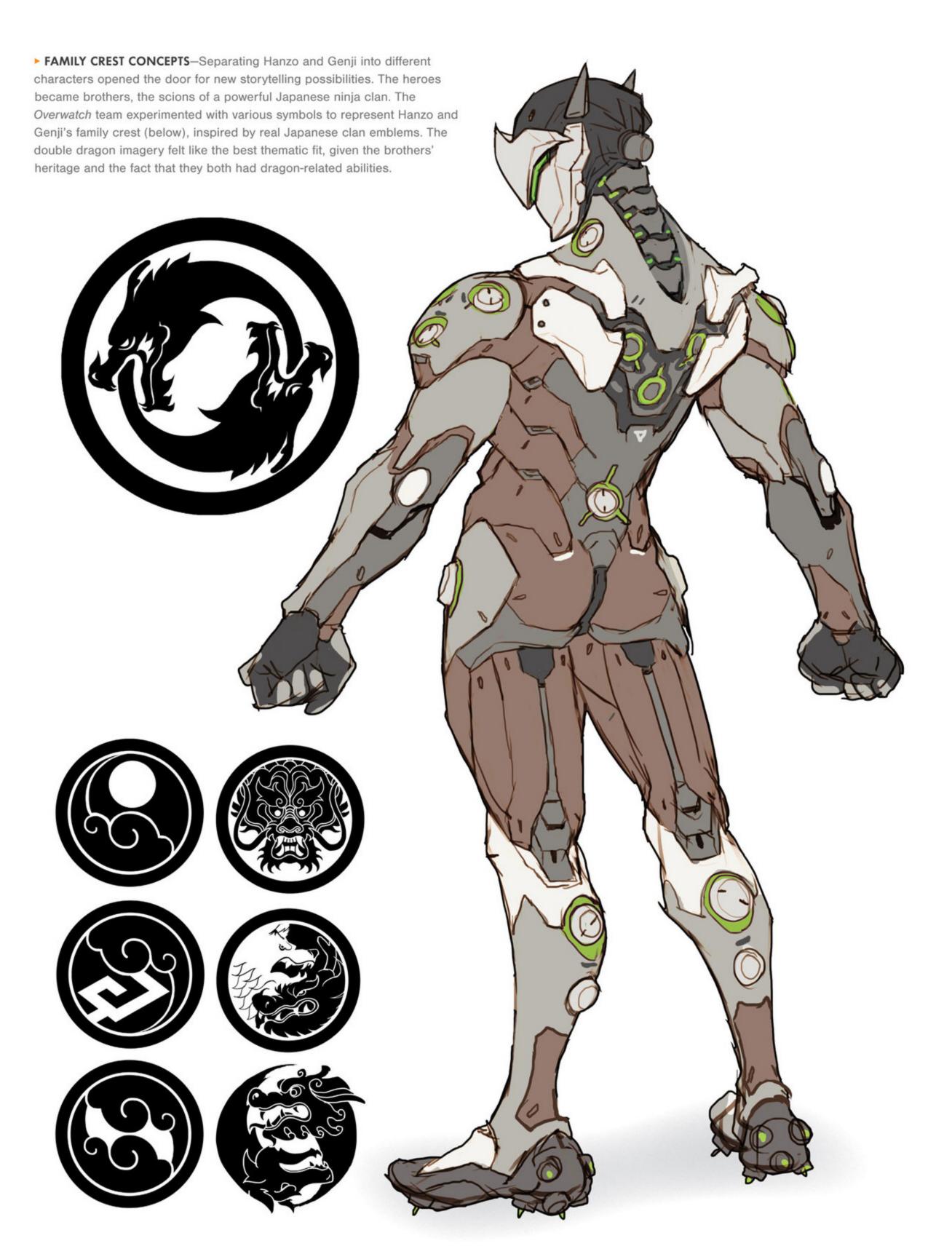




GENJI





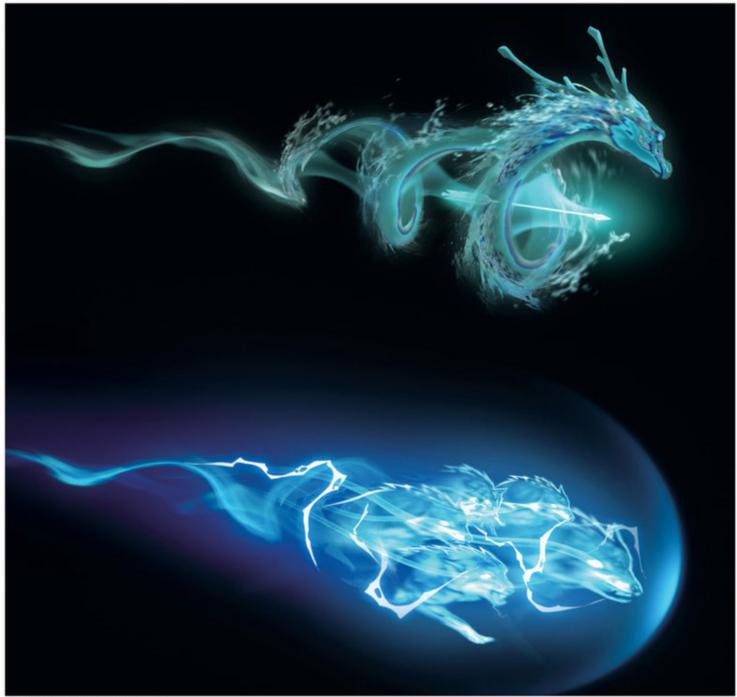




EARLY CONCEPTS



DRAGONSTRIKE



DRAGONSTRIKE IDEATION



LOWER LEFT BEN ZHANG, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG







▶ ULTIMATE ABILITY CONCEPTS—Junkrat's ultimate ability started out as a giant missile, as seen in the early concepts on the next page. The developers felt that this ability was visually confusing during gameplay, and they opted for the explosives-laden RIP-Tire instead.



ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

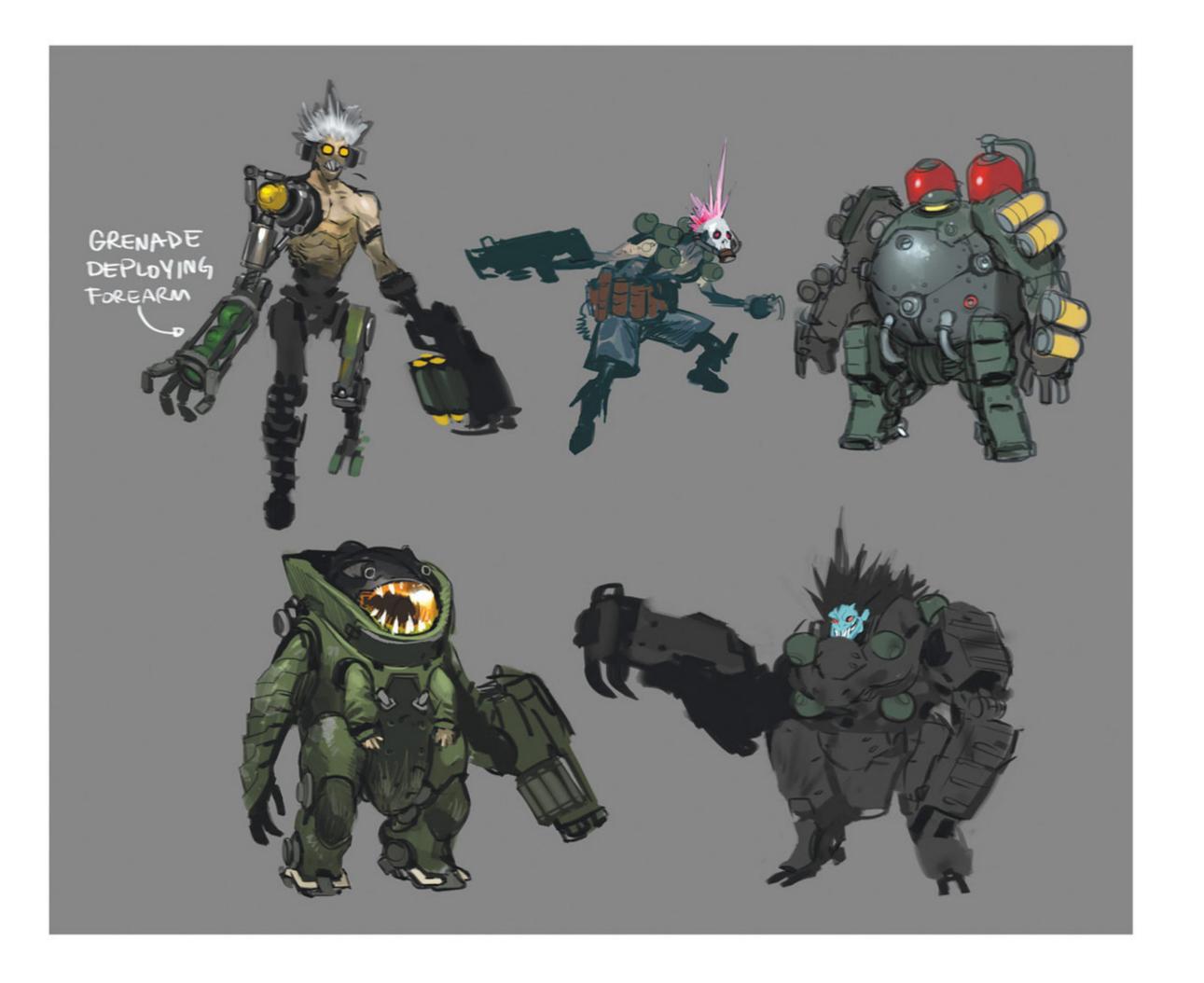




TOP: BEN ZHANG, BOTTOM: ARNOLD TSANG







TOP LEFT: \mathbf{ARNOLD} \mathbf{TSANG} , TOP MIDDLE AND TOP RIGHT: \mathbf{DAVID} \mathbf{KANG} , BOTTOM: \mathbf{ARNOLD} \mathbf{TSANG}



LÚCIO

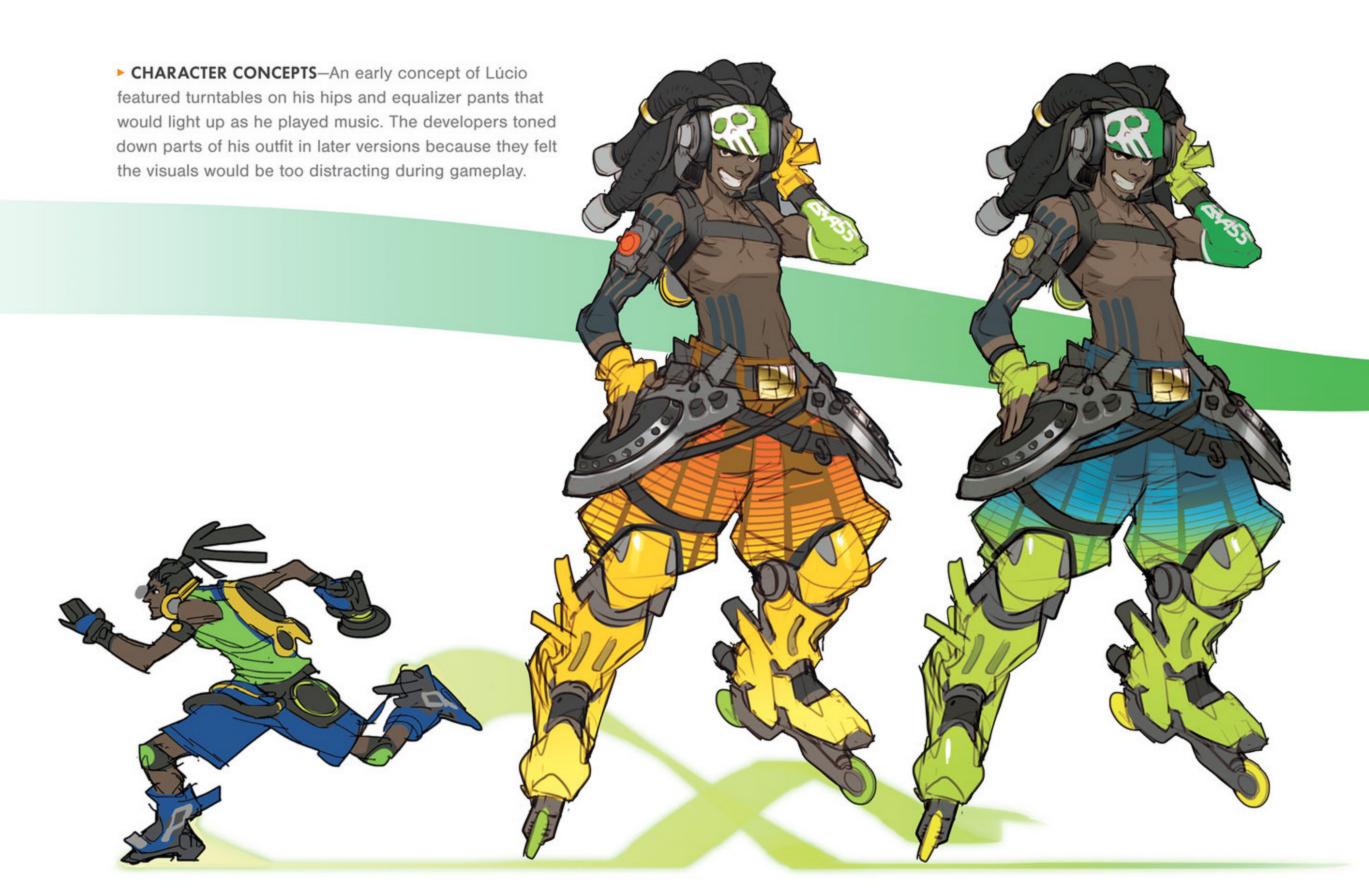
Lúcio is a celebrated artist from the favelas of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, who uses his music to inspire hope in others and fight social injustice.

Creating a music-themed hero—
something akin to a sci-fi version of a
fantasy bard—was an idea that excited
many of the developers. They envisioned
an upbeat and highly mobile character whose
abilities would be based on light and sound.

One of the later concepts of Lúcio (opposite page, far right) captured much of what the developers were looking for. There was only one issue: the hero felt a little too much like a regular civilian. In the final version, tech and armor were added to the character so that he felt more heroic and distinct.



TOP LEFT, TOP MIDDLE RIGHT, AND BOTTOM: ARNOLD TSANG, TOP MIDDLE LEFT AND TOP RIGHT: DAVID KANG





LÚCIO BRINGING HOCKEY TO THE NEIGHBORHOOD KIDS







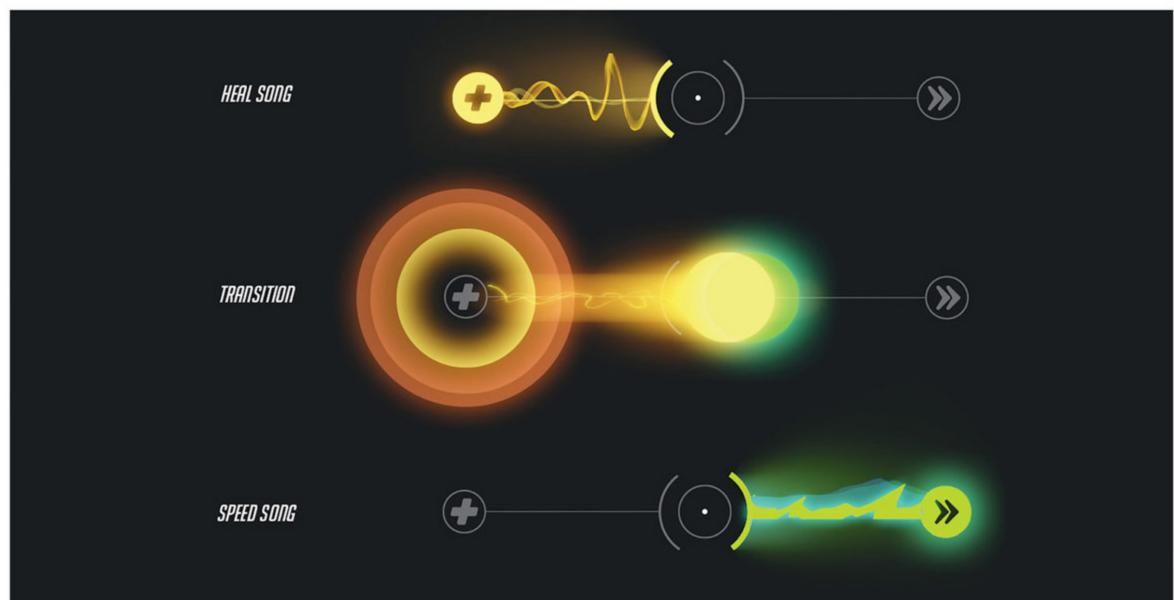








CROSSFADE VISUAL EFFECT CONCEPT



CROSSFADE USER INTERFACE CONCEPT

TOP: BEN ZHANG, MIDDLE: ARNOLD TSANG, BOTTOM: RANDAL DUMORET

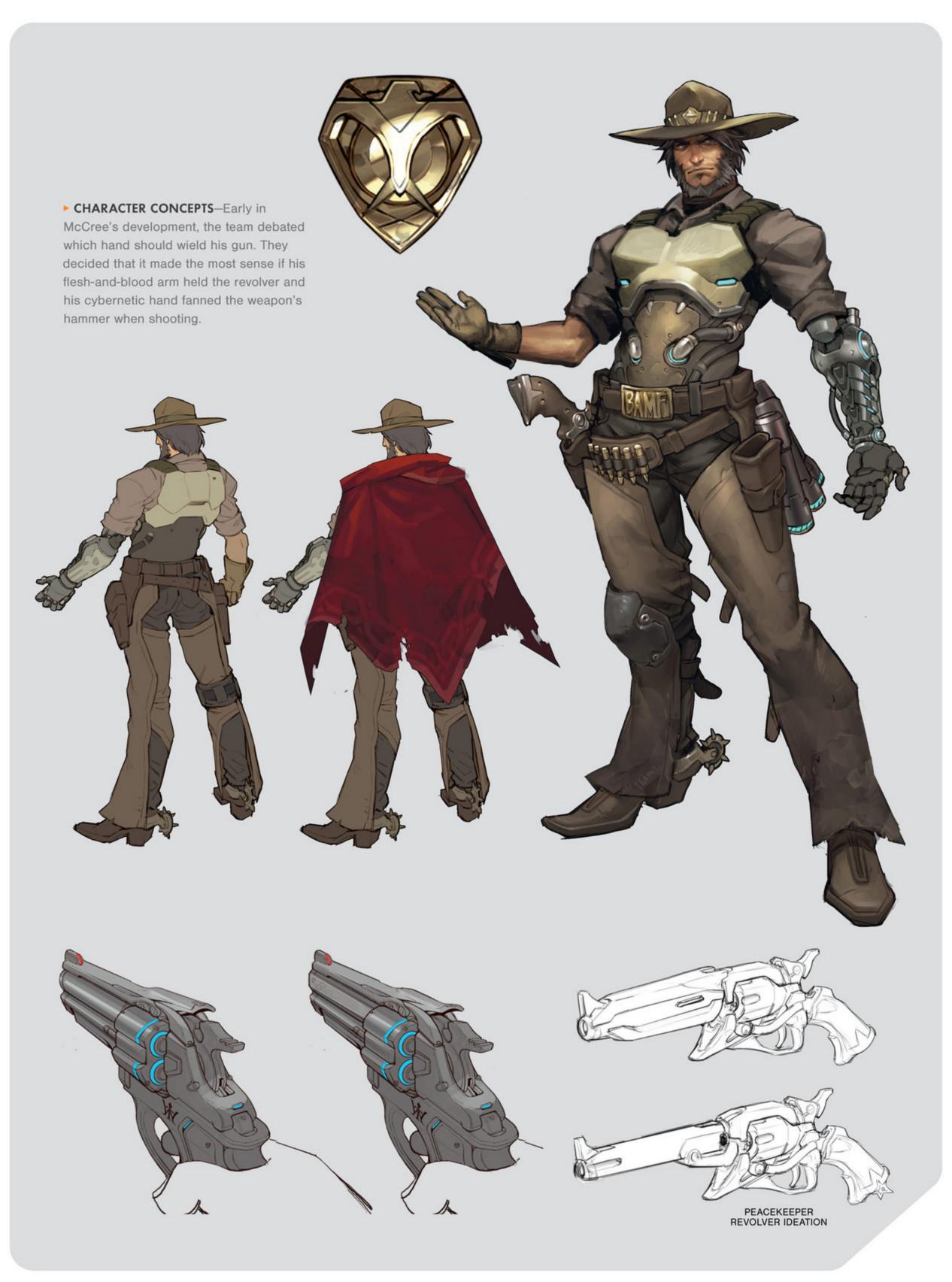












TOP: \mathbf{ARNOLD} $\mathbf{TSANG}, \mathbf{BOTTOM}$ LEFT: \mathbf{DAVID} $\mathbf{KANG}, \mathbf{BOTTOM}$ RIGHT: \mathbf{BEN} \mathbf{ZHANG}



► EARLY IDEATION—The original artwork of McCree (opposite page) was based on an old StarCraft illustration by Chris Metzen (below). The game team was so excited about this first McCree concept that a 3-D model of the character was created (bottom).

The developers made only minor changes between the hero's original concept and







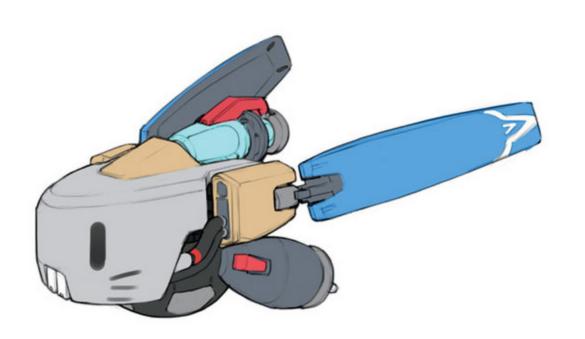
TOP LEFT: CHRIS METZEN, TOP RIGHT: ARNOLD TSANG, BOTTOM: RENAUD GALAND

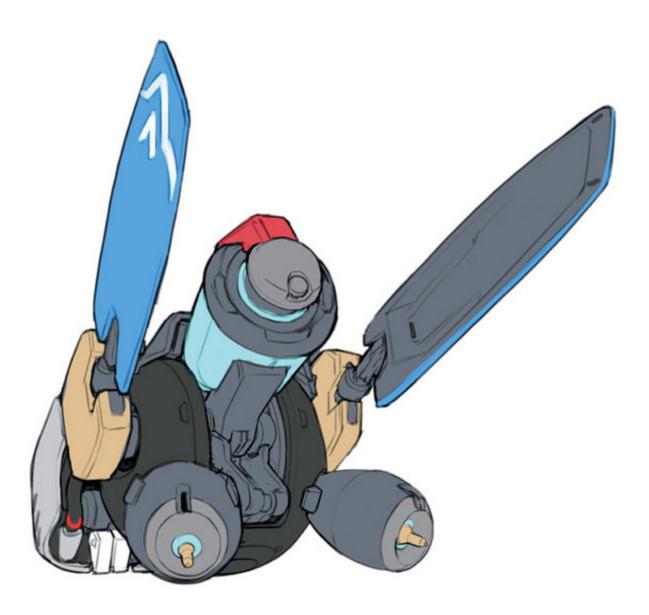




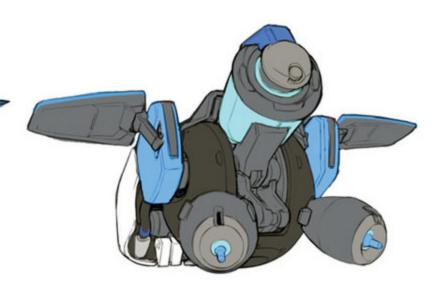
TOP RIGHT: BEN ZHANG, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

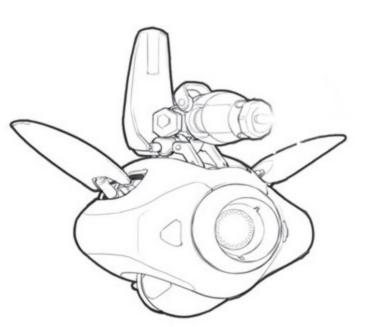
▶ SNOWBALL CONCEPTS—The *Overwatch* team created Snowball as a way for Mei to use her ultimate ability, Blizzard, and as a fun sidekick that the hero could interact with. The only concern was that the drone might draw too much attention away from Mei herself. To avoid this, the designers experimented with different concepts until they found the right feel for Snowball—something endearing but not overly expressive.



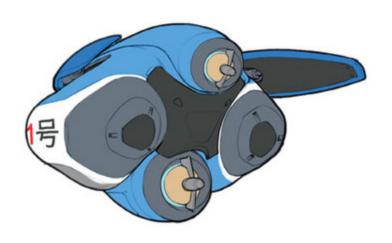


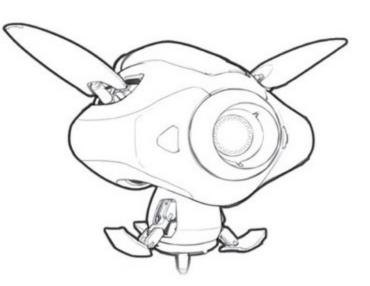


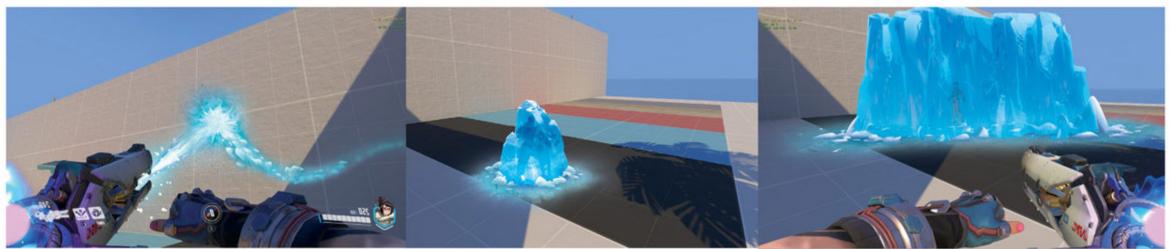




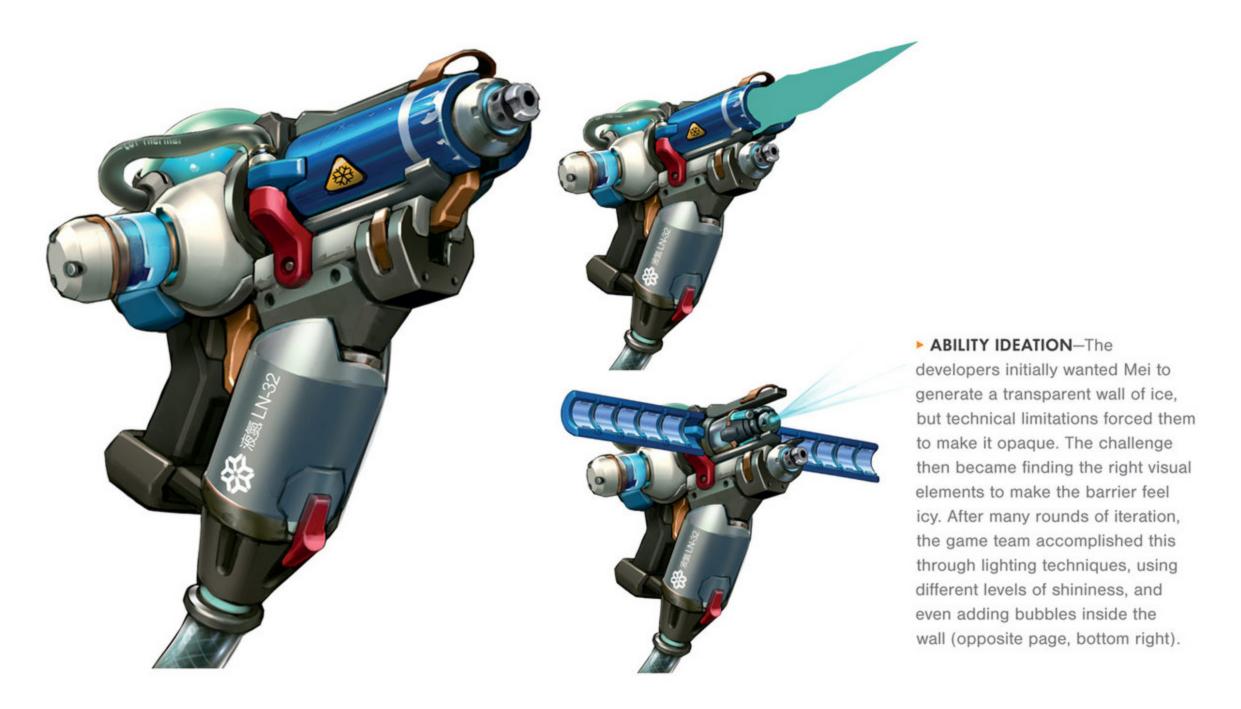








VISUAL EFFECTS CONCEPTS

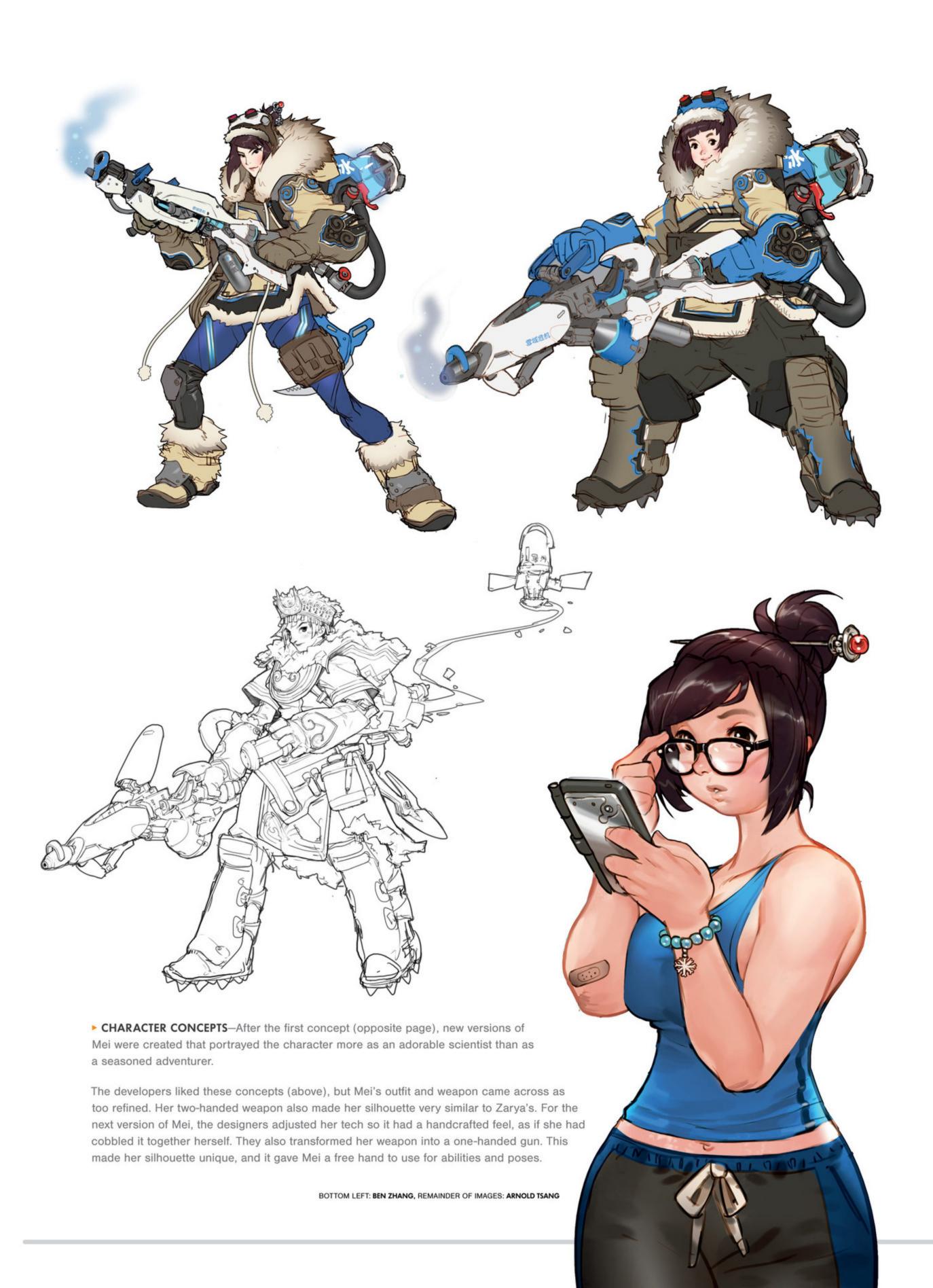






BLIZZARD VISUAL EFFECTS CONCEPTS

ALL IMAGES: BEN ZHANG

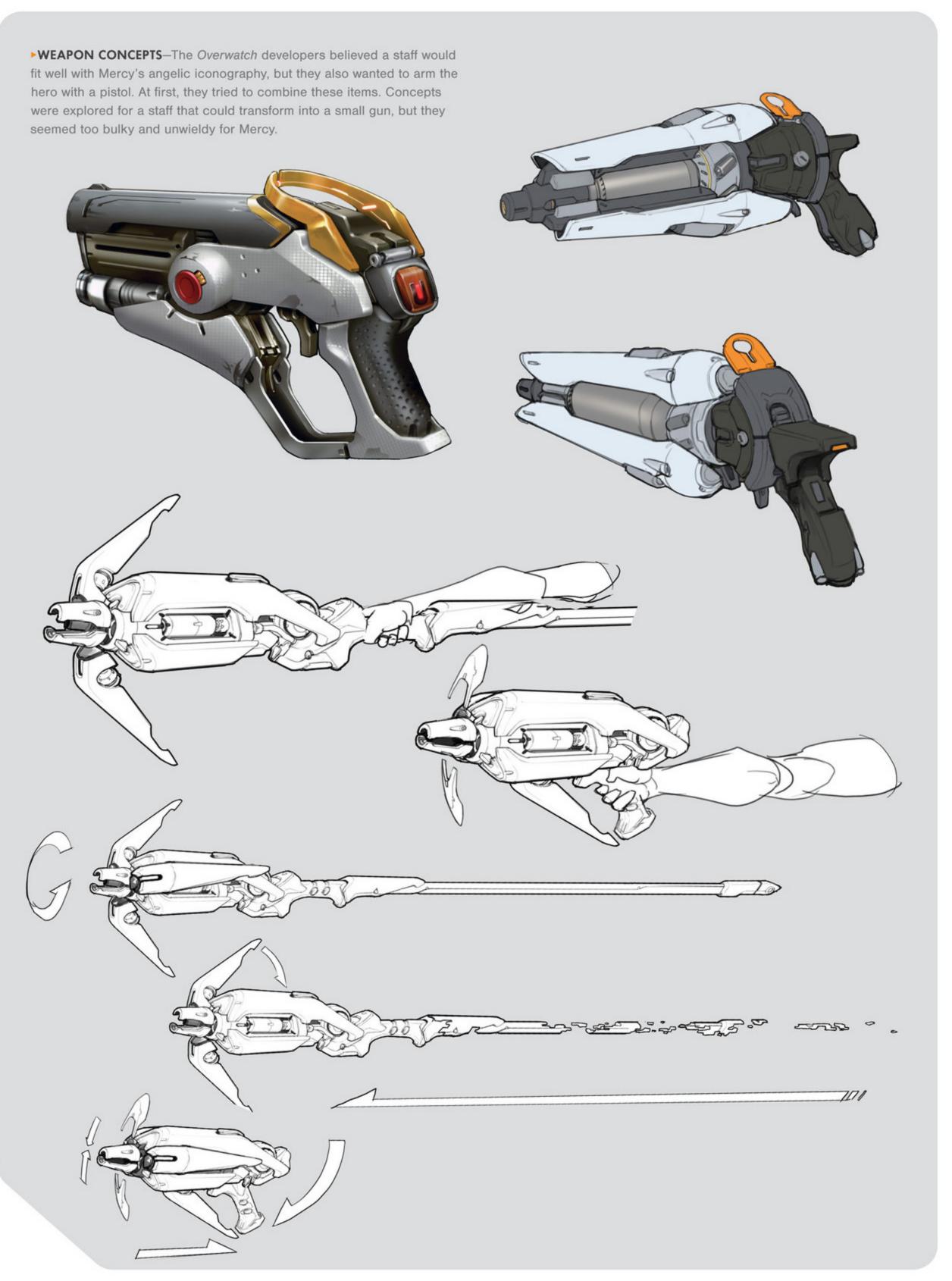


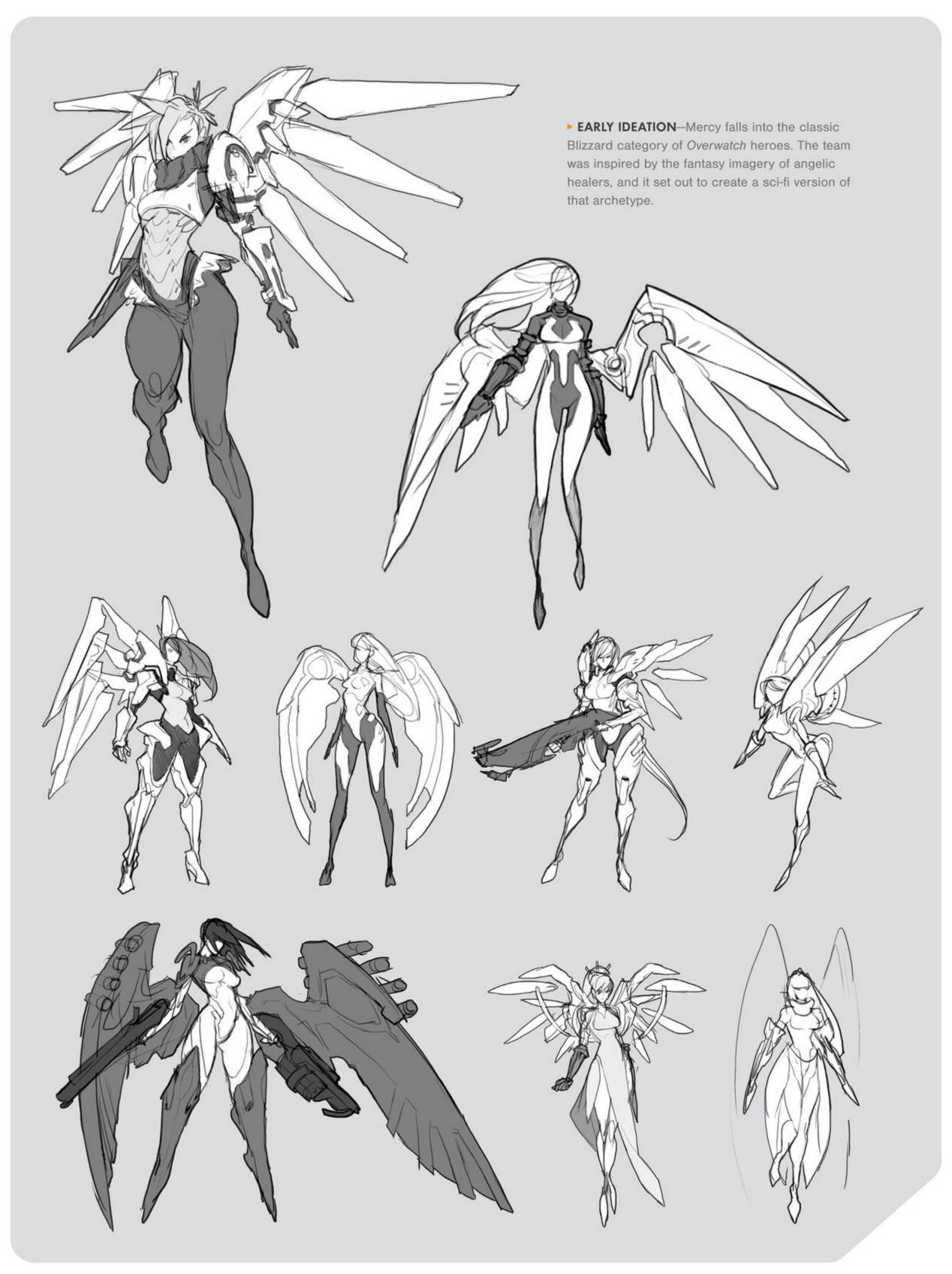






TOP: LAUREL AUSTIN, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG





ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

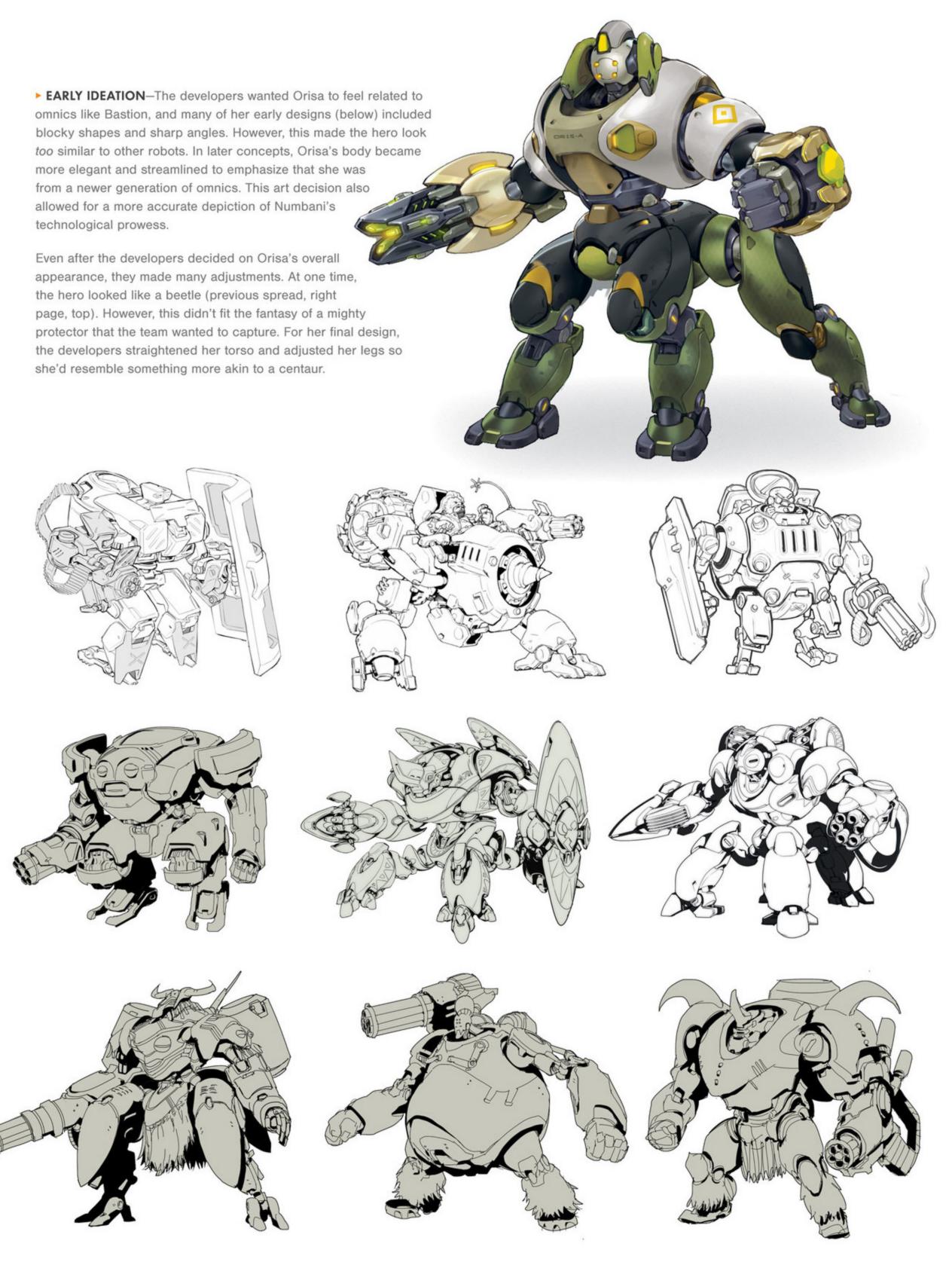
HEROES

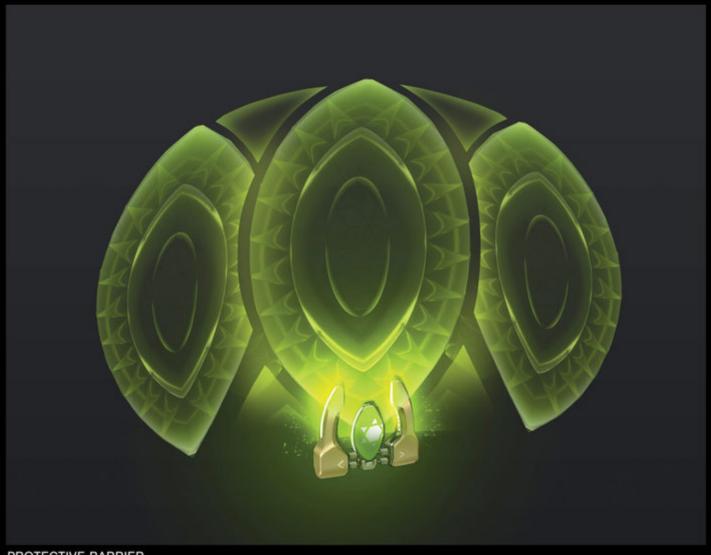
ORISA





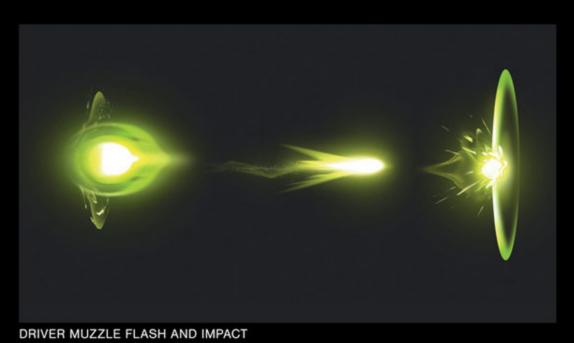
TOP LEFT: ARNOLD TSANG, TOP RIGHT AND BOTTOM: BEN ZHANG







PROTECTIVE BARRIER





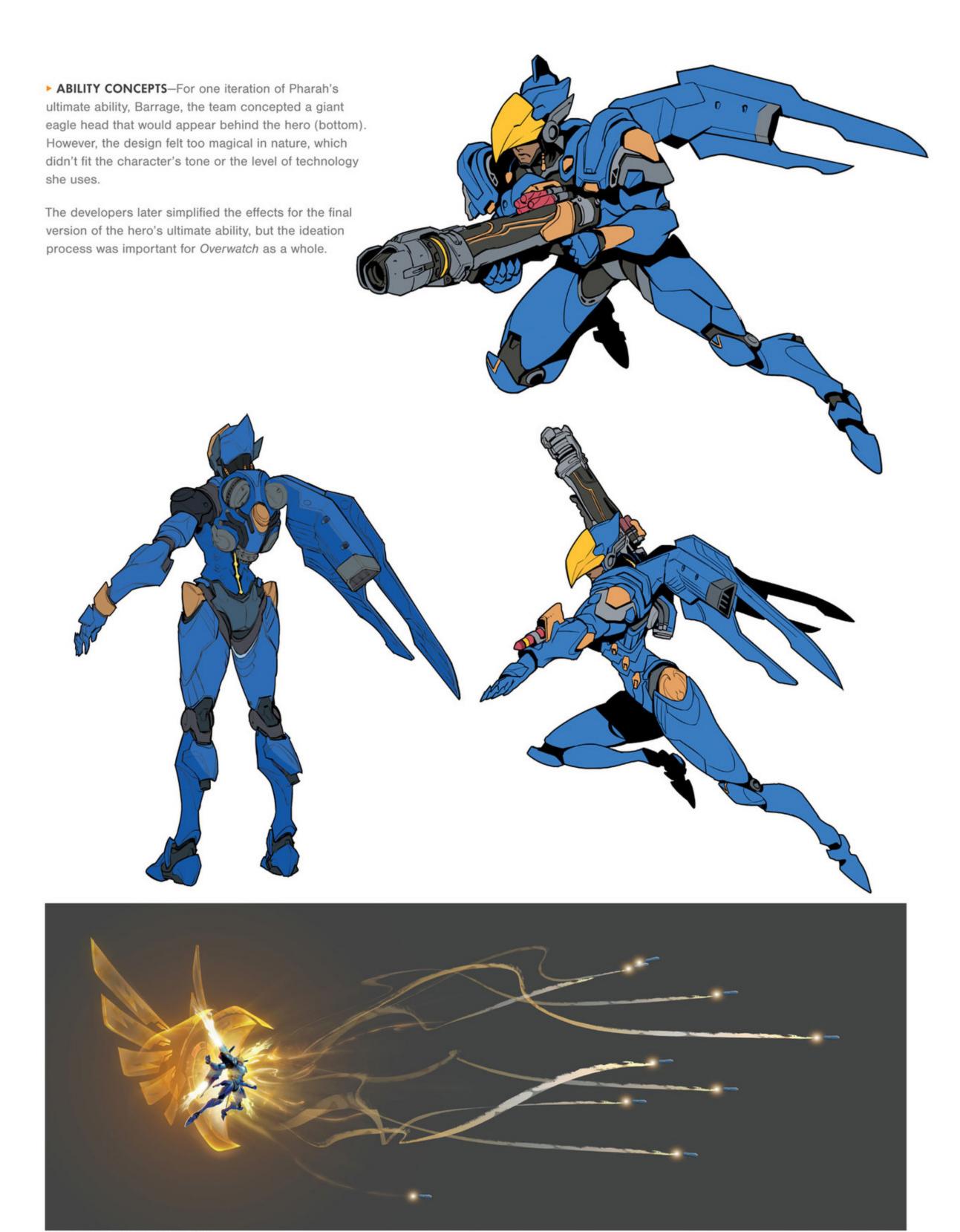


FUSION DRIVER



ALL IMAGES: BEN ZHANG

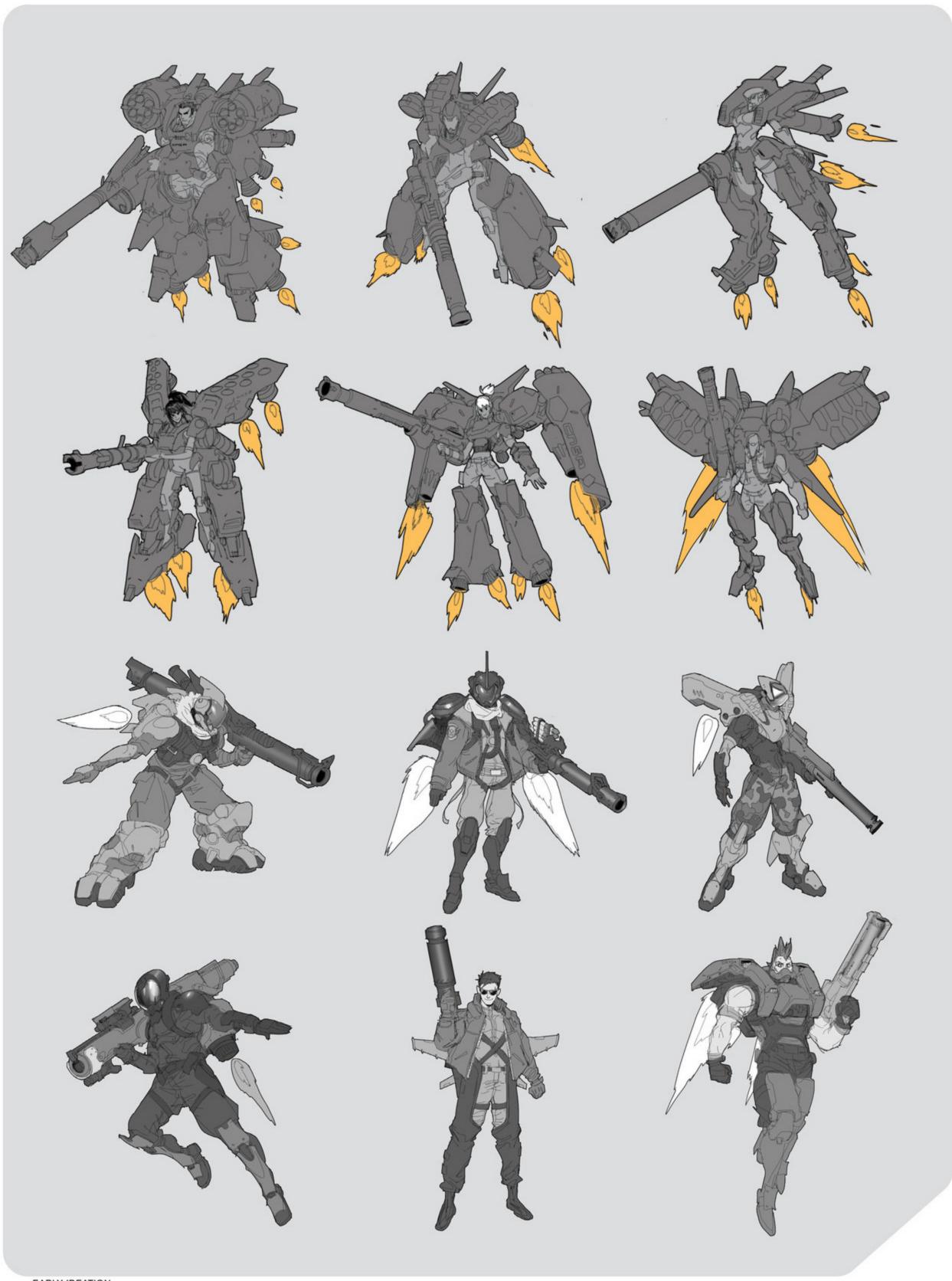




BARRAGE VISUAL EFFECT CONCEPT

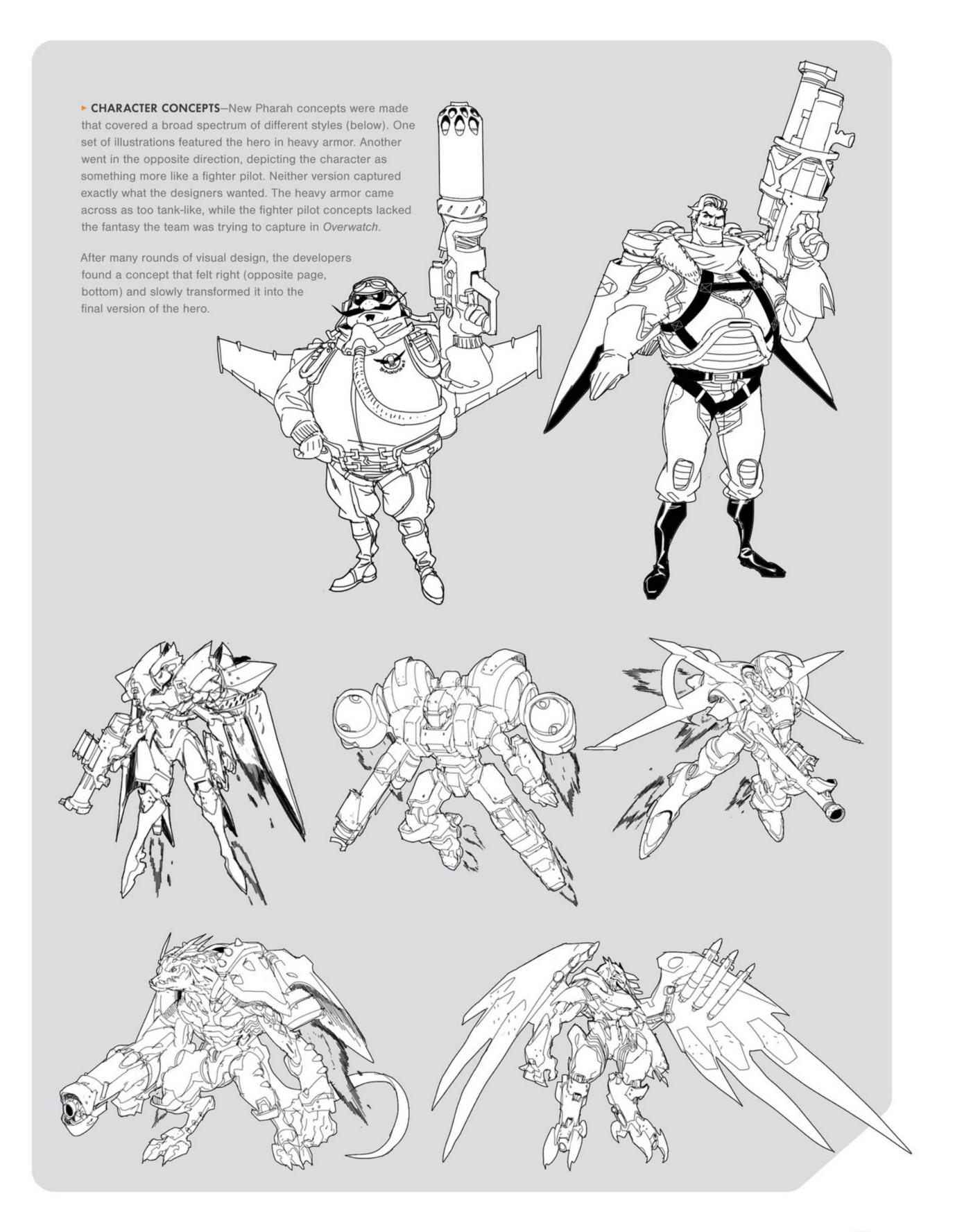
BOTTOM: BEN ZHANG, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG





EARLY IDEATION







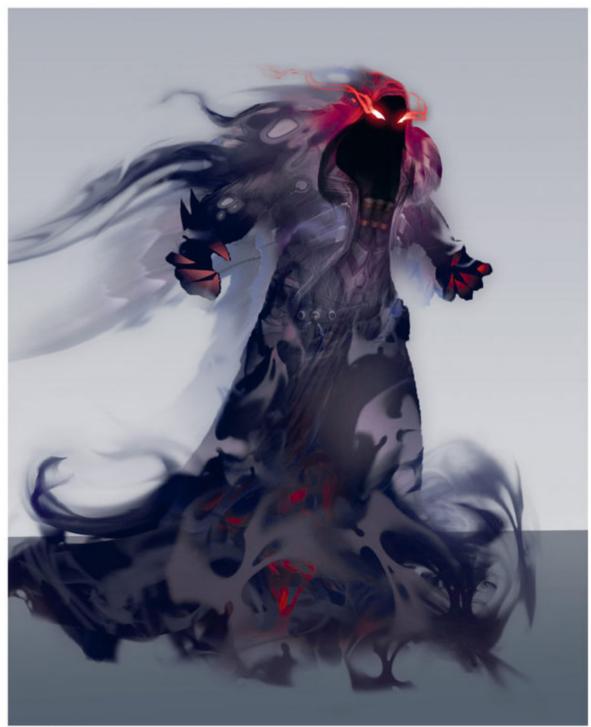




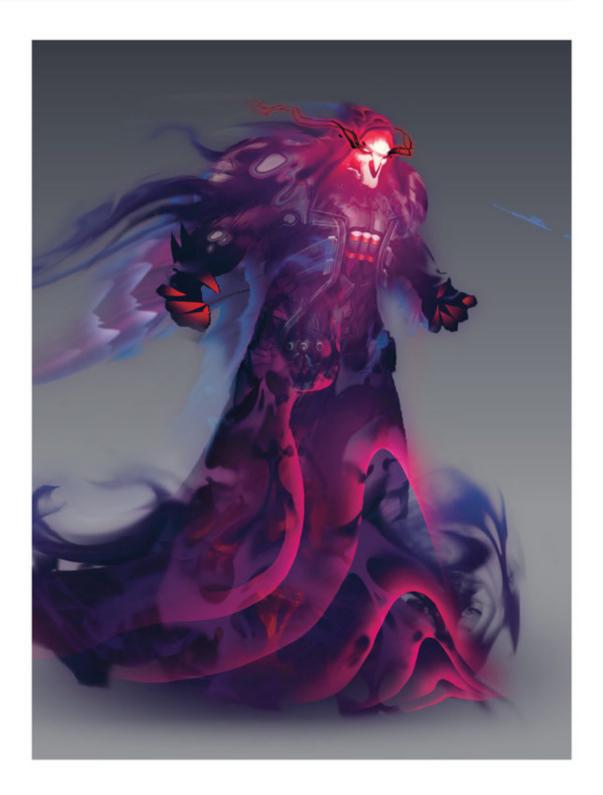
ABILITY CONCEPTS—Before the developers created Reaper's Shadow Step ability, they experimented with other skills for sneaking up on enemies. One of these early ideas was a smoke bomb that the hero could use to distract and disorientate opponents (opposite page, middle). The ability's concept art drew on the color schemes and design elements of Reaper's outfit, weapons, and other skills.

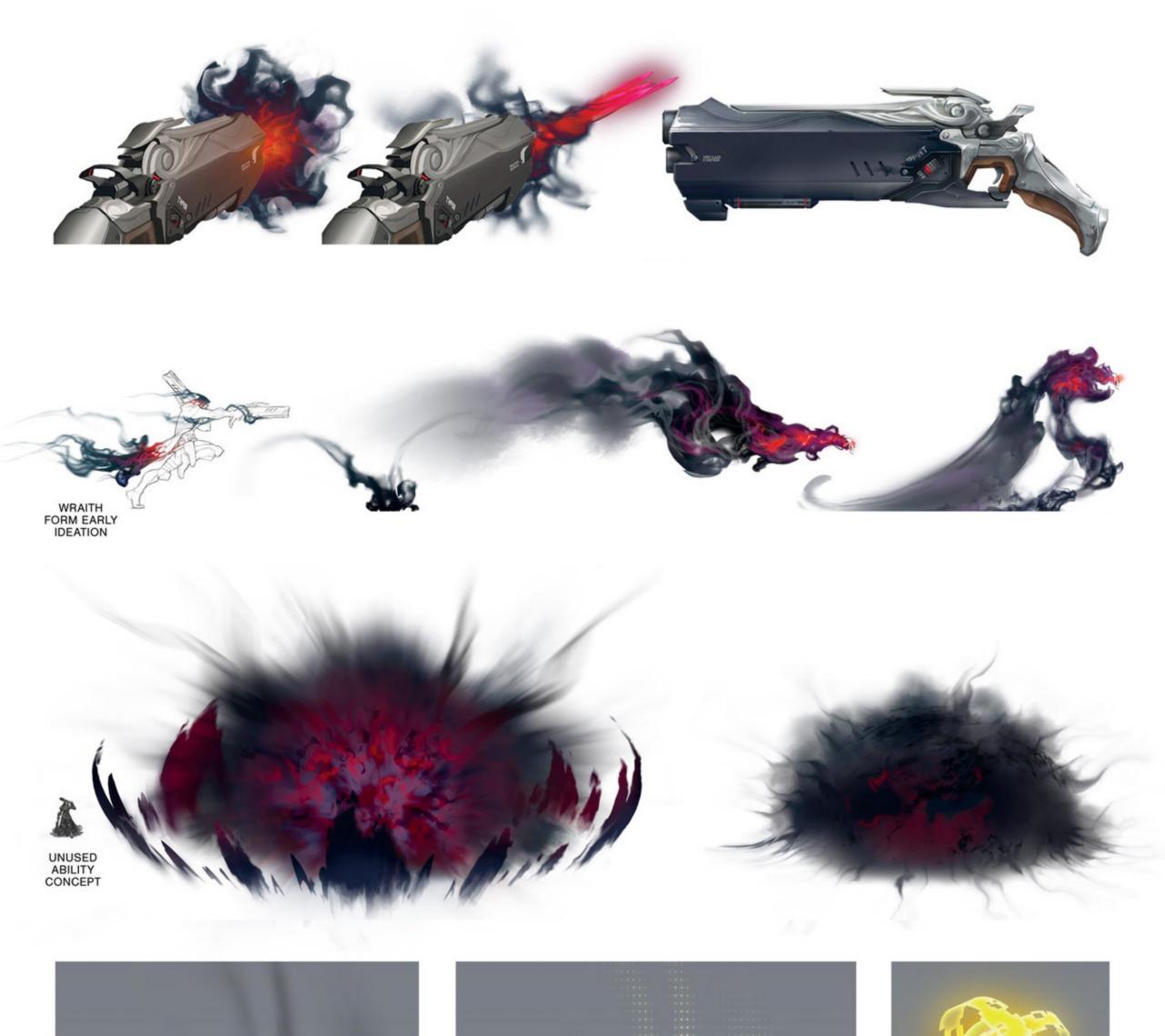


DEATH BLOSSOM



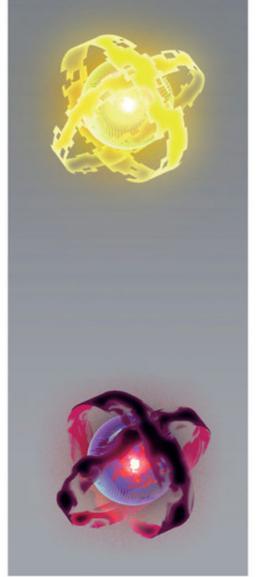










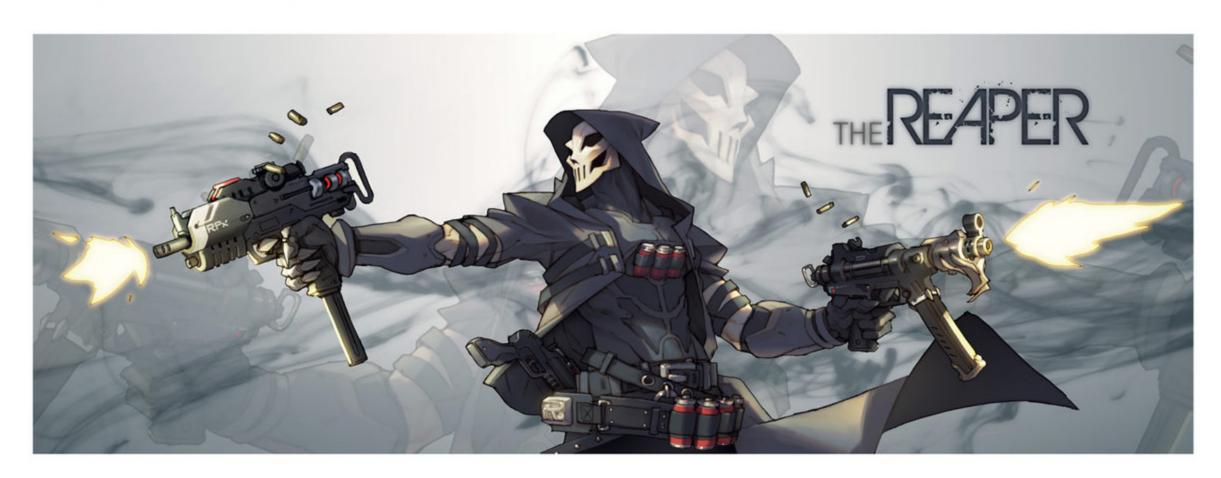


THE REAPING SOUL GLOBE

RESURRECT SOUL GLOBE

► ABILITY CONCEPTS —The game team toyed with Reaper having a grenade launcher, but they later abandoned the idea. However, hints of that early concept work stuck around. In his final iteration, Reaper wears bandoliers of grenade shells, and the *Overwatch* announcement trailer features the hero using the weapons to attack Winston and Tracer.

There was also a time when Reaper wielded two submachine guns (below), but the game team wanted him to use weapons that would feel heavier and more threatening. Shotguns were the perfect replacement.







REINHARDT

Reinhardt was the first tank added to *Overwatch*. The developers always knew they wanted a physically imposing hero in a mech suit, but exactly *how* he would look was an open question.





 ${\tt BOTTOM:} \ \textbf{BEN ZHANG}, \ {\tt REMAINDER} \ {\tt OF IMAGES:} \ \textbf{ARNOLD TSANG}$



EARLY IDEATION



ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

ROADHOG

Art for the ruthless Junker named Roadhog was created very early in development. However, the hero's appearance wasn't finalized until the emergence of another character: Junkrat.





ALL IMAGES: BEN ZHANG









TAKE A BREATHER

ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

SOLDIER: 76

Soldier: 76's origin was different from that of any other *Overwatch* hero. The designers were determined to create a character who would fill two important roles. They wanted someone who would function like a classic soldier—someone players of other first-person shooters would find familiar. The developers also saw this new hero as an opportunity to flesh out *Overwatch*'s backstory.

Chris Metzen, Blizzard's senior vice president of Story and Franchise Development and one of *Overwatch*'s visionaries, had a solution. He'd previously developed a character named Soldier: 76 who seemed like the perfect fit for the team's gameplay and story needs. The designers embraced this hero and developed him into an integral part of *Overwatch*.

Soldier: 76's backstory was one of tragedy. In his former life as Jack Morrison, he served as Overwatch's noble leader. After the organization fell from grace, he became the masked vigilante known as Soldier: 76. His history became the linchpin of *Overwatch*'s entire story, and including him in the game was an important step to broadening the world and bringing it to life.





TOP: DAVID KANG, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG



ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

► CHARACTER CONCEPTS—Years before *Overwatch*'s development began, Chris Metzen created story and art for Soldier: 76. The game's designers used these concepts to push the hero forward. One of the biggest changes they made was outfitting the character with weapons, devices, and armor that felt more appropriate for the level of technology seen in *Overwatch*.

The next wave of concepts (opposite page) showed his face. This approach was later changed to fit the character's personality. Because Soldier: 76 was a mysterious vigilante, it was important that he hid his identity. The team added a mask to his design, which became an iconic part of Soldier: 76's outfit and a key component of his ultimate ability, Tactical Visor.









ALL IMAGES: CHRIS METZEN

SOMBRA

Sombra went through a drastic evolution from first concept to in-game hero. She was originally called Omniblade (opposite page, bottom left), a Japanese woman with a love of street fashion and throwing daggers. Each of her blades produced a different effect, such as revealing the location of enemies on other parts of the map.

As *Overwatch*'s development moved forward, the game team transferred some of these abilities to the heroes Hanzo and Genji. Omniblade was set aside, but she wasn't forgotten.

The developers revisited her concept art and molded the character into something different: a stealthy and notorious Mexican hacker named Sombra. Instead of wielding daggers, she would manipulate objects and even other characters through her high-tech abilities.





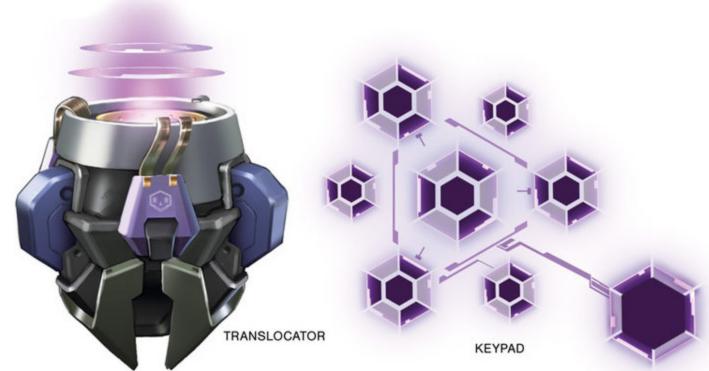
 ${\tt BOTTOM:} \textbf{ ARNOLD TSANG}, {\tt REMAINDER} \ {\tt OF} \ {\tt IMAGES:} \ \textbf{BEN ZHANG}$



► CHARACTER CONCEPTS—Sombra's Mexican origin arose in her second concept (previous page, bottom, middle), which was inspired by traditional Aztec designs. The illustration excited the game team, but the hero still felt too much like the original art.

For the third concept, Sombra's look underwent a major shift (previous page, bottom, right). Energy tendrils were added to her hands to indicate her new hacking abilities, and her entire wardrobe was changed to something befitting a stealthy character.

The only issue was that her clothing resembled Ana's. Sombra's hood was then removed and her coat was shortened to help her stand out as a unique hero.



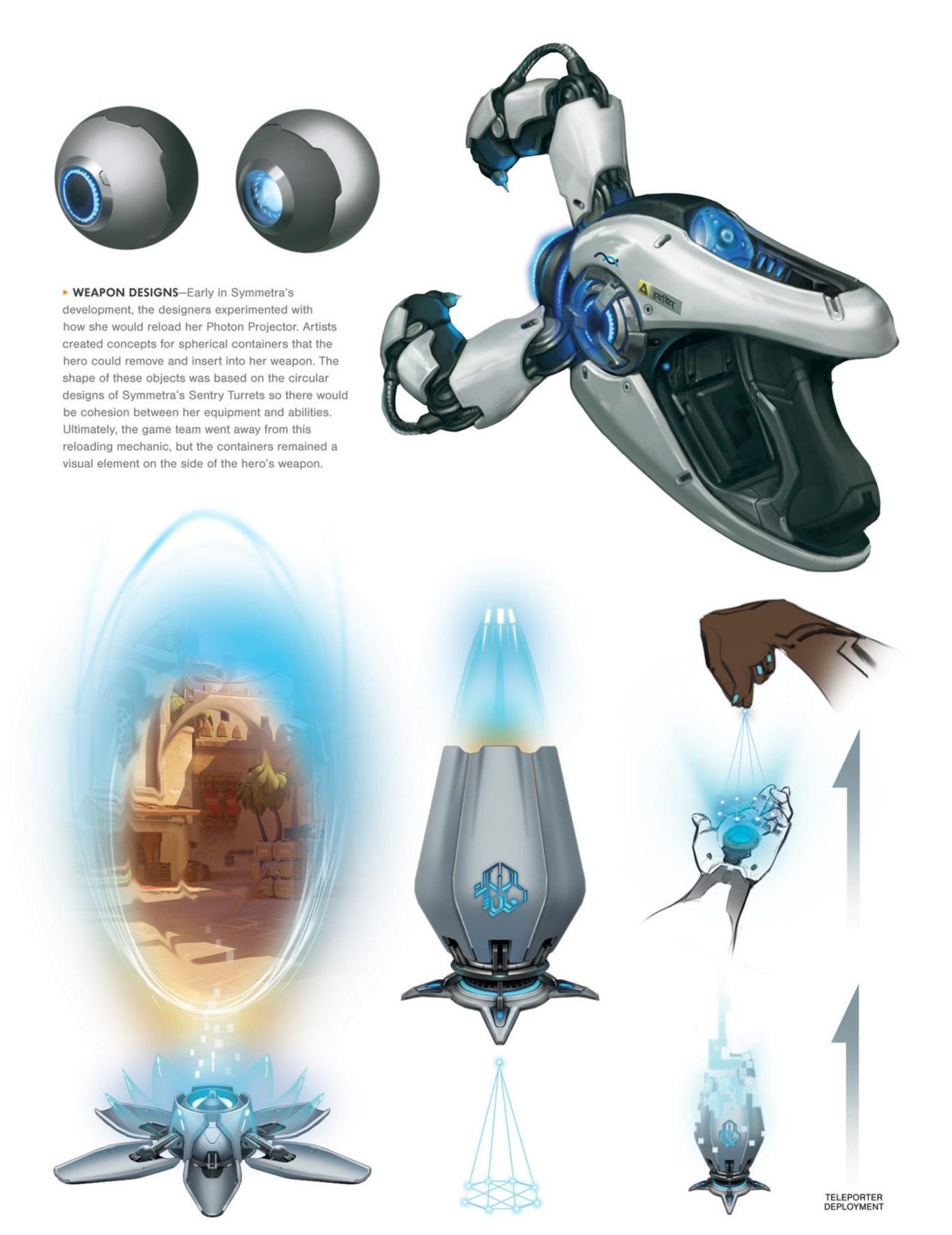


SYMMETRA

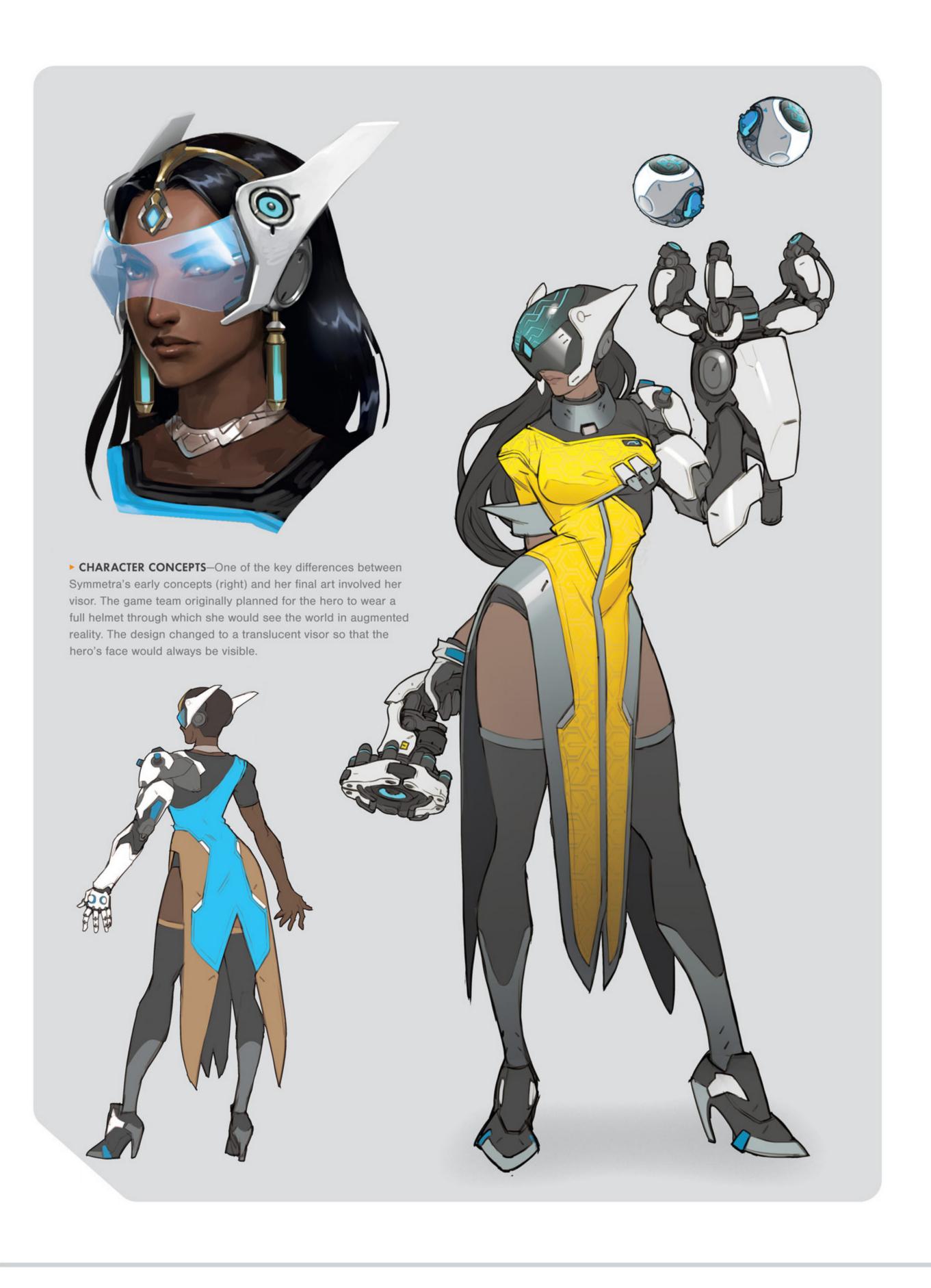
During development, the game team set out to incorporate a classic fantasy wizard into Overwatch's sci-fi setting. Their efforts resulted in the Technomancer, a character who could summon objects out of thin air using technology in much the same way that a mage creates items using magic. Early concepts of this idea were created (next spread, right page, bottom) and refined before the developers arrived at the gifted architech named Symmetra.

Elements of her final visual design still reflect the original idea of bringing a wizard into the world of Overwatch, such as her robe-like outfit and her ability to bend reality by manipulating hard-light technology.



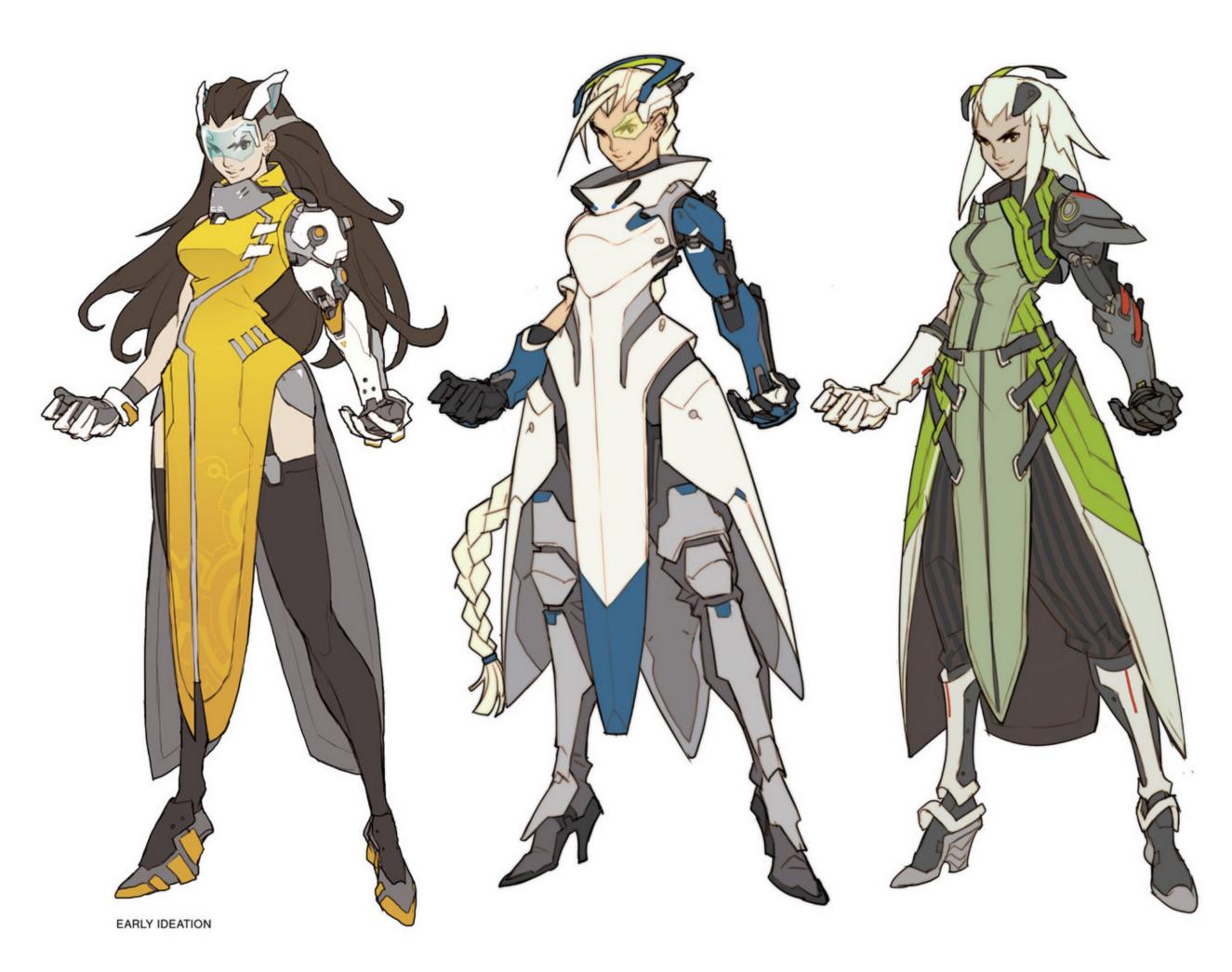








PHOTON PROJECTOR ALTERNATE FIRE



TOP: BEN ZHANG, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

TORBJÖRN

Creating the brilliant inventor and engineer Torbjörn was another chance for the *Overwatch* team to experiment with the game's art style. How stylized could they make the character while still having him fit in the game? This was among the questions the team asked as they carved out a special place for Torbjörn in the *Overwatch* world.





ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

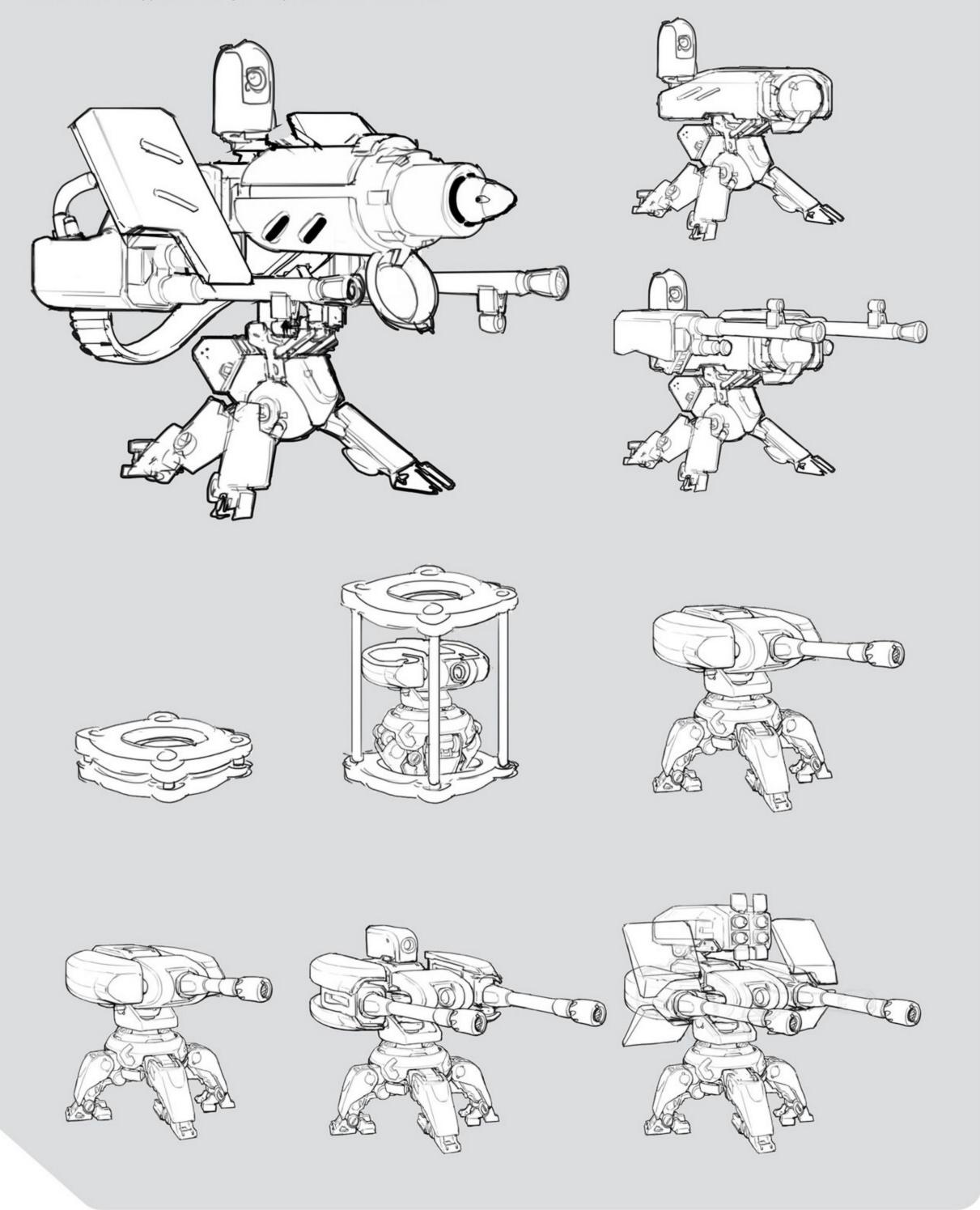






EARLY ABILITY IDEATION

ABILITY CONCEPTS—One of Torbjörn's early abilities was a trap (opposite page, bottom right) that could fire a chain that hooked onto enemy players and kept them within a certain radius of the device. Using it was the type of skill that people either loved or hated. In the end, the team scrapped the ability and replaced it with Armor Pack.



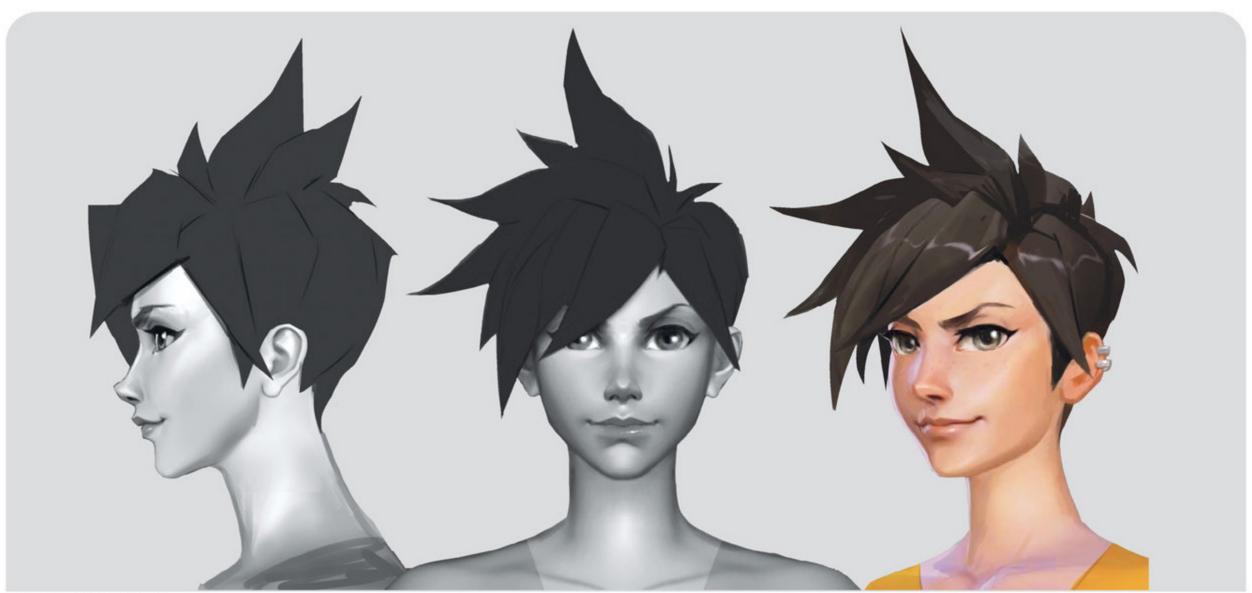


LOWER LEFT: $\mbox{\bf ARNOLD}$ $\mbox{\bf TSANG},$ $\mbox{\bf REMAINDER}$ OF IMAGES: $\mbox{\bf BEN}$ $\mbox{\bf ZHANG}$





ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG



TRACER HEAD CONCEPTS





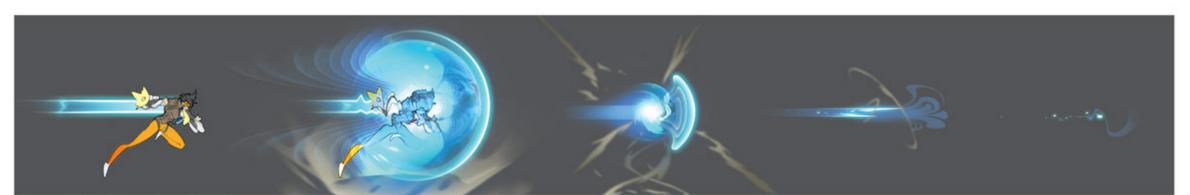
PULSE PISTOLS RELOAD VISUAL EFFECT

TOP: ARNOLD TSANG, MIDDLE: ARNOLD TSANG AND BEN ZHANG, BOTTOM: BEN ZHANG





PULSE BOMB VISUAL EFFECT CONCEPT



RECALL VISUAL EFFECT CONCEPT



BLINK VISUAL EFFECT CONCEPT

TOP: $\mbox{\bf ARNOLD TSANG},$ REMAINDER OF IMAGES: $\mbox{\bf BEN ZHANG}$







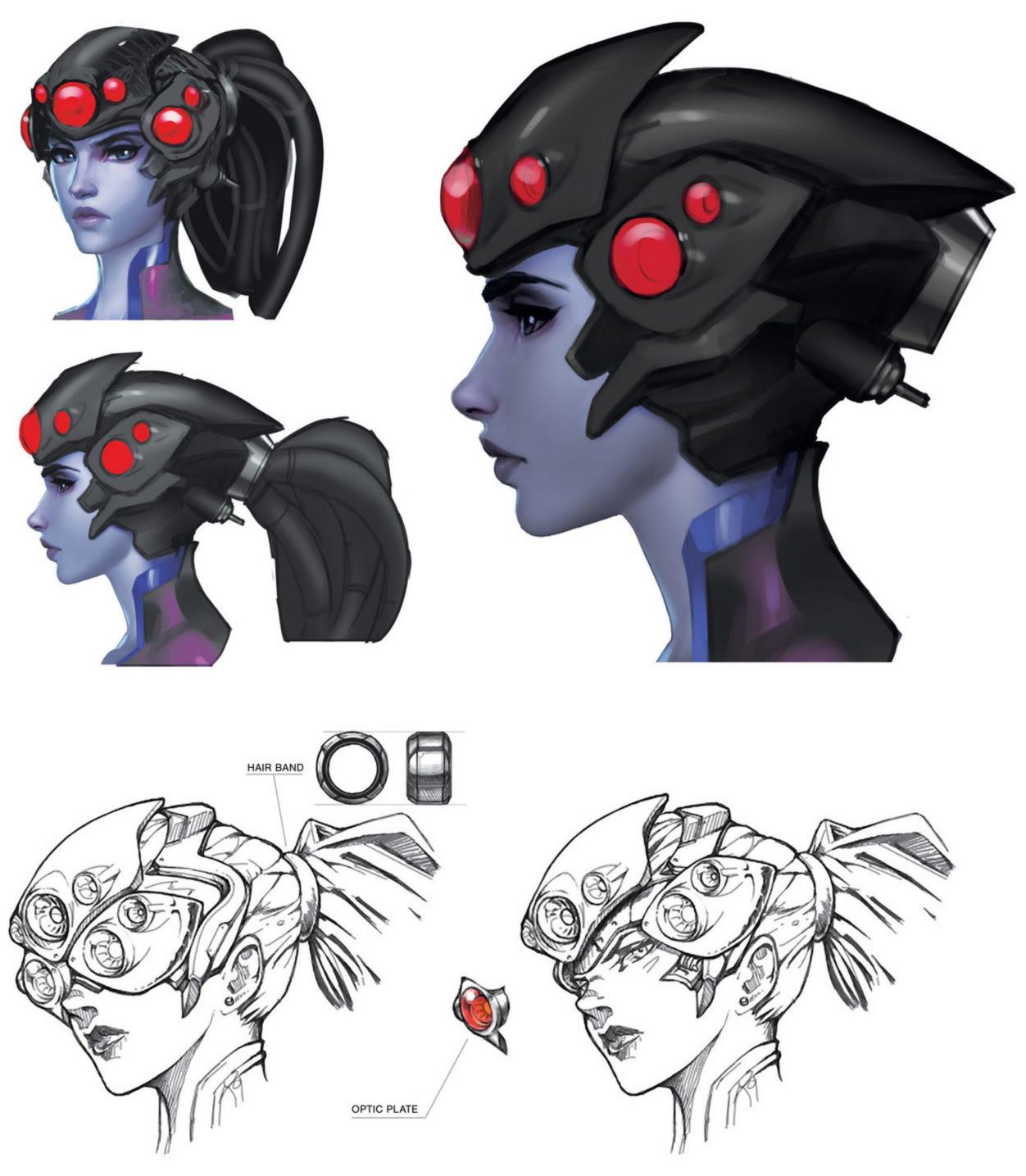








► CHARACTER CONCEPTS—For Widowmaker, the game team wanted the hero to wear optic technology of some kind. Her early concept illustrations embraced this idea, depicting her with multiple red "bug eyes." The developers experimented with how prominent to make this feature (opposite page) before settling on a design that was both subtle and insect-like (below). The red eyepieces reminded the designers of a spider, and subsequent concepts incorporated other visual elements (such as the tattoo on the next spread) to emphasize the arachnid theme.

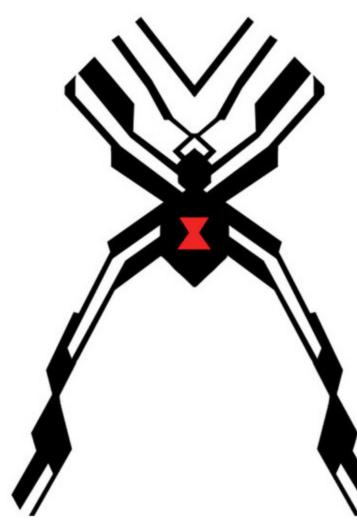


TOP: ARNOLD TSANG, BOTTOM: ROMAN KENNEY

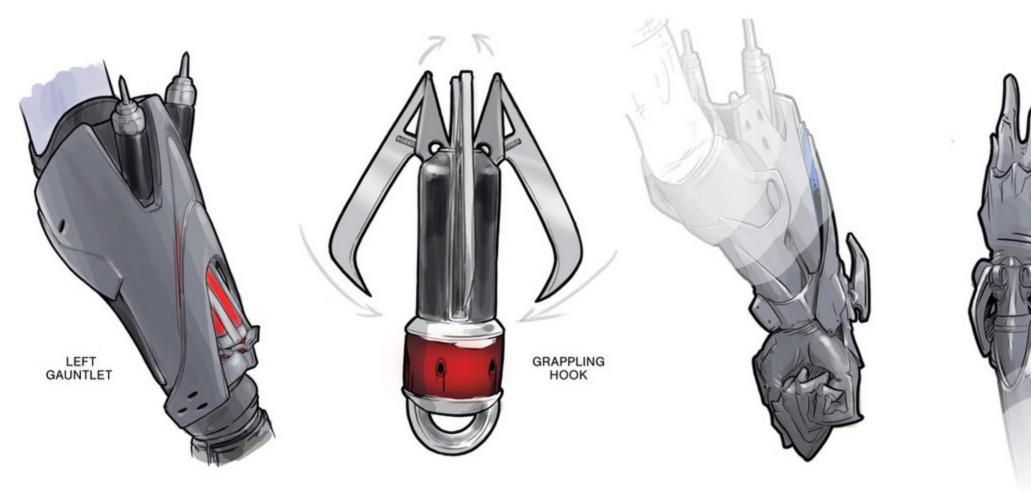








► TATTOO DESIGN—Widowmaker's arm tattoo is based on the second half of a French saying that translates as "evening spider, hope." The designers altered this phrase to "evening spider, nightmare" to better fit the hero's menacing nature.



TOP: BEN ZHANG, MIDDLE: ARNOLD TSANG, BOTTOM: ROMAN KENNEY

HEROES

WINSTON

How far could the developers push the designs of *Overwatch*'s heroes? This was a question they asked themselves for a number of characters, but especially for the intelligent, genetically engineered gorilla Winston.

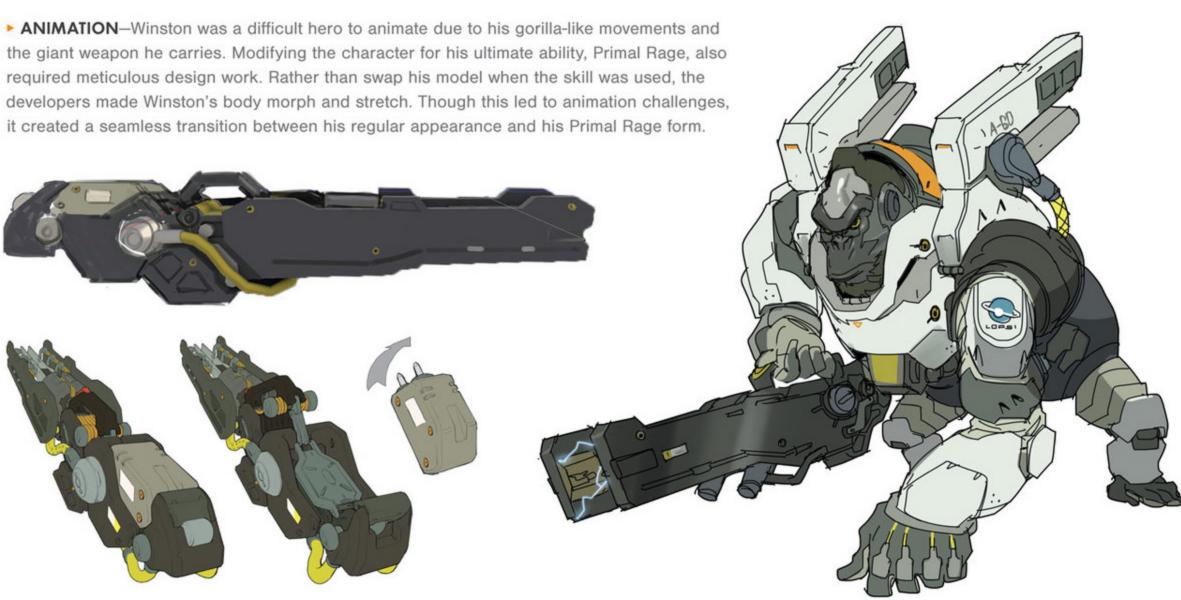
Creating Winston taught the team important lessons about their characters and world. It proved to the designers that they could make unique, non-human characters that would feel at home in *Overwatch* and represent its themes of heroism and a bright future.





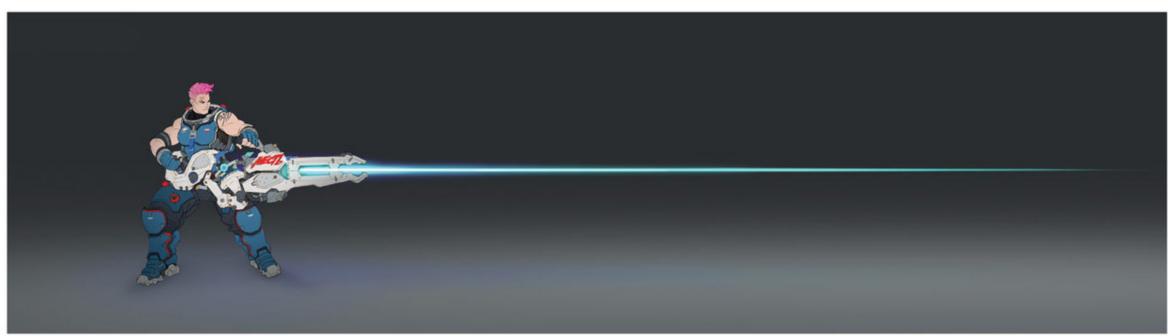




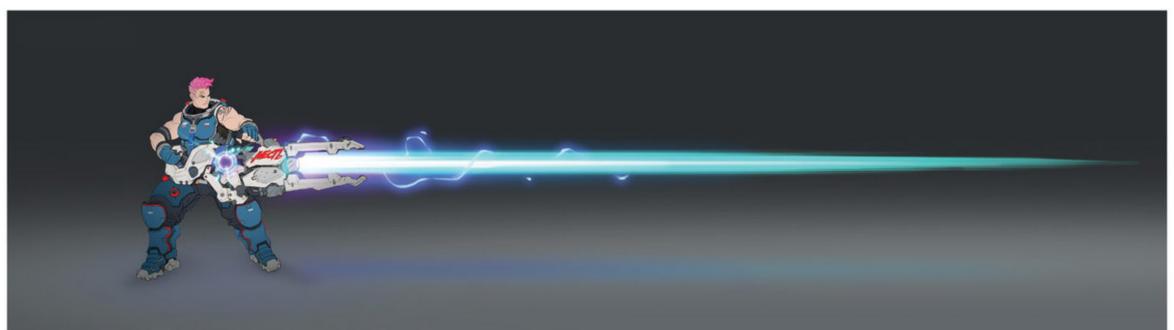


TOP: MATT TAYLOR, LOWER LEFT: BEN ZHANG, LOWER RIGHT: ARNOLD TSANG





LOW ENERGY BEAM



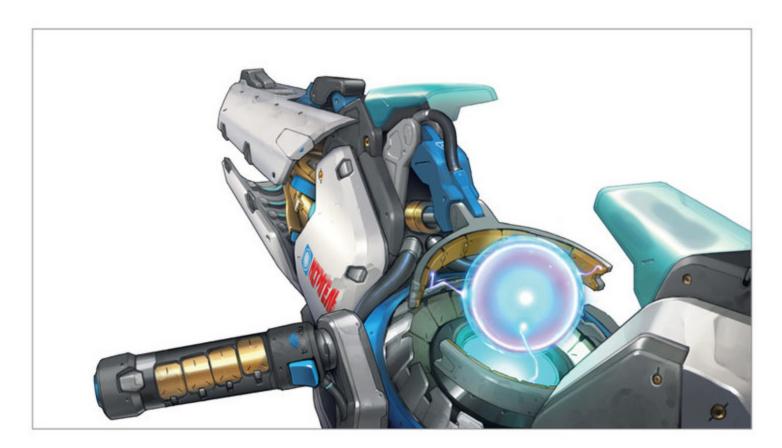
HIGH ENERGY BEAM



PARTICLE BARRIER

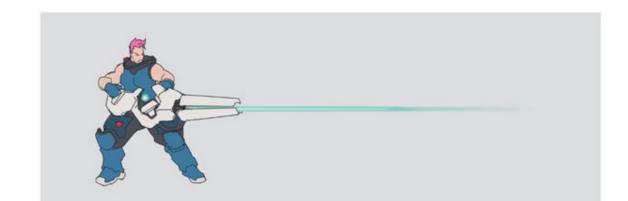


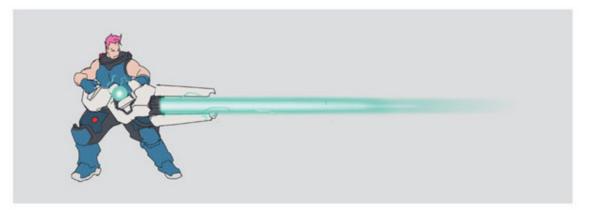
PARTICLE CANNON DECALS



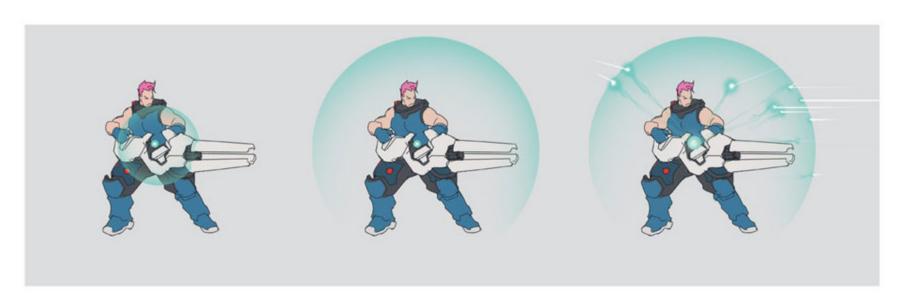




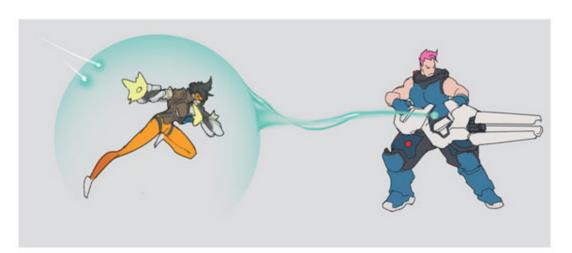




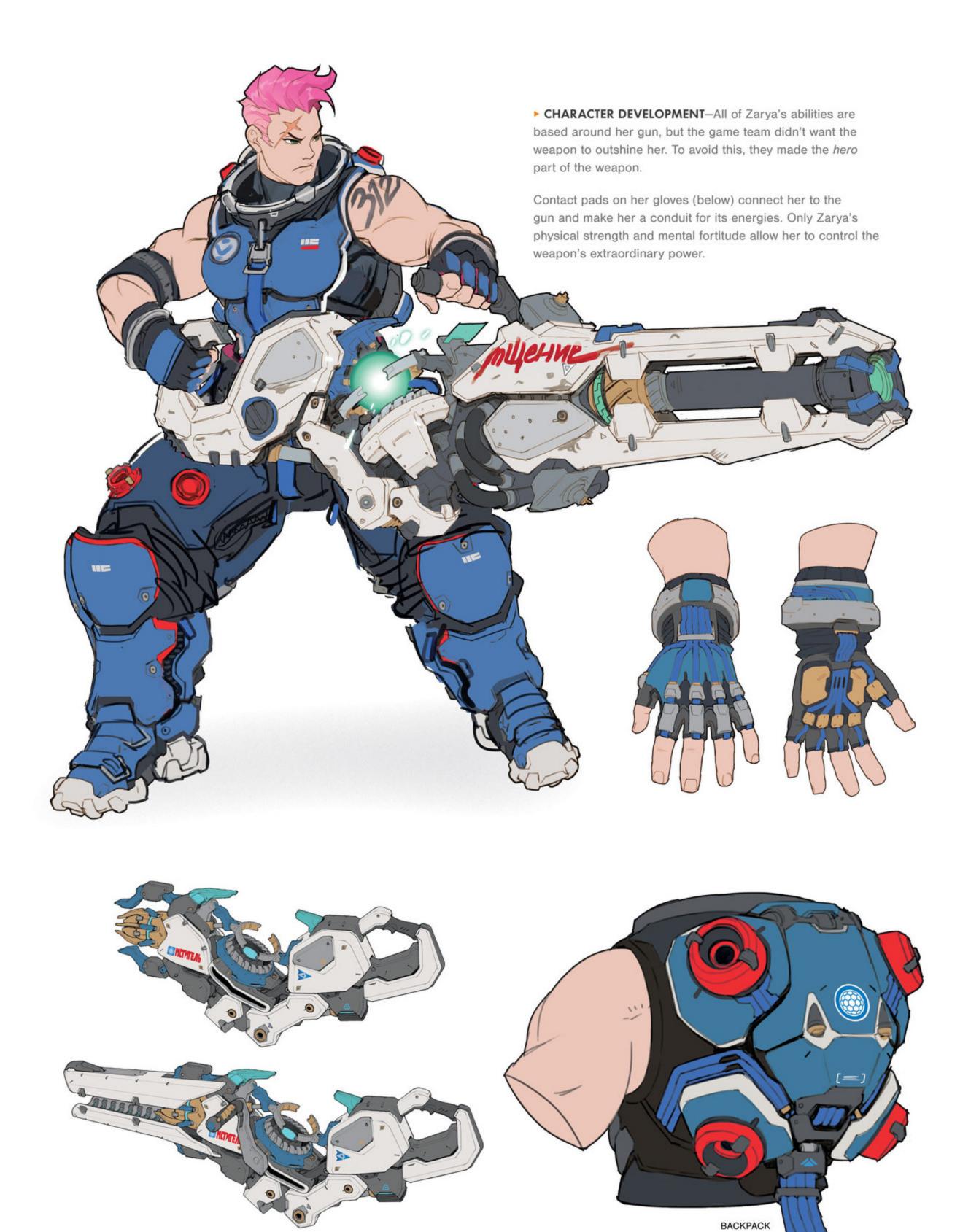






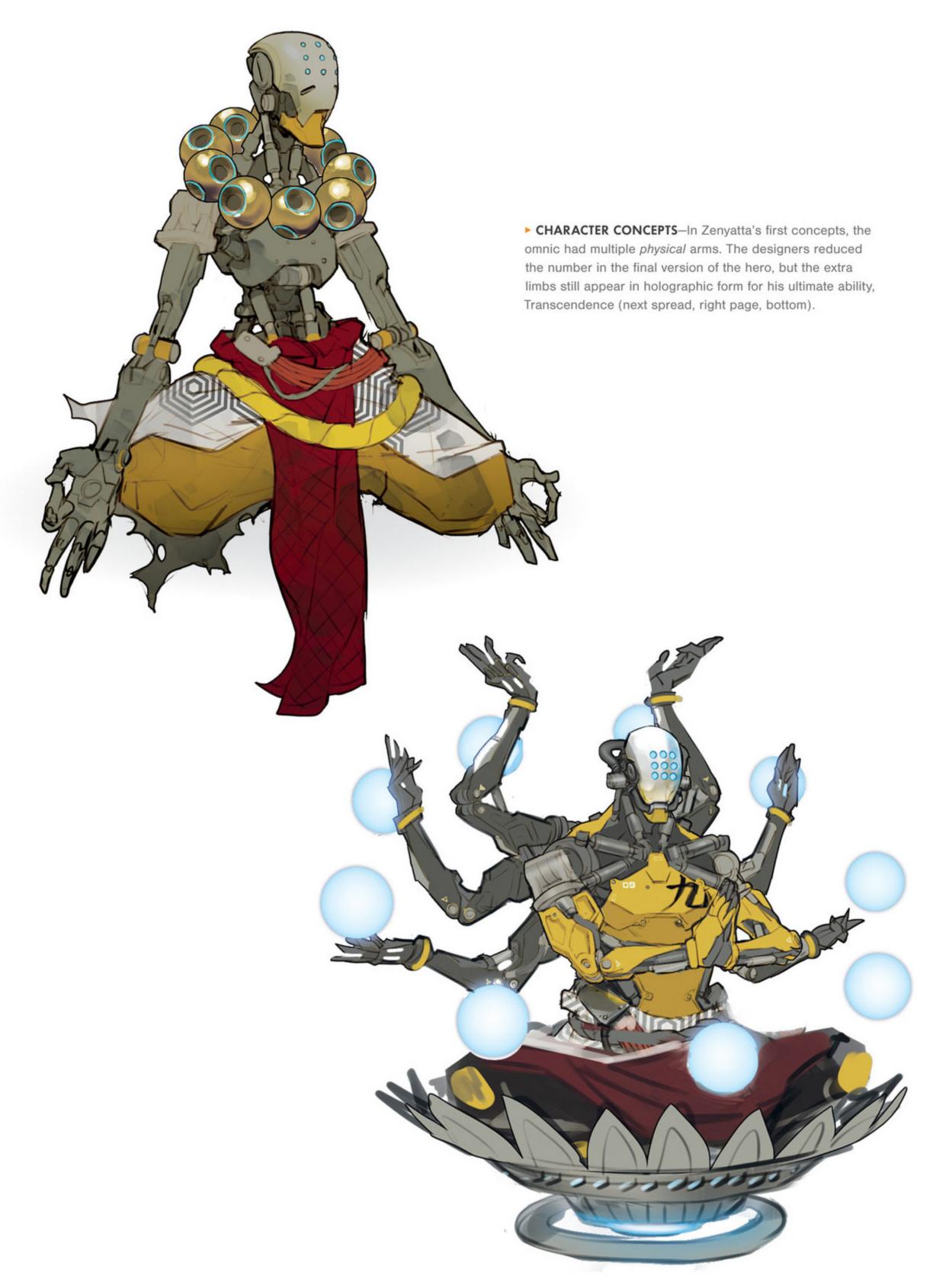


EARLY ABILITY STUDIES





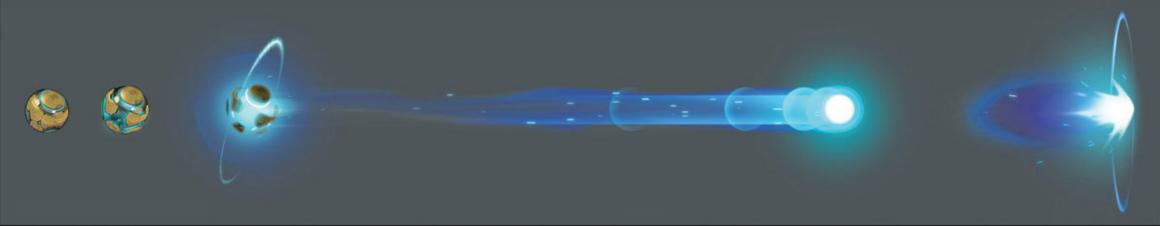






▶ ABILITY CONCEPTS—Zenyatta's orbs were initially physical objects that the hero would shoot. This led to several technical challenges, not the least of which was how to depict him reloading. The designers changed the ability so that the orbs would instead fire off spheres of energy. Concept art, like the images below, was important in helping the designers visualize how Zenyatta's attacks would work.





ORB OF DESTRUCTION





ORB OF HARMONY ORB OF DISCORD





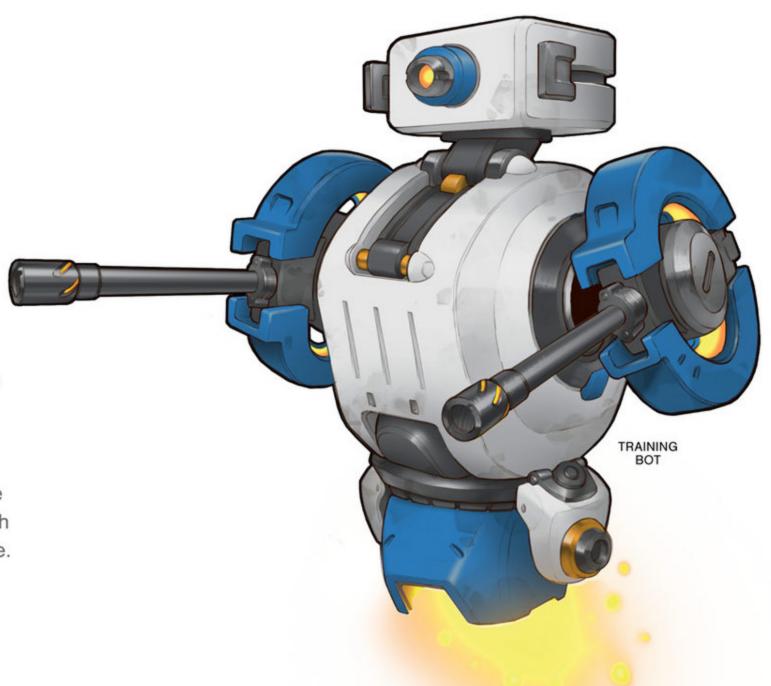
TRANSCENDENCE

HEROES

MISCELLANEOUS

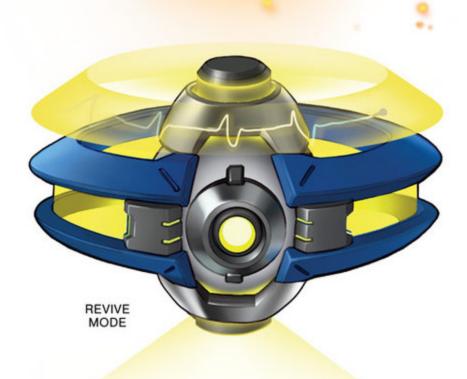
Along with creating playable heroes, the developers made omnics to populate the game's training mode and events like *Overwatch* Halloween Terror and Uprising. The same art guidelines for crafting heroes were applied to these designs.

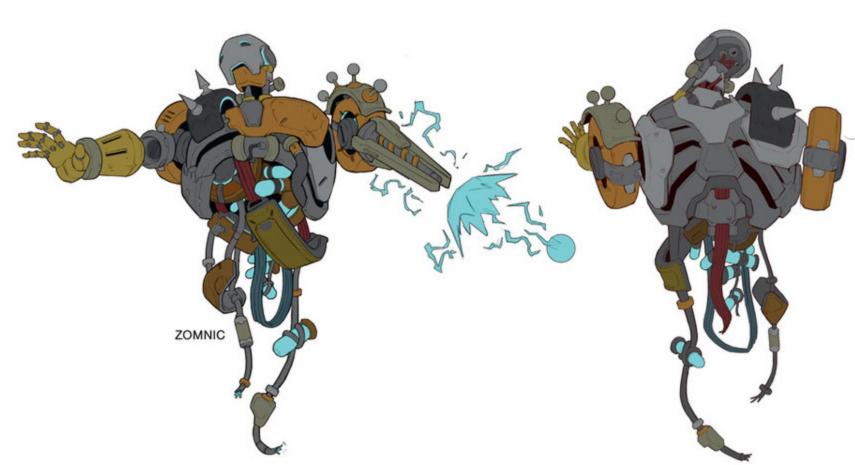
Uprising gave the game team an opportunity to explore new types of omnics beyond Bastion and Zenyatta. The developers crafted an army of robots filled with different models that each had its own appearance and function (opposite page). This work also helped the team establish a hierarchy of omnics to draw from in the future.













DAVID KANG AND QIU FANG





ENVIRONMENTS

When the designers started imagining *Overwatch*'s future Earth, the possibilities seemed endless. They knew *where* the game was taking place, but not *how* they would represent it.

For guidance, the developers turned to Blizzard's long history of worldbuilding. They drew on the lessons learned from crafting the Warcraft, StarCraft, and Diablo franchises, and they established four guiding principles to help them forge *Overwatch*'s environments.

The first principle was giving every location a sense of place, making environments so vivid and appealing that players would want to visit them in real life. The second was using dramatic lighting to enhance mood and atmosphere. The third was infusing the world with storytelling elements that would complement the characters and reinforce *Overwatch*'s overarching narrative. The fourth principle was creating memorable vistas that would give players the impression of a larger world to explore beyond the boundaries of the in-game environments.

These guidelines helped lay the foundations of a new world, one that would become just as diverse, memorable, and stylized as the heroes who called it home.

ENVIRONMENTS

DORADO

Light was an important theme in the charming Mexican city of Dorado. The developers staged the environment during the unveiling of a new power plant. This futuristic building, inspired by Aztec temples, was positioned atop a slope so that players could see it from nearly any point in the area. Other stations were placed along the coastline, giving the impression that they formed a vast power grid.

The designers showed Dorado at night to emphasize the environment's overall theme, and they created the vibrant Festival de la Luz—"Festival of Light"—in the central



courtyard (opposite page, middle row). The intensity of light throughout the map was just as bright as day, a decision that made the location's warm reds and golds stand out. Even the sky was colored blue rather than black to enhance this effect.



MISIÓN DORADO



DORADO EARLY IDEATION

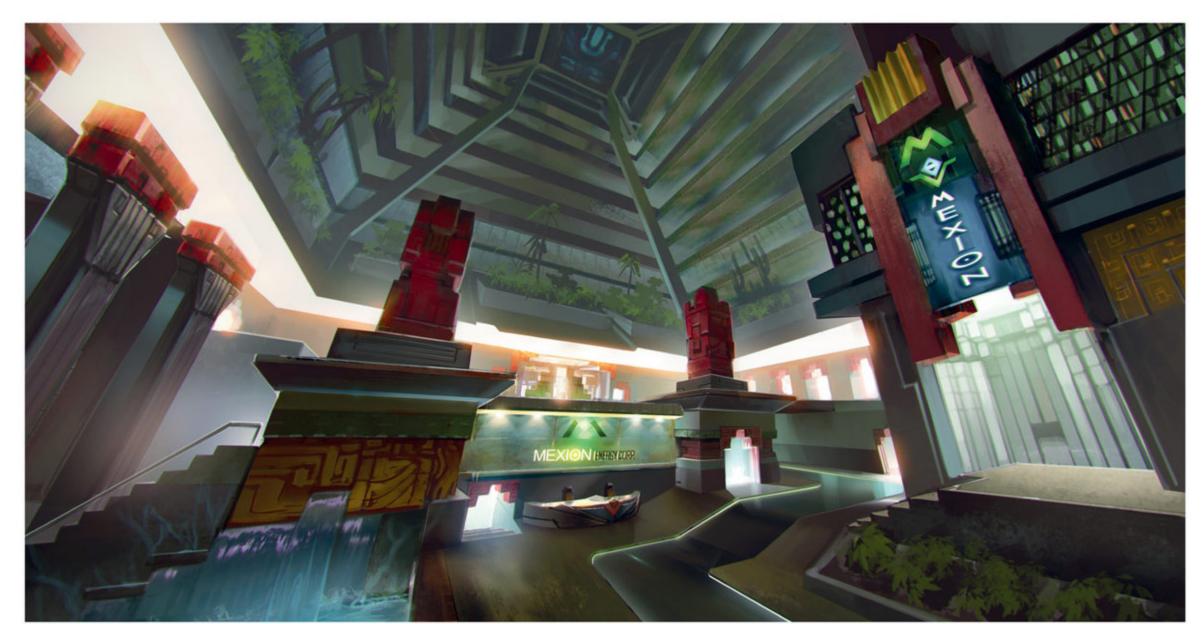


POSTCARD









LUMÉRICO ZIGGURAT INTERIOR

TOP: DAVID KANG, MIDDLE: NICK CARVER, BOTTOM: BEN ZHANG









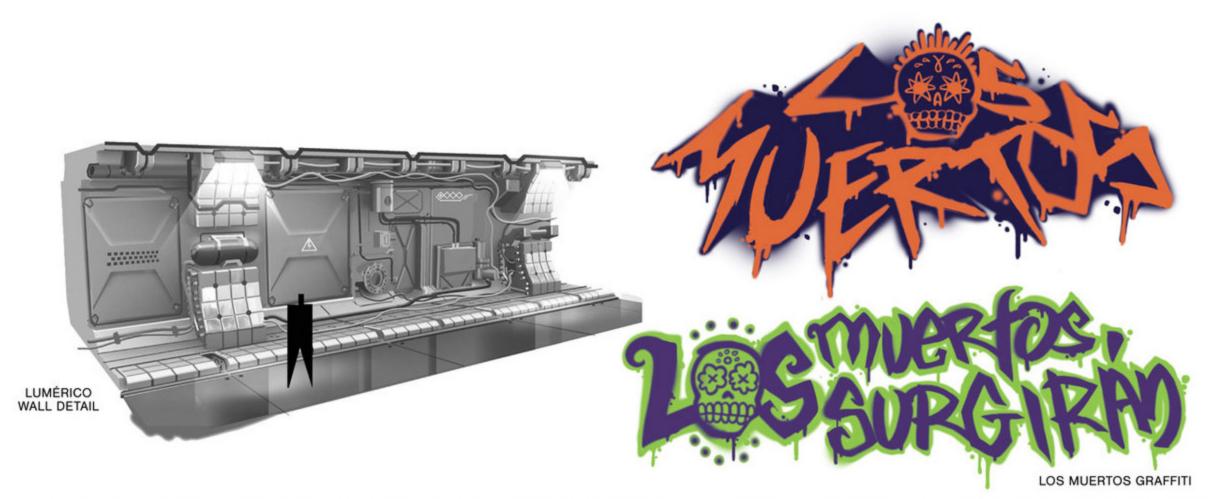
LUMÉRICO LOGO IDEATION



LUMÉRICO ZIGGURAT EXTERIOR



LUMÉRICO ZIGGURAT INTERIOR

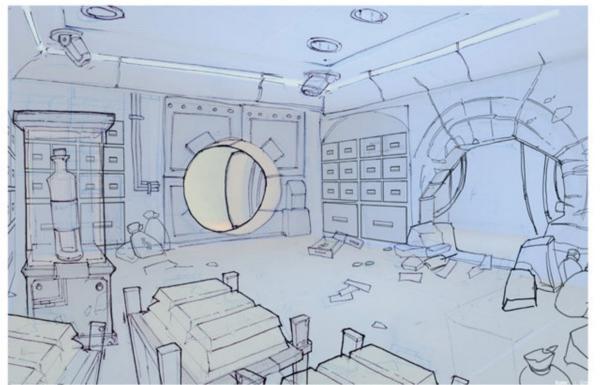




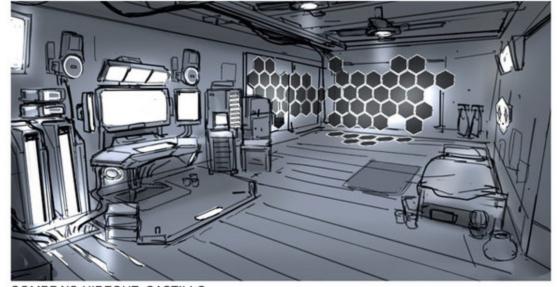
LOS MUERTOS GRAFFITI



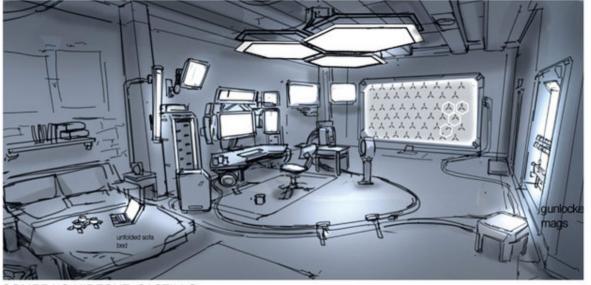
BANCO DE DORADO INTERIOR



BANCO DE DORADO VAULT



SOMBRA'S HIDEOUT, CASTILLO



SOMBRA'S HIDEOUT, CASTILLO

TOP LEFT: NICK CARVER, TOP RIGHT: DAVID KANG, TOP MIDDLE: AQUATIC MOON, BOTTOM MIDDLE: GABRIEL GONZALEZ, BOTTOM: AL CRUTCHLEY

ECOPOINT: ANTARCTICA

Ecopoint: Antarctica was staged in an abandoned scientific outpost blanketed in snow and ice. Making the environment feel right was a challenge, but the developers had an advantage. Ecopoint: Antarctica was smaller than *Overwatch*'s other maps, which meant the team could focus more resources on effects. The developers stylized the surroundings to immerse players in the frozen setting, such as making the snow sparkle even when it was not in direct sunlight.

Though creating a cold and desolate location was a major goal, the team also wanted to tell a story there. The hero



Mei had once lived in the outpost as part of a scientific research team. Hints of her former presence were scattered throughout the map in the form of handwritten notes and abandoned belongings (opposite page). Together, these elements conveyed that Mei had been trapped in the outpost and had used her wits to escape.





COMMUNICATIONS TOWER



MEI'S BELONGINGS















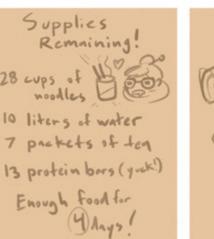




















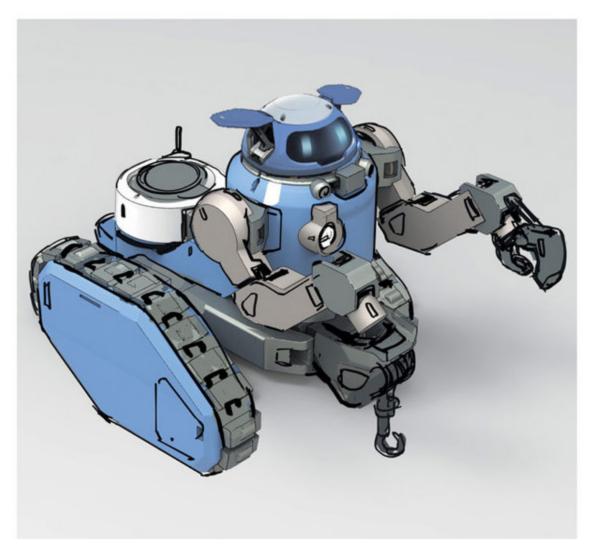


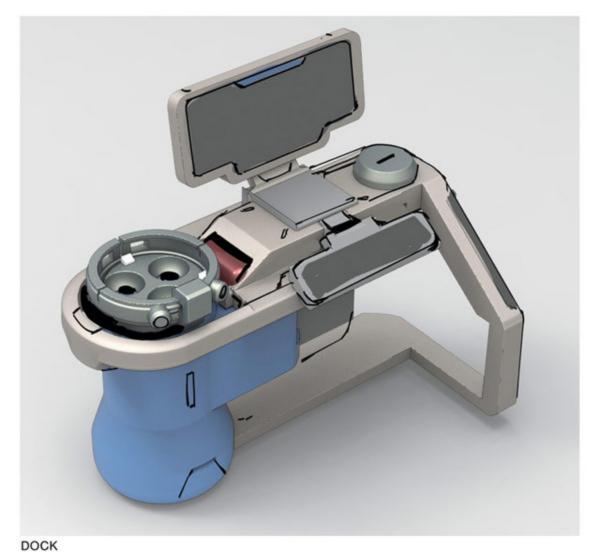


ALL IMAGES: ANH DANG





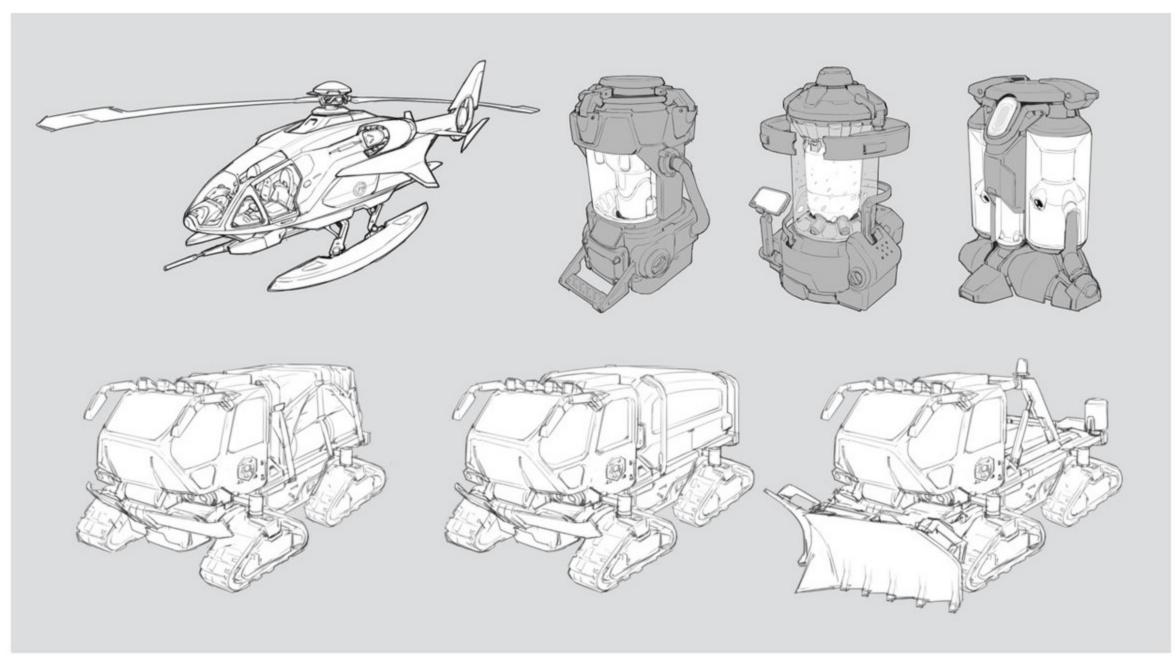












MIDDLE RIGHT: OSCAR CAFARO, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: BEN ZHANG

ENVIRONMENTS

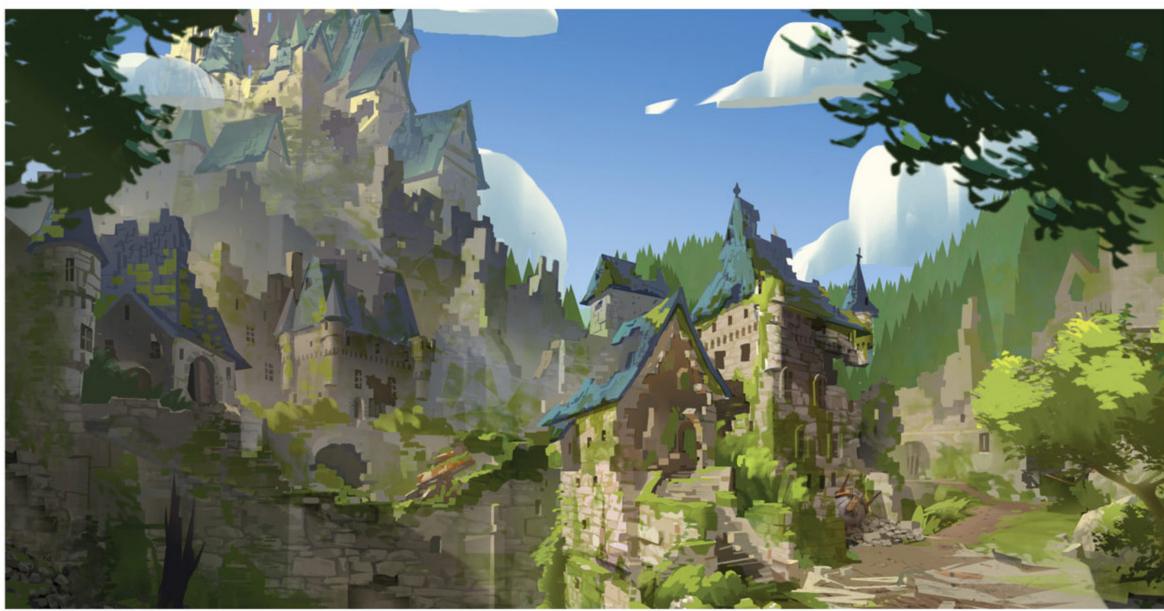
EICHENWALDE

Early in development, the *Overwatch* team had ideas for two different maps. One was a lush, bright green environment that wasn't in a bustling city. The other was a location centered around a classic castle. The team merged these ideas into Eichenwalde: an old German castle and village overgrown with plant life.

Eichenwalde was the site of a major battle between humans and omnics, and the designers wanted it to feel as if it had suddenly been abandoned. They accomplished this



by filling the environment with damaged buildings and destroyed war machines. Props like furniture and paintings were strategically placed throughout Eichenwalde to give a sense of history and convey that people had once lived there (next spread).



EICHENWALDE CASTLE



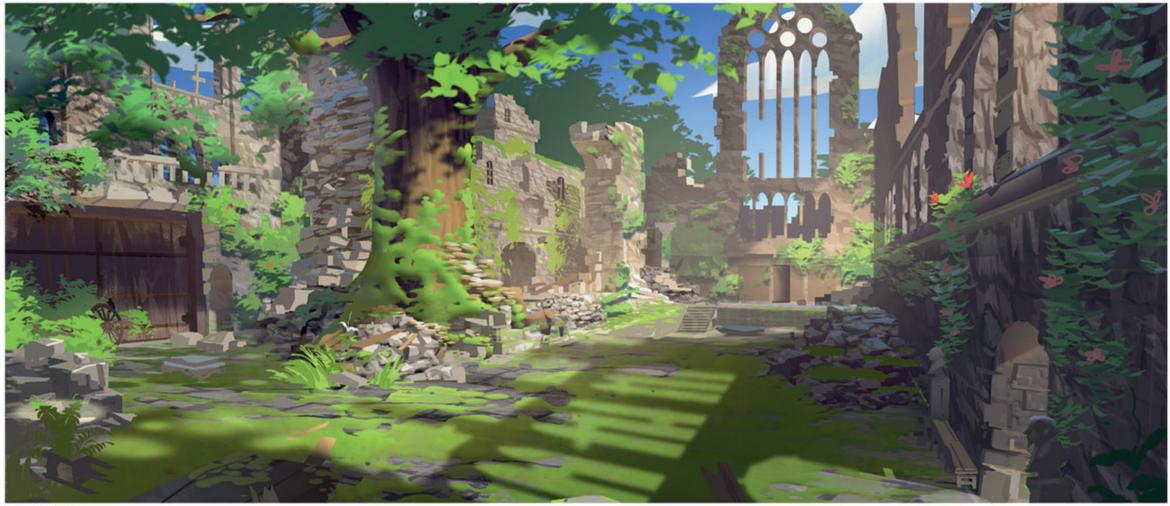
BLACK FOREST







CRUSADER RECRUITMENT POSTER



COURTYARD



COURTYARD

TOP LEFT: DION ROGERS, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: NICK CARVER





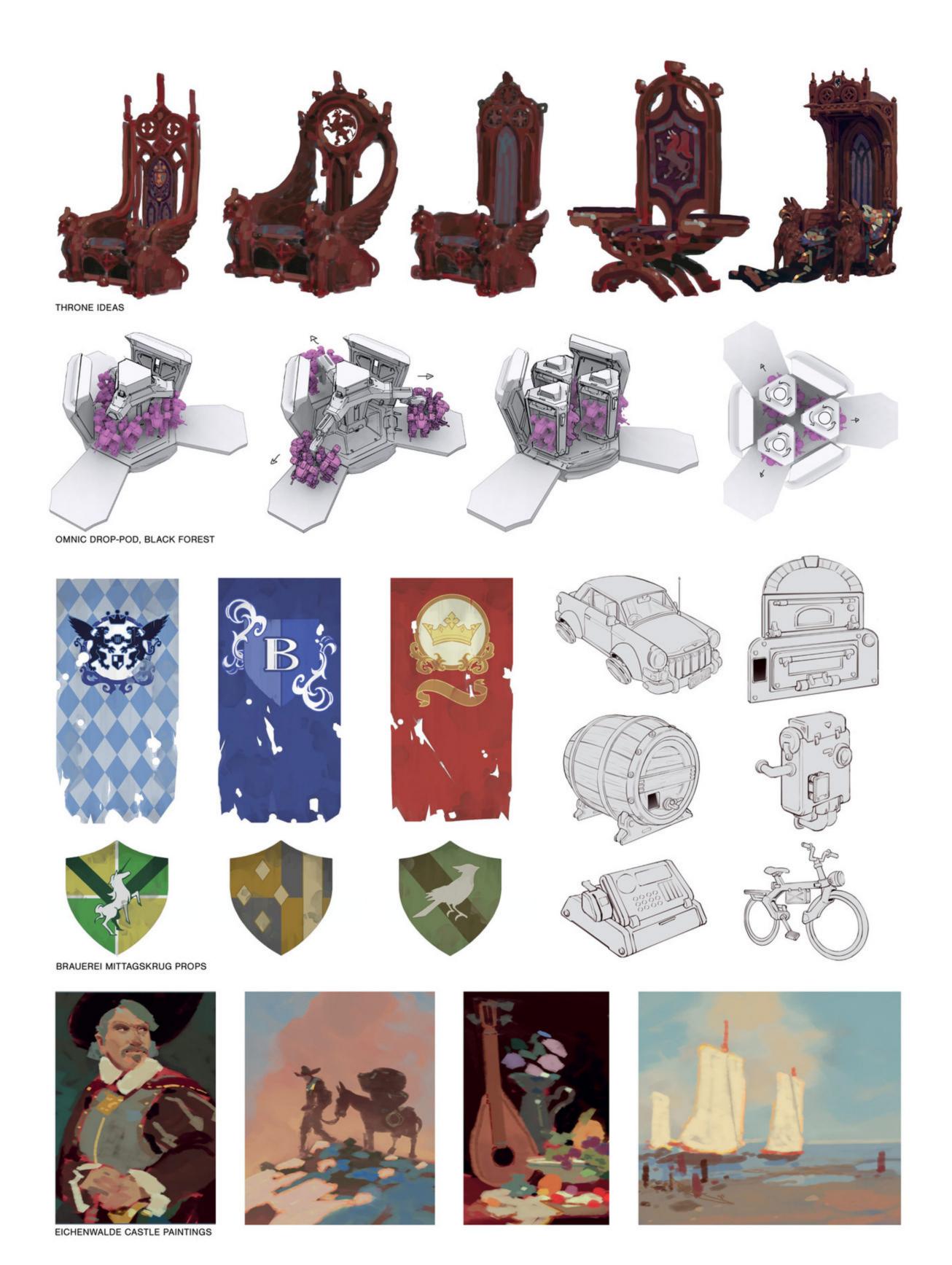
BRAUEREI MITTAGSKRUG PROPS TOWNHOUSE



BRAUEREI MITTAGSKRUG INTERIOR



EICHENWALDE VILLAGE



TOP AND BOTTOM: VASILI ZORIN, MIDDLE TOP: AL CRUTCHLEY, MIDDLE BOTTOM LEFT: ANH DANG, MIDDLE BOTTOM RIGHT: DAVID KANG

HANAMURA

The Overwatch team sought to create a mix of old and new for every map, a blend of the past and the future. Hanamura was a prime example of this philosophy. The designers crafted this environment by fusing elements of traditional Japanese architecture with arcades and other modern pop culture motifs (next spread). These contrasting designs also tied into the map's layout. The designers made each area of Hanamura visually distinct, from high-tech streets at one end of the city to the castle courtyard filled with bright pink cherry blossoms.



The cherry blossoms were an important part of Hanamura's overall visual design and theme. Apart from being iconic to Japan, the trees acted as a secondary accent color for the entire environment. To push this effect even more, the developers made the cherry blossoms emit pink light.



HANAMURA TEMPLE



POSTCARD



HANAMURA EARLY IDEATION





HANAMURA EARLY IDEATION



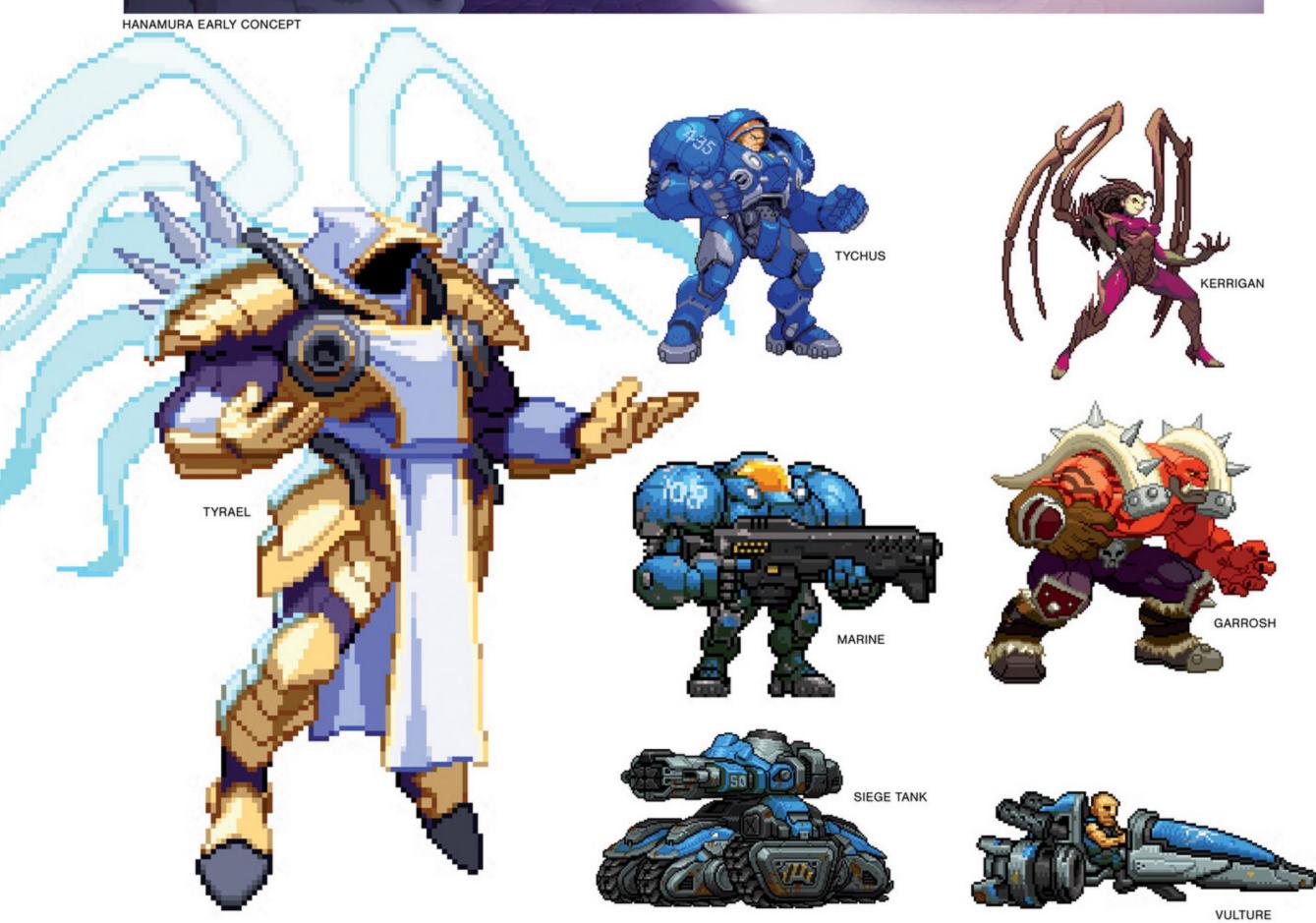
CASTLE BELL



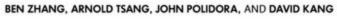
WALL MURAL









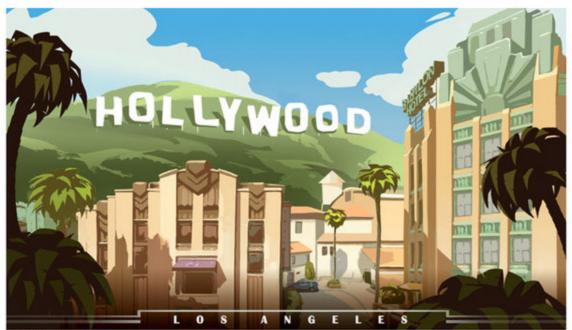


HOLLYWOOD

For Hollywood, the developers went through many iterations before finding the right balance between realism and fantasy. Rather than create a carbon copy of the real place, they wanted to craft an idealized and optimistic vision of it. *Overwatch*'s version of the location included clear landmarks like the Hollywood sign, and it paid homage to



the Golden Age of cinema. The map was filled with bright streets, movie posters (bottom), and backlot sets (opposite page) that evoked the image of Hollywood ingrained in pop culture.



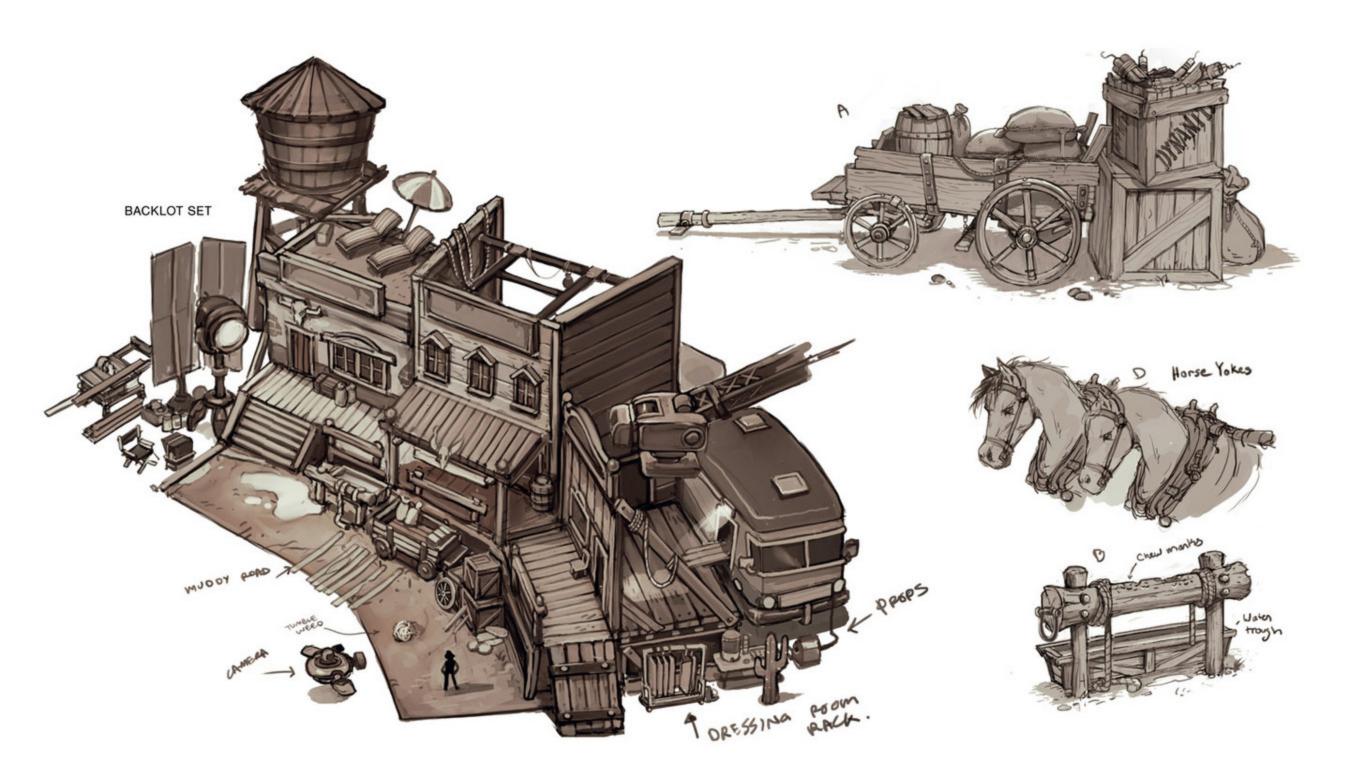




EARLY IDEATION



MOVIE POSTERS







SALOON

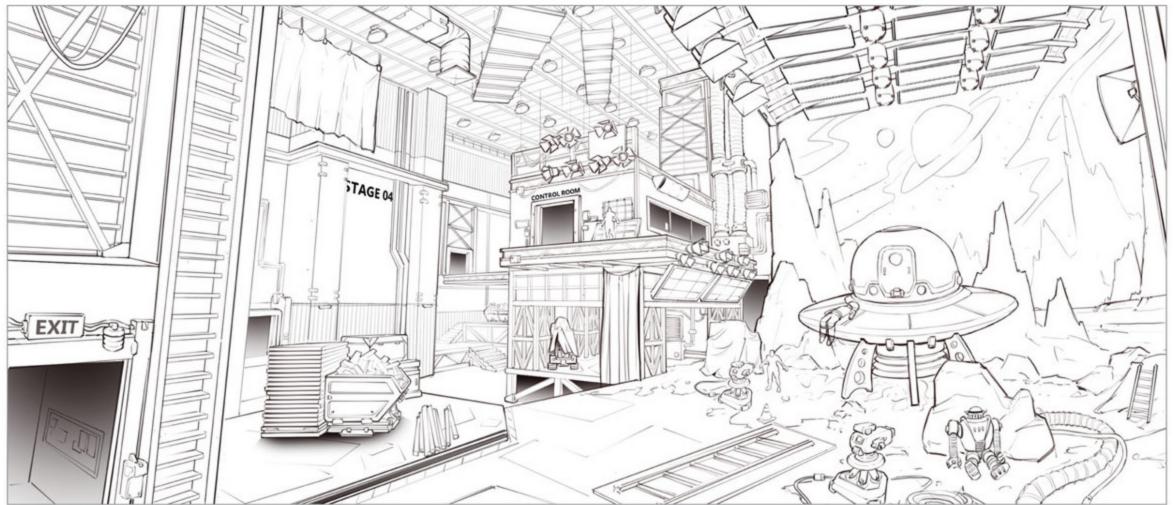


GOLDSHIRE STUDIOS LOT

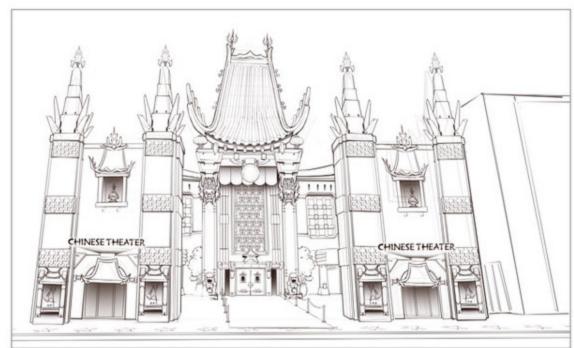
BOTTOM: DAVID KANG, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: AQUATIC MOON



SOUND STAGE



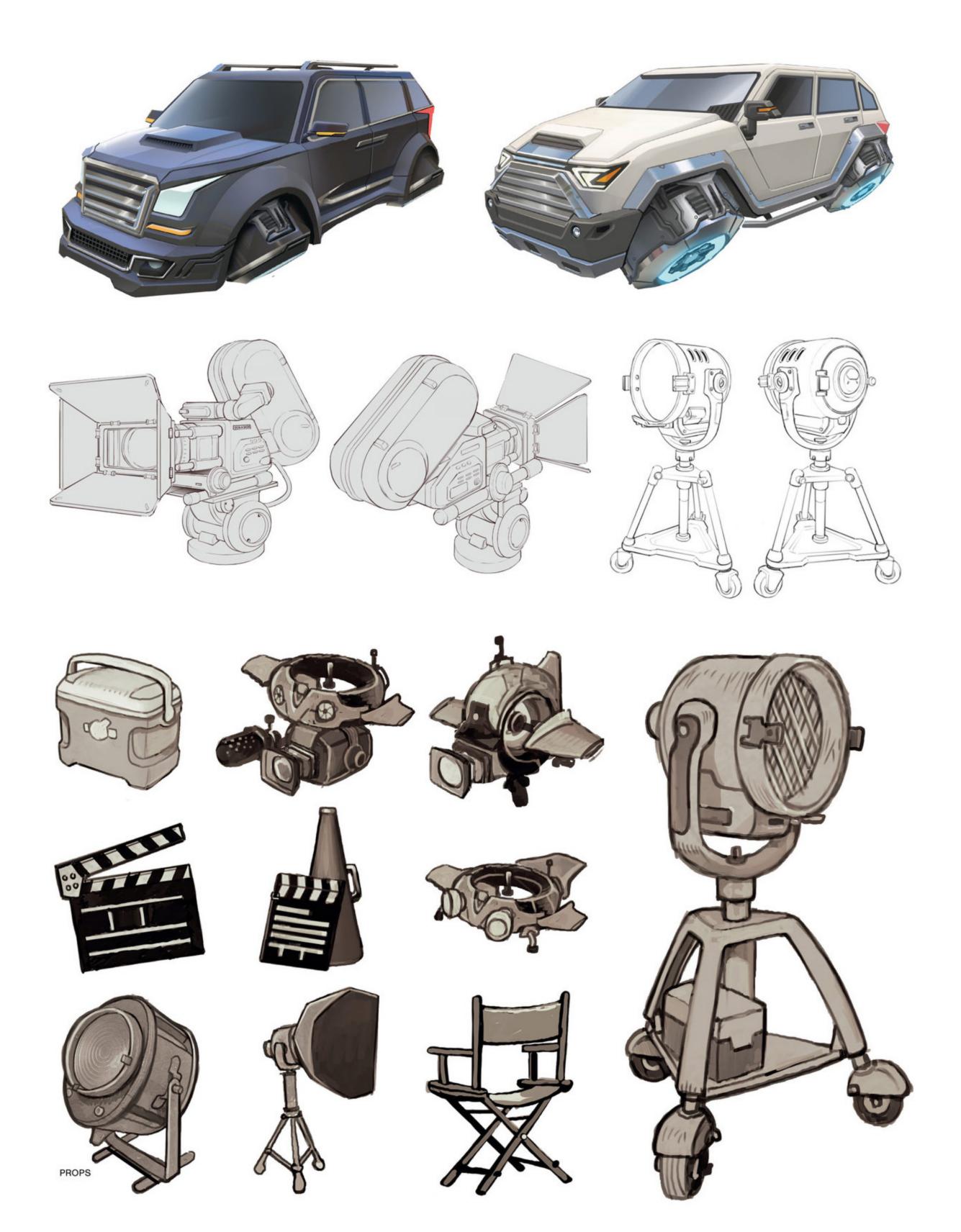
SOUND STAGE



THEATER



SUNSET PLACE



TOP: NICK CARVER, BOTTOM: AQUATIC MOON

HORIZON LUNAR COLONY

The developers tied most environments to specific heroes. Horizon Lunar Colony was themed around Winston. It was there, in a futuristic moon laboratory, where the gorilla was genetically modified and raised. The game team modeled much of the base's architecture after the animated short "Recall," which told Winston's backstory. Specific locations, like the gorilla's room and an observatory with a view of Earth, also appeared in the short. However, fleshing out the parts of the base not seen in "Recall" required a great deal of work. More concept art was created for Horizon Lunar Colony than any map that had come before it. The team

iterated on different styles of technology to capture the right futuristic setting.

Most of the Horizon Lunar Colony map was staged inside the base. In early versions, the developers found that the environment came across as too sterile and uniform. Distinct secondary colors were added to different parts of the map, such as green in the botany area, to make them visually unique. This had gameplay benefits as well. Based on the facility's distinct visuals, players would be able to immediately recognize their location.

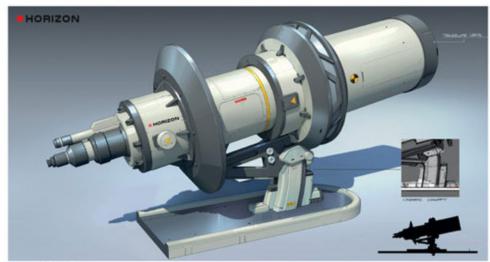


LUNAR COLONY EXTERIOR

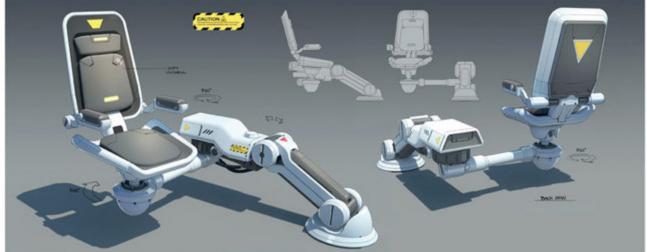


TELESCOPE





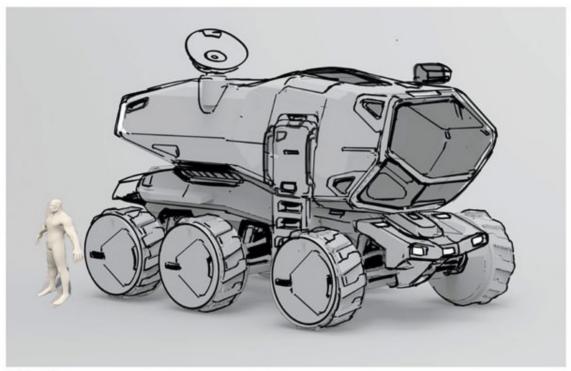


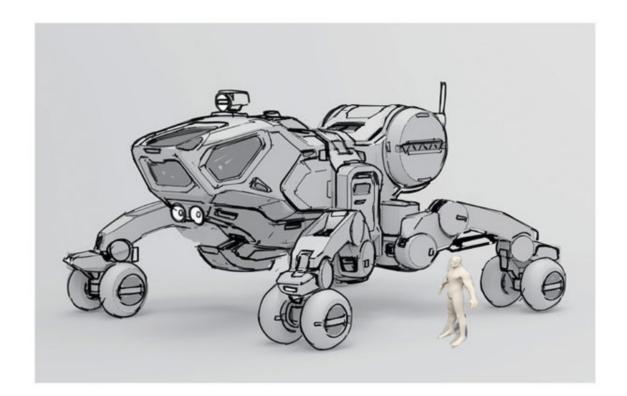






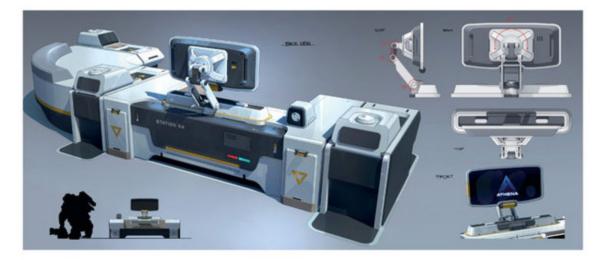






ROVERS

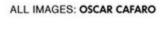


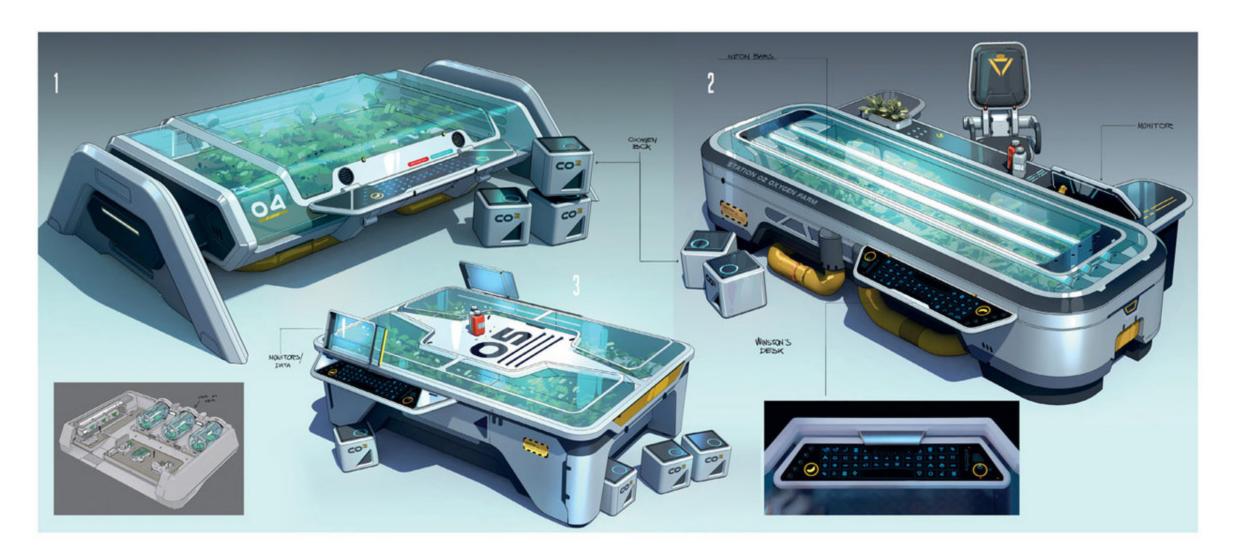


OPERATION DESKS

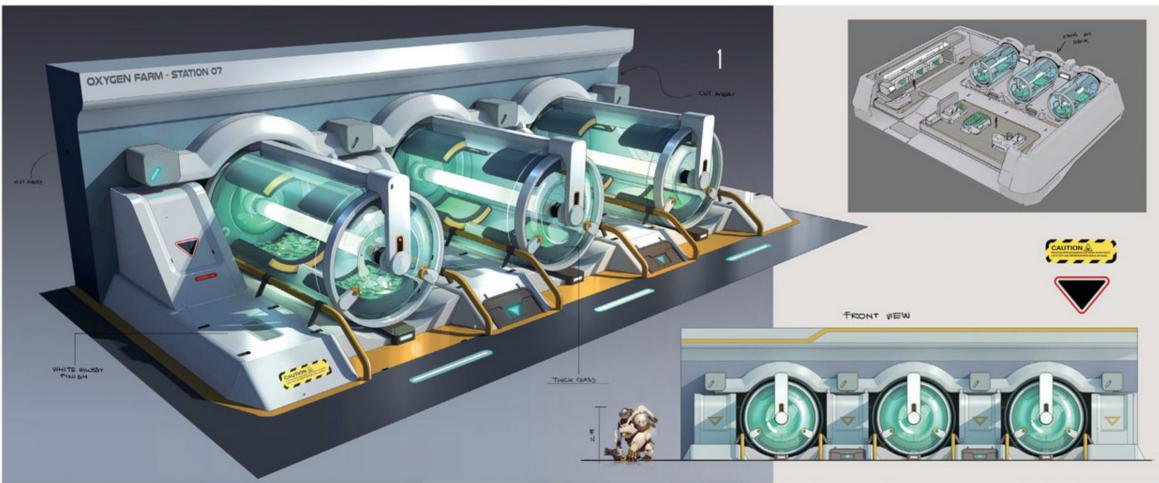


DR. WINSTON'S DESK







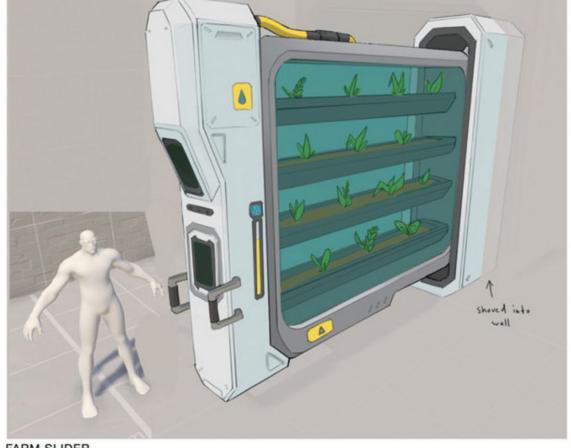


OXYGEN FARM



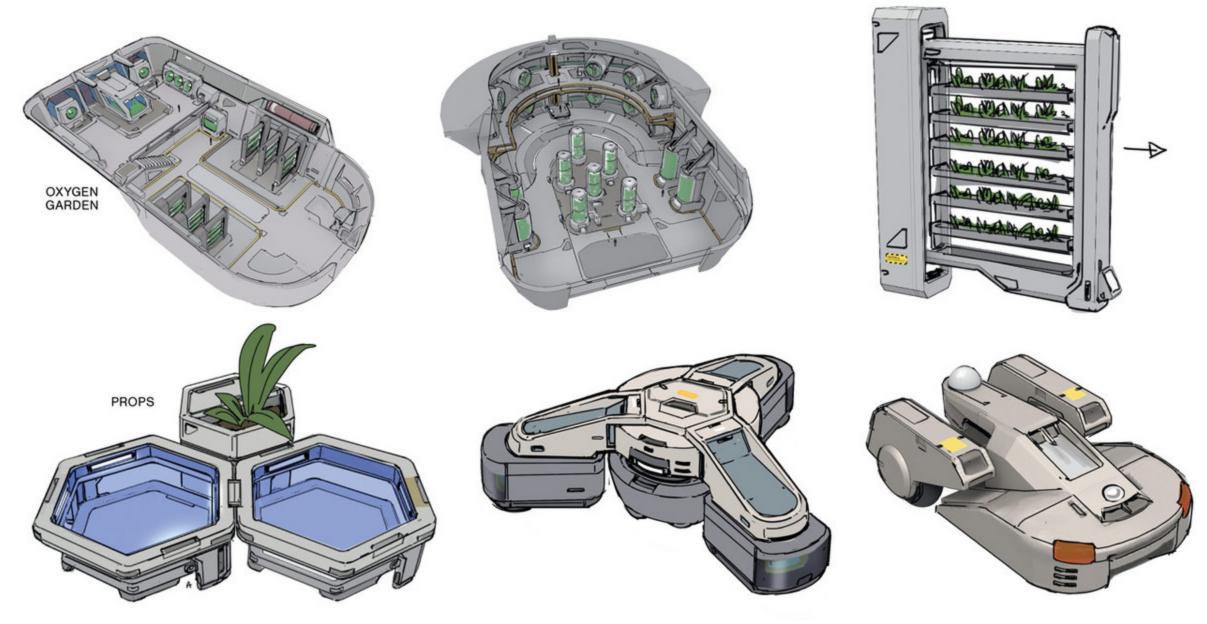
OXYGEN FARM





VERTICAL TUBER

FARM SLIDER



 ${\tt BOTTOM:}~\textbf{AL CRUTCHLEY}, {\tt REMAINDER}~OF~IMAGES:~\textbf{OSCAR}~\textbf{CAFARO}$

KING'S ROW

King's Row was the second map created for Overwatch, following Temple of Anubis. For the latter, the developers wanted a location with bright lighting that embraced a sense of high adventure. King's Row was an opportunity to explore the opposite: a grittier, nighttime setting within a big city. The developers modeled much of the location after London's architecture, but they also incorporated elements of Overwatch's story into the map. At one end of King's Row, they crafted a grimy city beneath the city inhabited by London's omnics. This highlighted the violent history and

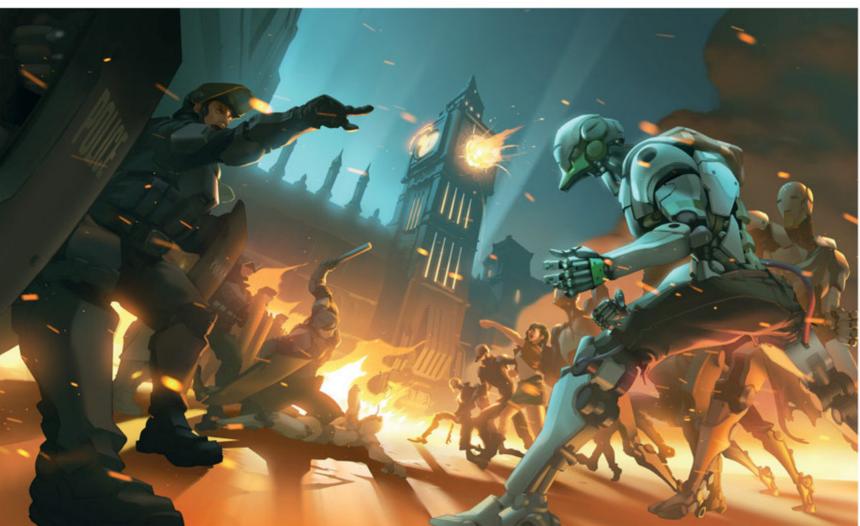
persistent tension between humans and robots that formed the core of the game's overarching backstory.

As King's Row was being developed, the animated short "Alive" was also being made. In the story, Widowmaker assassinates an omnic monk named Mondatta, who was giving a speech to encourage humans and robots to live in peace. The game team integrated aspects of the film into the map, such as placing a memorial near the spot where Mondatta was killed.

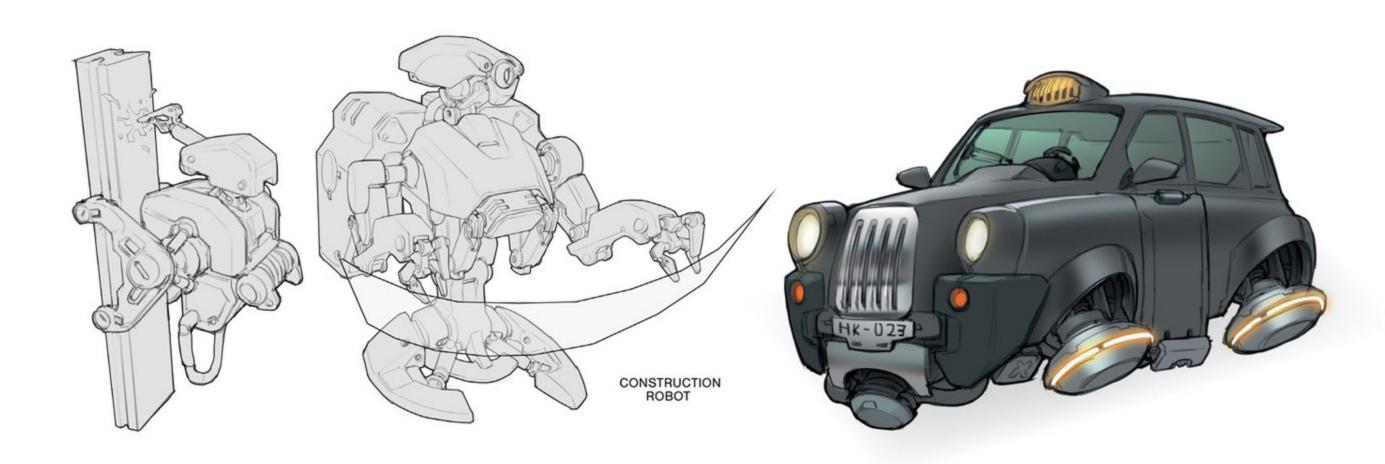




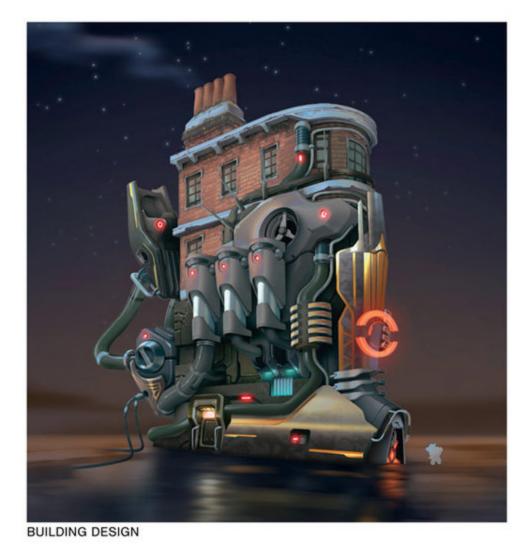
POSTCARD



RIOT IN KING'S ROW



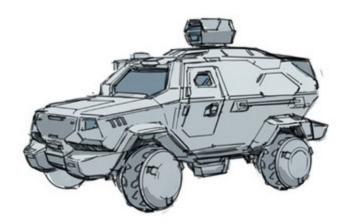




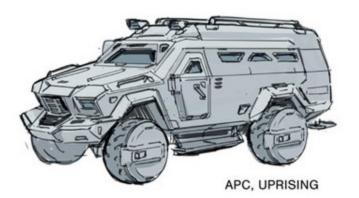
PAYLOAD, UPRISING



KING'S ROW EARLY IDEATION



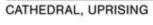


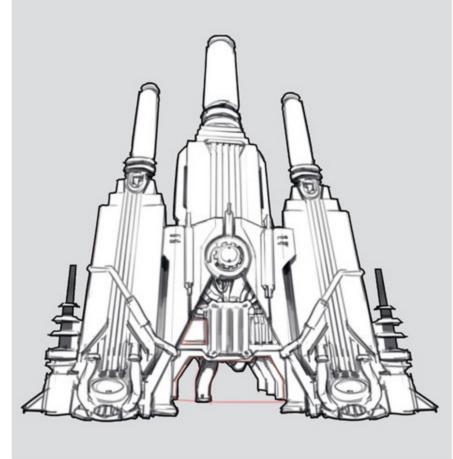




TUBE STATION, UPRISING







POWER STATION ENTRANCE



POWER STATION CEILING



UNDERWORLD

























OMNIC LANGUAGE STUDY

AL CRUTCHLEY, BEN ZHANG, AND ANH DANG

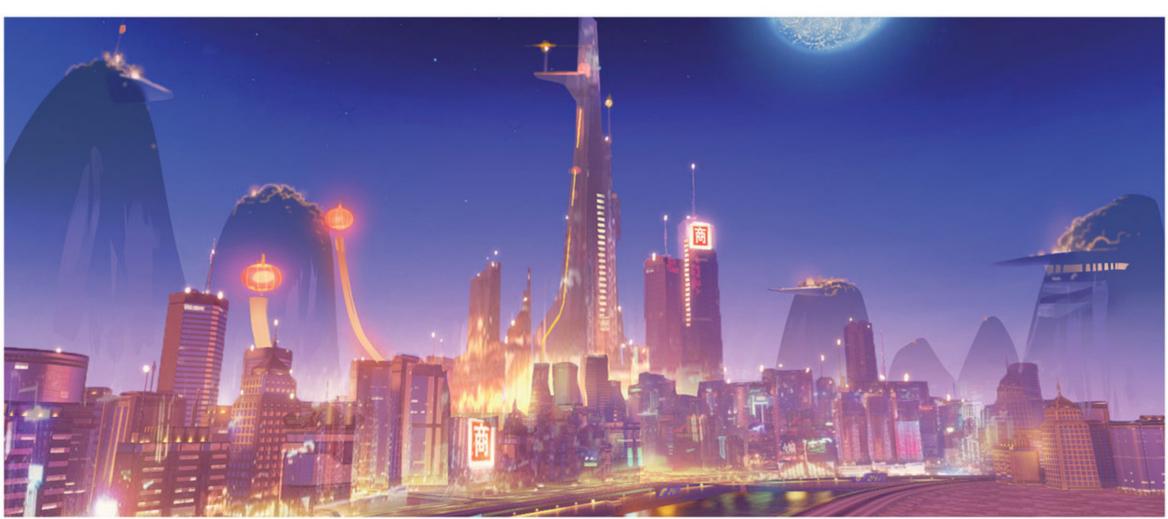
LIJIANG TOWER

The prospect of creating a futuristic Chinese metropolis thrilled the game team. To capture the majesty of the city, the developers staged the map at night. They also placed it in and around a giant building called Lijiang Tower, which gave an unobstructed view of the metropolis's glittering skyline. The grand vista bolstered the themes of optimism and humanity's quest for advancement.

Though much of Lijiang Tower was high tech, the developers incorporated night market food stalls and traditional Chinese architecture (next spread) into the map. As with many other *Overwatch* environments, this blend of old and new was important for creating a place that evoked a dual sense of familiarity and wonder.



NIGHT MARKET, YEAR OF THE ROOSTER



SKYLINE, YEAR OF THE ROOSTER









LUCHENG INTERSTELLAR UPPER LEVEL

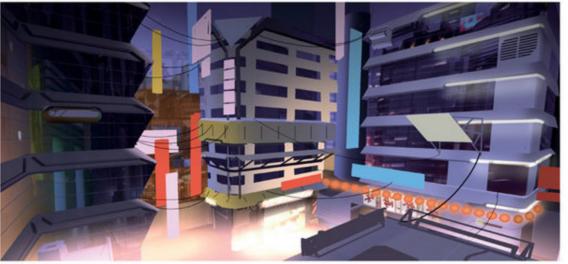


MOOD SHOT





MOOD SHOT



BUILDING FACADES







NIGHT MARKET MENU ITEMS

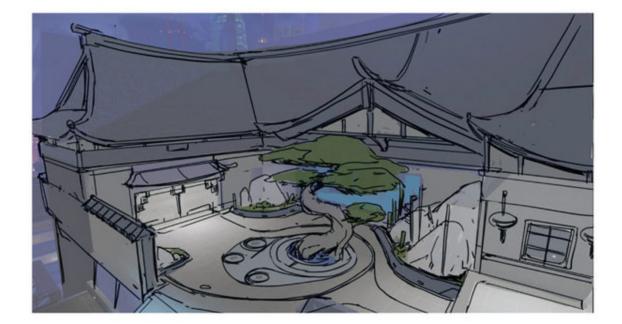


HAPPY SQUID RESTAURANT



POSTCARD





GARDEN, CAPTURE THE FLAG



GARDEN INTERIOR, CAPTURE THE FLAG



GARDEN INTERIOR, CAPTURE THE FLAG

ALL IMAGES: AL CRUTCHLEY

NEPAL

For Nepal, the developers created an environment at the top of the world: a remote mountain setting above the clouds, filled with a sense of mysticism and enlightenment. These qualities were vital themes that tied into the map's underlying story. *Overwatch*'s Nepal is home to the Shambali, an order of omnic monks. Though many of the structures were rustic in appearance, the team included touches of technology and omnic-inspired symbols



(next spread) throughout the map to hint at the robots that dwell atop the mountain.



VILLAGE



OVERVIEW



POSTCARD



SHRINE COLOR KEY



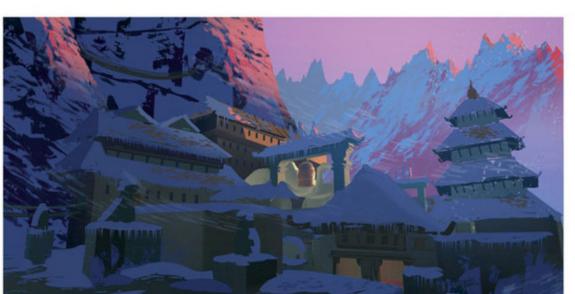
SANCTUM COLOR KEY



SHRINE COLOR KEY



EARLY IDEATION



SHRINE COLOR KEY

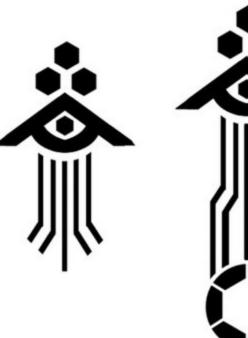








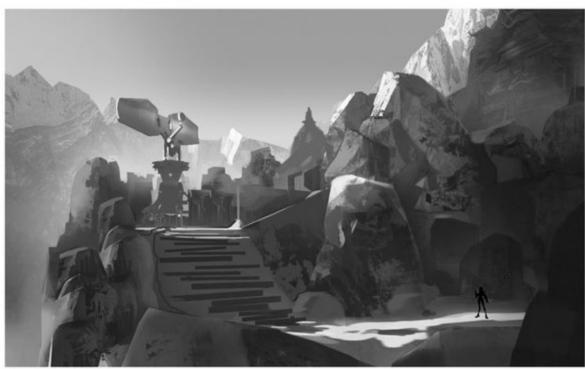




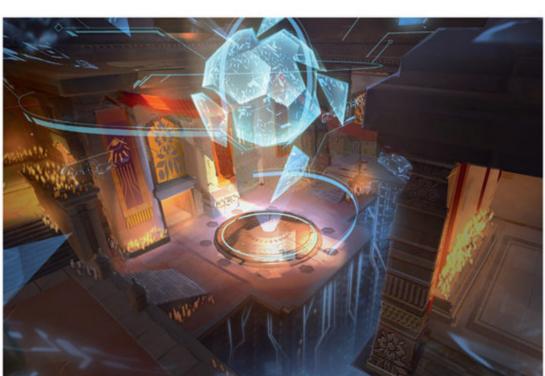




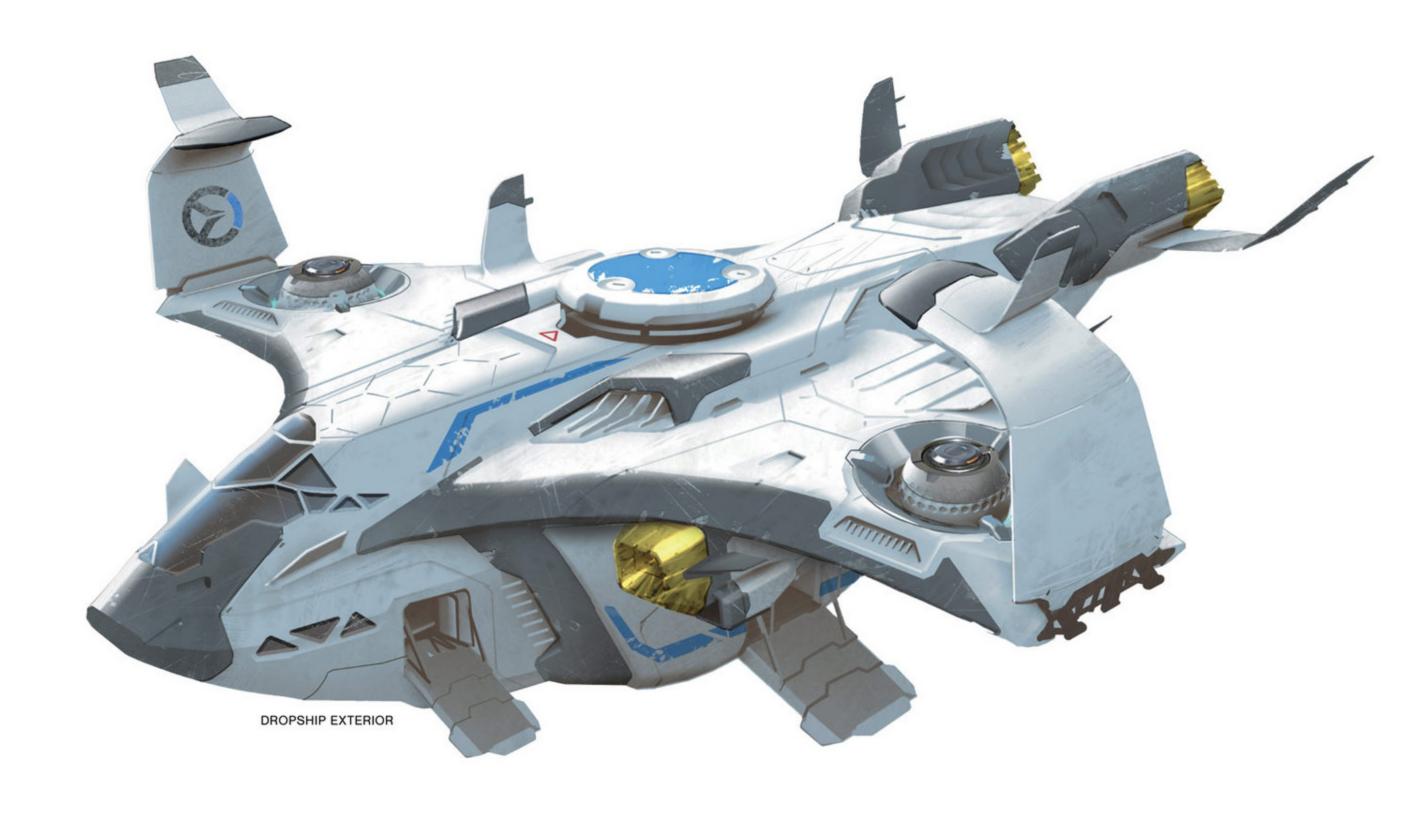








SANCTUM





DROPSHIP INTERIOR

NUMBANI

From the moment concept art for Numbani appeared (below), the developers were drawn to the idea of creating a highly advanced metropolis in Africa. The city represents hope and harmony; it is a rare location in the *Overwatch* world where humans and omnics live together in peace. As the designers began bringing the environment to life, they went through different iterations. One early idea had Numbani float above the ground. Another featured rectangular buildings with sleek glass surfaces. Ultimately, the team revisited the original concept art and fleshed out a city filled with curved skyscrapers that showed animal and tribal designs.

Because Numbani's aesthetic was so unique, the team looked for ways to make the location relatable. Cafes and other shops were added throughout the map to give the

sense of a dynamic place bursting with life. One end of the map featured a transportation hub to demonstrate that Numbani was connected to the rest of the world, rather than an isolated utopia.

WELCOME TO NUMBA



EARLY IDEATION



NUMBANI TRAVEL POSTER

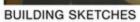


NUMBANI STREETS



EARLY IDEATION

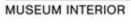


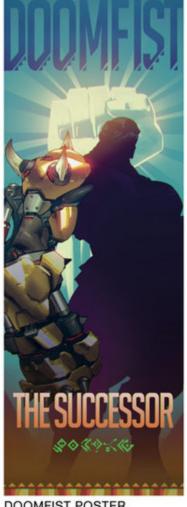




MUSEUM EXTERIOR

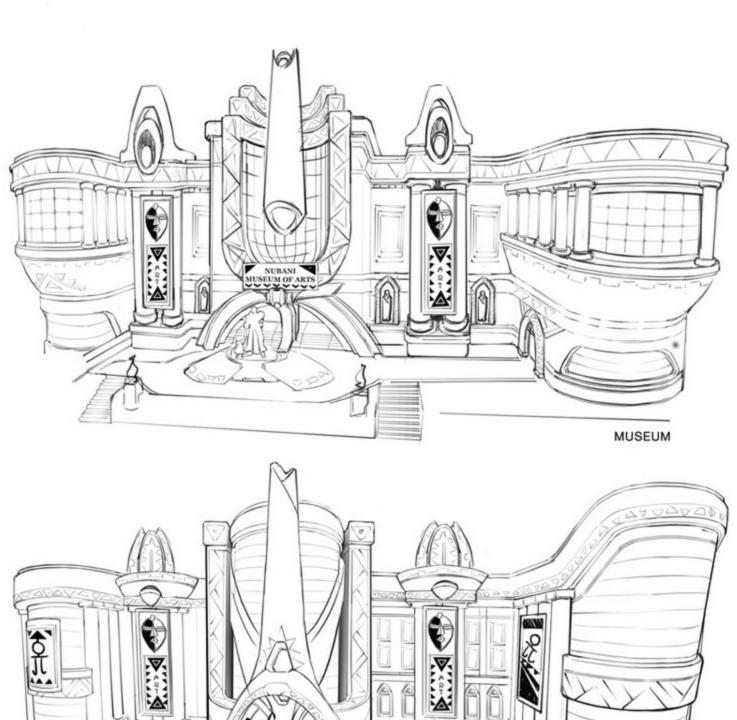






DOOMFIST POSTER





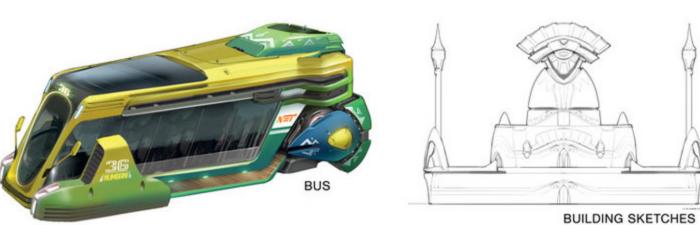


WESTBOUND

NuMa

Adwe-Airport

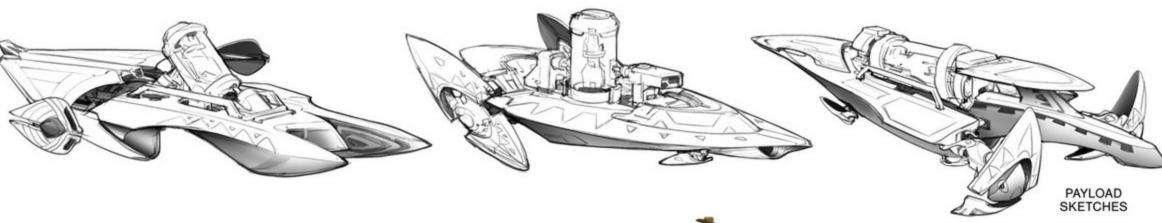
NUMBANI ELECTROMAGNETIC TRANSIT





MUSEUM











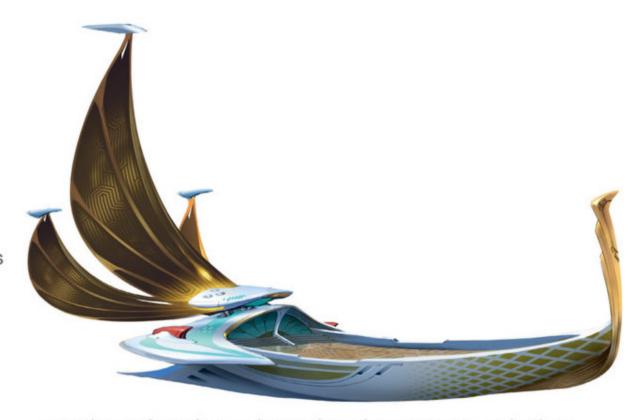


ALL IMAGES: AQUATIC MOON

OASIS

Much like Numbani, Oasis was a chance for the developers to create a futuristic city unique to the world of *Overwatch*. The two maps differed in their settings and what they represented. From its doorways to its wall patterns, Oasis was based on traditional Middle Eastern architecture and motifs. Whereas Numbani was themed around harmony between people and omnics, Oasis embraced the idea of human-centered advancement.

The developers modeled the city to be a place of knowledge and experimentation. In Oasis, people use



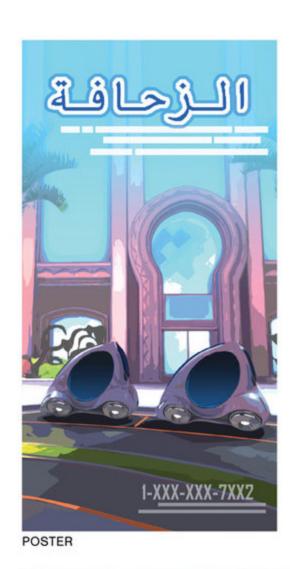
genetic engineering, cybernetic enhancement, and other augmenting technologies. Automated drones (next spread, top right) and cars were added to emphasize its high-tech setting. Oasis was the first time these design elements were used in an *Overwatch* map.



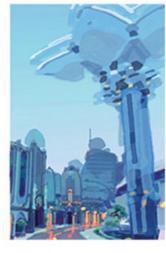
OVERVIEW

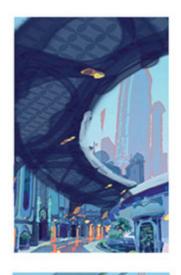


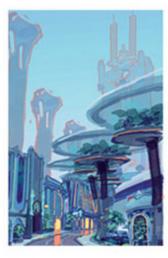
BUILDING INTERIOR



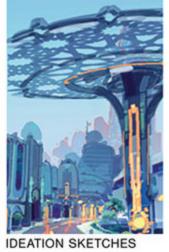


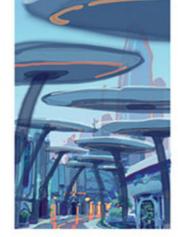


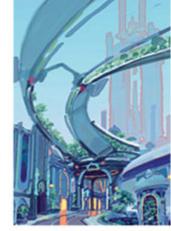






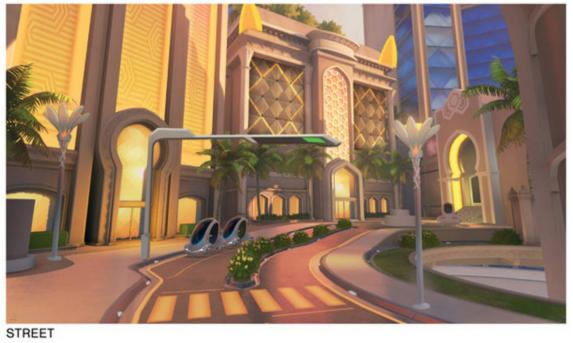














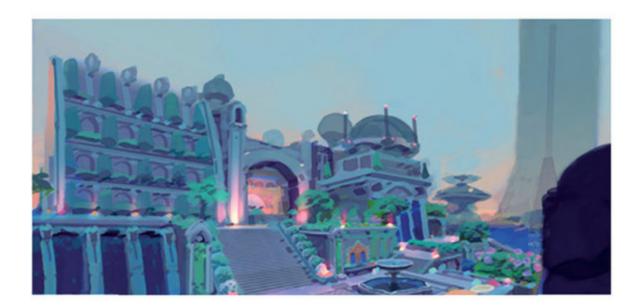


SIGNAGE

TOP LEFT: ANH DANG, TOP RIGHT: VASILI ZORIN, BOTTOM: PHILIP WANG























EARLY IDEATION



TOP LEFT: AL CRUTCHLEY, TOP RIGHT: ANH DANG, MIDDLE: PHILIP WANG, BOTTOM RIGHT: BEN ZHANG

ROUTE 66

The developers crafted Route 66 to evoke the fantasy and adventure of life on the open road.

Red rock formations, orange gravel on the ground, and a clear blue sky combined to create a color palette distinct from *Overwatch*'s existing environments. Many of the buildings that were made for the map, from the rustic diner to the cave filled with alien souvenirs, were inspired by places found along the highways of the Southwestern United States.

One goal of Route 66 was establishing the Deadlock Gang. The developers wanted the group to feel like powerful criminals rather than simply a ragtag band of misfits. The key to accomplishing this was building out the gang's elaborate hideout at one end of the map, showing that they are organized and highly resourceful.



BIG EARL'S

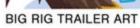


POSTCARD











THE HIGH SIDE



DEADLOCK HIDEOUT



NICK CARVER AND DAVID KANG

TEMPLE OF ANUBIS

Temple of Anubis was the first map crafted for *Overwatch*. The team picked this Egypt-based location for many reasons. One was that Temple of Anubis offered the best place to showcase the game's heroes. The desert environment featured bright direct sunlight, which rendered the characters and their designs in vivid detail. Another reason was the map's potential for strong visual motifs. Architectural elements like the Sphinx and the pyramids were identifiable, and they created an atmosphere of adventure.

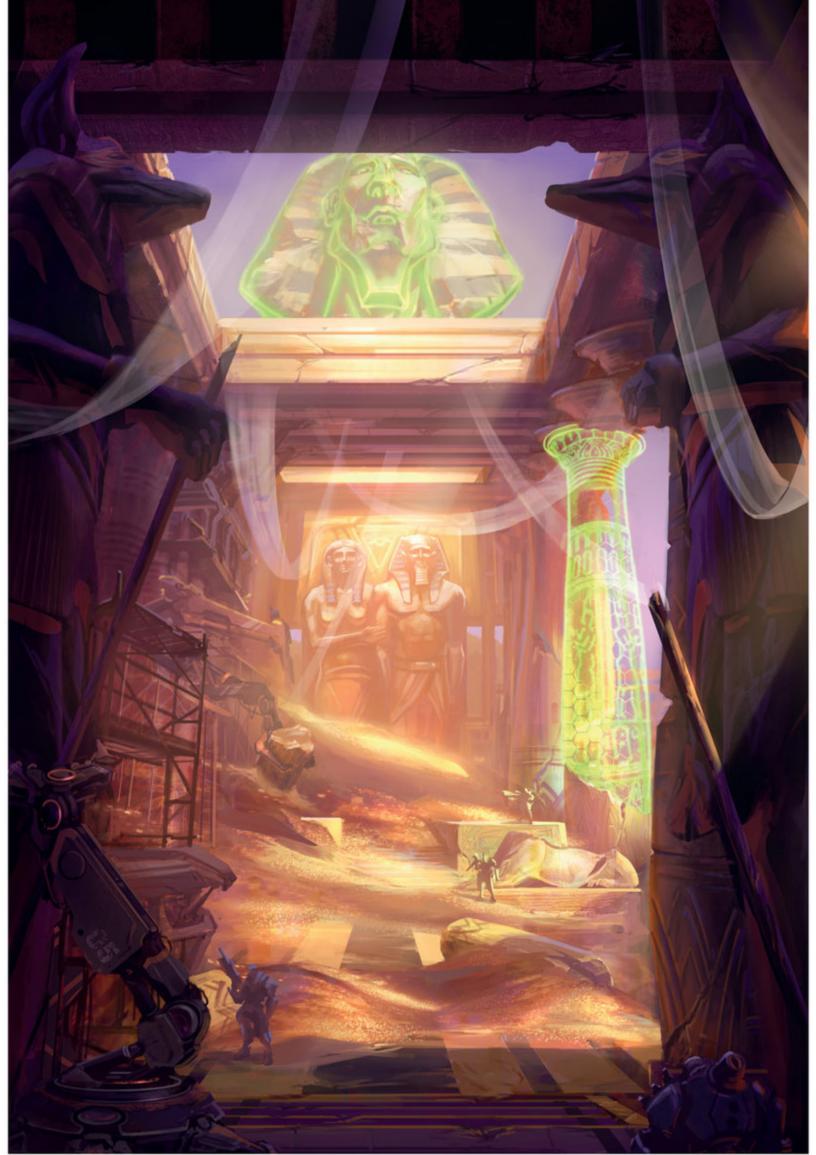
In making Temple of
Anubis, the developers experimented with
how far they could exaggerate
architecture and push the map's
fantasy. They also toyed with adding atmospheric
effects like wind-blown sand. What the team learned while
creating Temple of Anubis helped them find the right tone
and style for the entire world of *Overwatch*.

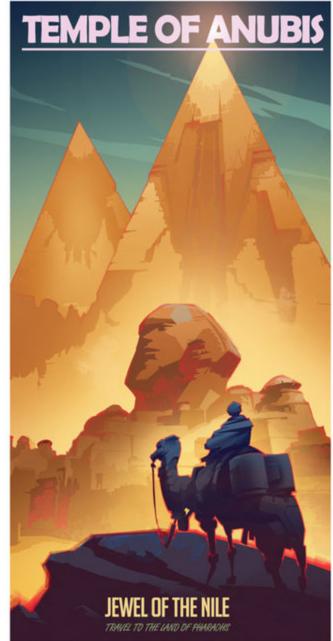


EARLY IDEATION

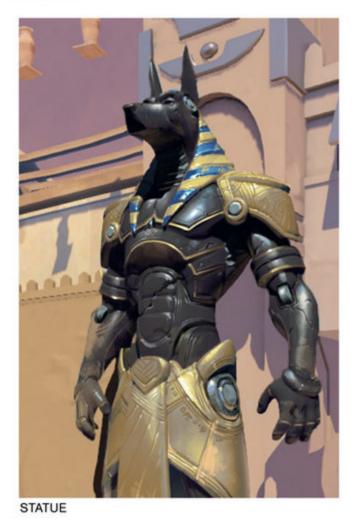


VISUAL TARGET





POSTCARD

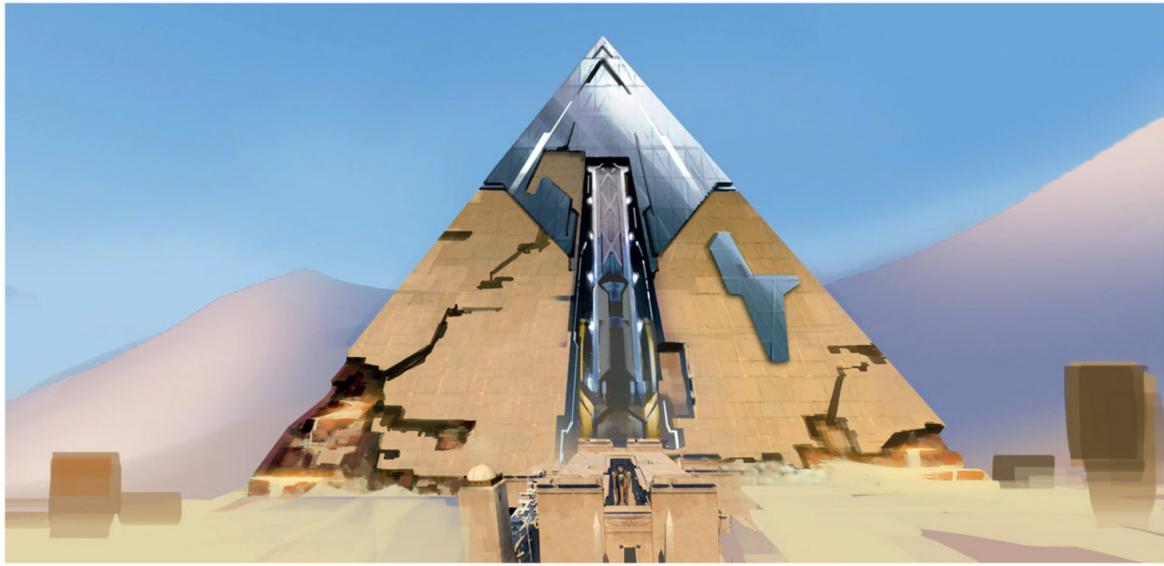


EARLY IDEATION



CAPTURE POINT DEVICE

TOP LEFT: PETER C. LEE, TOP RIGHT AND BOTTOM: BEN ZHANG, MIDDLE RIGHT: ARNOLD TSANG



PYRAMID









SPAWN ROOM CONCEPT



MIDDLE LEFT AND LOWER LEFT: $\mbox{\bf ARNOLD TSANG},$ REMAINDER OF IMAGES: $\mbox{\bf BEN ZHANG}$

VOLSKAYA INDUSTRIES

With Volskaya Industries, the developers captured a Russian-inspired city in a beautiful snowy environment. The story was a critical component of the map. The team emphasized the country's history of conflict with omnics through wall murals (middle row) and a giant factory producing mechs to fight robots (opposite page, top). It was critical to show that these war machines were controlled by people rather than artificial intelligences. To communicate

this idea, the developers placed anti-omnic posters throughout the map (opposite page, center) and designed the mechs to have windowed cockpits (opposite page, bottom right).



RESIDENTIAL AREA



POSTCARD



RELIEF PAINTING







SIGNAGE

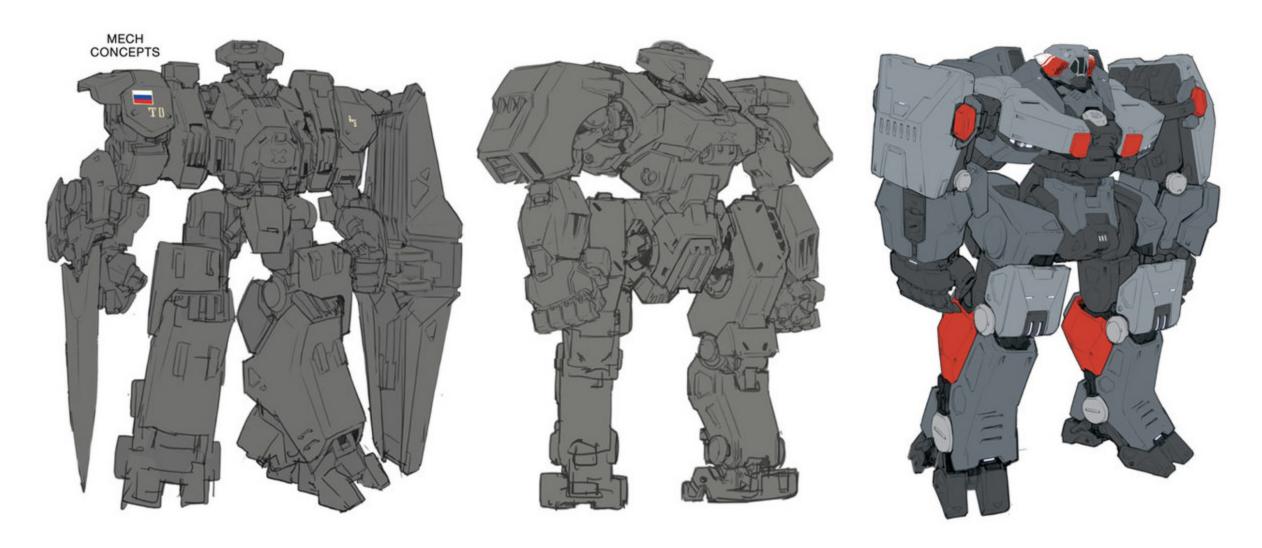


EARLY IDEATION





PROPAGANDA POSTERS CAPTURE POINT AREA



TOP: PETER C. LEE, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: BEN ZHANG



FACTORY EXTERIOR



EARLY IDEATION



MOVING PLATFORM





EARLY IDEATION

BOTTOM: PETER C. LEE, REMAINDER OF IMAGES: BEN ZHANG

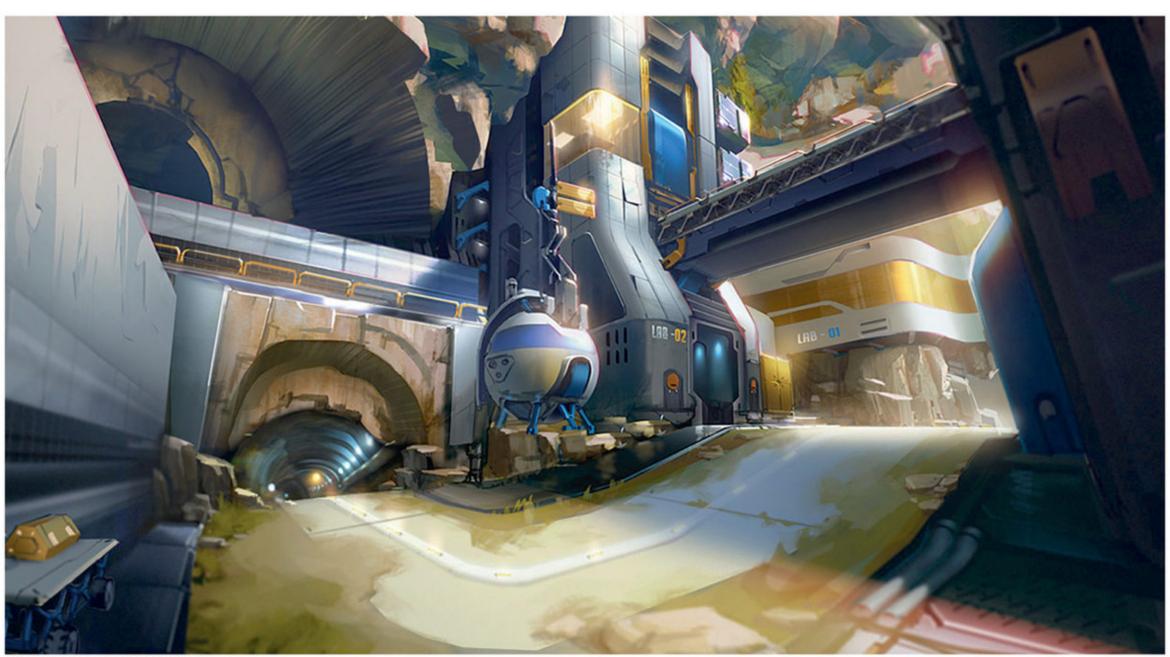
ENVIRONMENTS

WATCHPOINT: GIBRALTAR

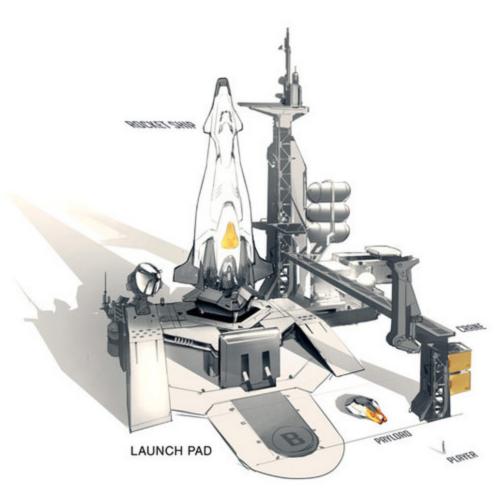
Watchpoint: Gibraltar introduced ideas and designs that hadn't appeared in other environments. The map was home to an adult Winston, and the developers added small touches to the environment to indicate his presence. Most of these elements appeared in a lab at one end of the map, where the hero spends his time surveying the state of the world and snacking on peanut butter (next spread, left page). The inclusion of props like photographs and the space capsule was crucial for telling parts of Winston's backstory.



Gibraltar was also the first location set in a base belonging to the Overwatch group. The developers concepted unique architecture, devices, and vehicles to define a clear visual style for the organization.

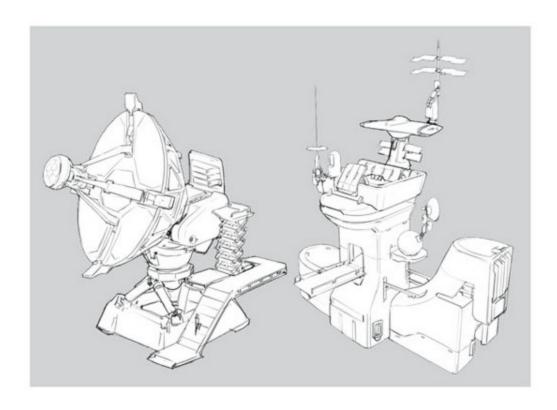


WATCHPOINT: GIBRALTAR EXTERIOR





ALL IMAGES: BEN ZHANG





ENVIRONMENT PAINTOVER



MAP OVERVIEW

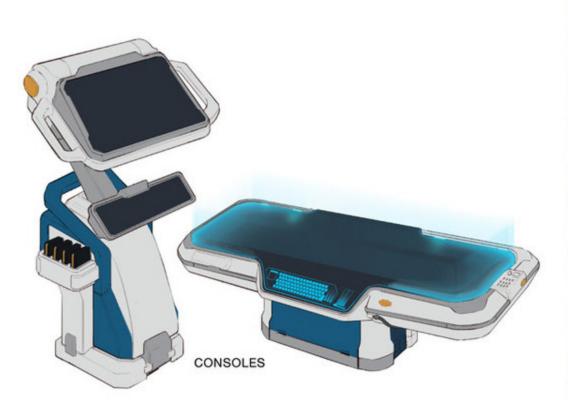


POSTCARD



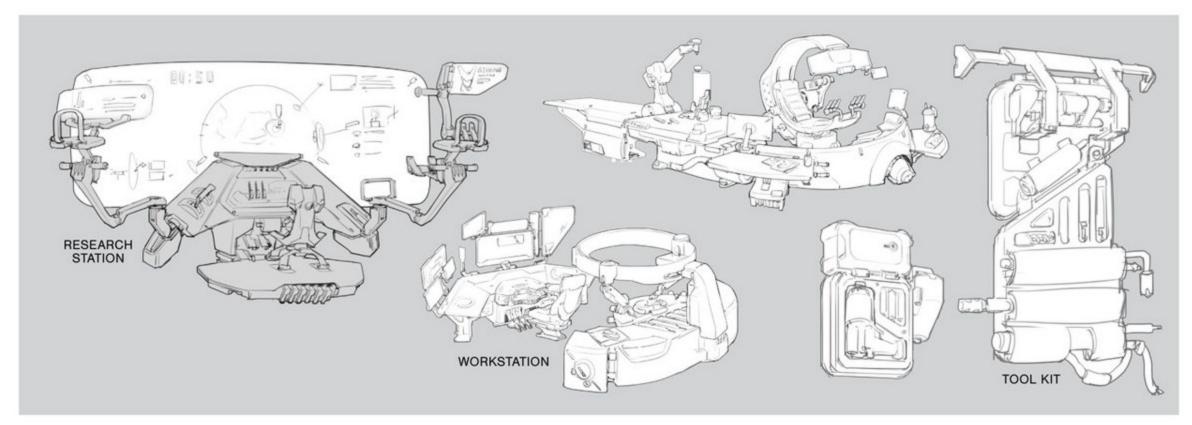
LAUNCH PAD

LOWER LEFT: ${\bf DAVID}$ ${\bf KANG},$ REMAINDER OF IMAGES: ${\bf BEN}$ ${\bf ZHANG}$





WINSTON'S LAB

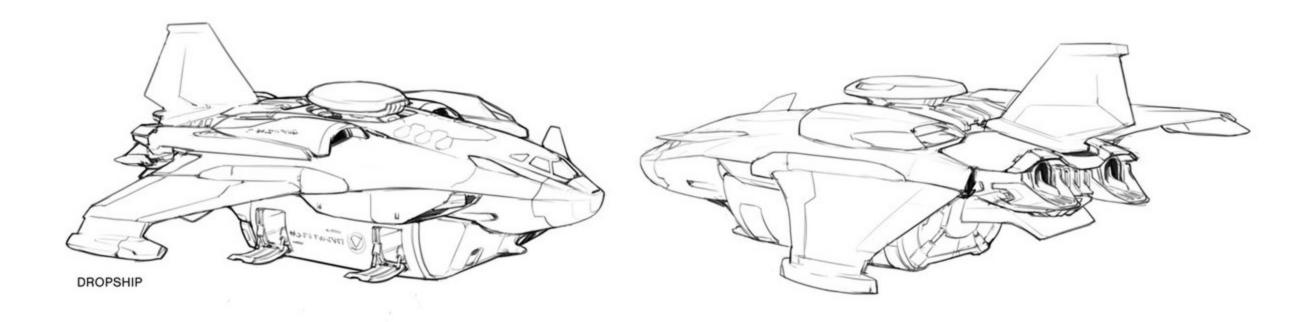




WINSTON'S LAB

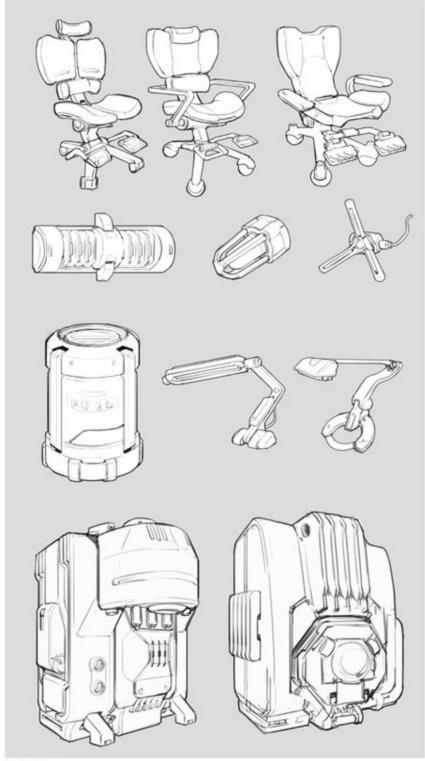


ALL IMAGES: BEN ZHANG

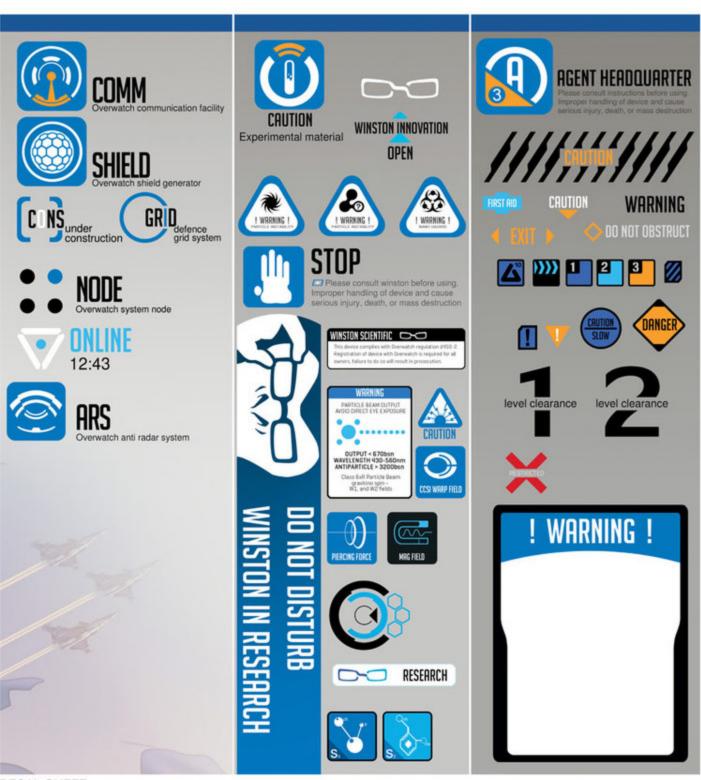




WORKSTATION HUD







DECAL SHEET

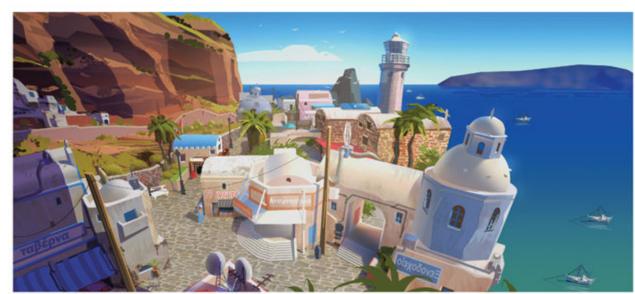
ENVIRONMENTS

ILIOS

Ilios was the last map the game team created before Overwatch's release. At this point in development, the designers had made everything from a secret base carved into the heart of Gibraltar to the bustling metropolis around Lijiang Tower. For Ilios, their goal was to craft something conceptually simpler, an idyllic Greek vacation spot hugged by the deep blue Mediterranean Sea. Having a down-toearth location served as a welcome contrast to the game's high-tech maps. However, Ilios wasn't completely without its futuristic touches. The developers added hints of technology throughout the map to make it feel like part of the *Overwatch* world.



LIGHTHOUSE



LIGHTHOUSE



POSTCARD



WINDMILL







5K/N5

When it came time to design heroes, the Overwatch developers established art guidelines to make the game stylistically cohesive. They wanted their characters, no matter how diverse they were, to feel like they all inhabited the

Skins were a different story. They gave the designers an opportunity to break the mold and explore the characters from new perspectives. Some skins featured younger versions of the heroes that tied into their backstories. Others took a thematic component from a character and pushed it to the extreme.

Designing skins brought its own technical and artistic challenges—the most important of which was preserving the heroes' identities. Whether skins were serious or light-hearted, the developers always made sure they celebrated what made each character special and stayed true to who they were.

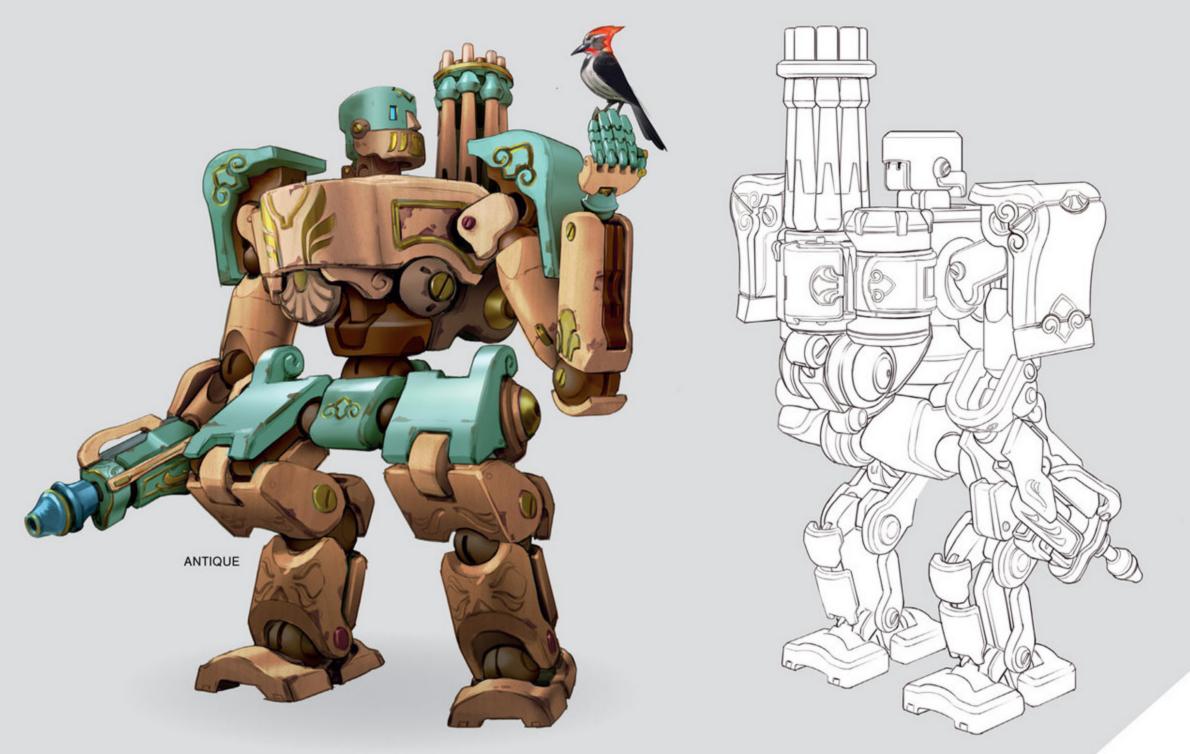




For Bastion's skins, the developers created concept art for each of the robot's configurations: recon, sentry, and tank. It was crucial that each mode felt not only unique, but also consistent with the skin's overall theme. These designs also had to fit Bastion's existing animations so the new skins would flow seamlessly during transformation.

Another factor to consider when creating Bastion's skins was adjusting the look of the robot's feathered companion, Ganymede. Changes to the bird were usually made after the hero's concepts were finalized. This way, the team could tie Ganymede's appearance into Bastion's design, such as with the woodpecker and the Antique skin (bottom).





TOP: BEN ZHANG, LOWER LEFT: BEN ZHANG AND DAVID KANG, LOWER RIGHT: DAVID KANG



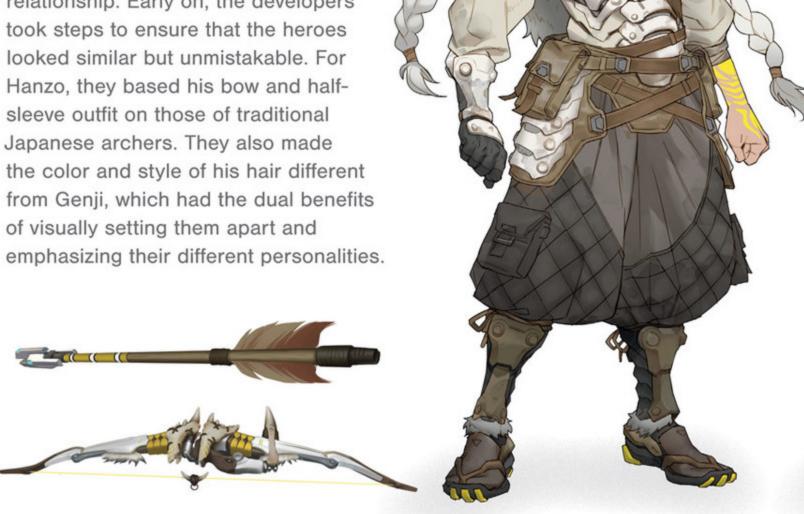


ALL IMAGES: JOHN POLIDORA



HANZO

The game team rendered young versions of Hanzo (bottom right) and Genji (opposite page, bottom left) to further both brothers' backstories and their relationship. Early on, the developers took steps to ensure that the heroes looked similar but unmistakable. For Hanzo, they based his bow and halfsleeve outfit on those of traditional Japanese archers. They also made the color and style of his hair different from Genji, which had the dual benefits of visually setting them apart and







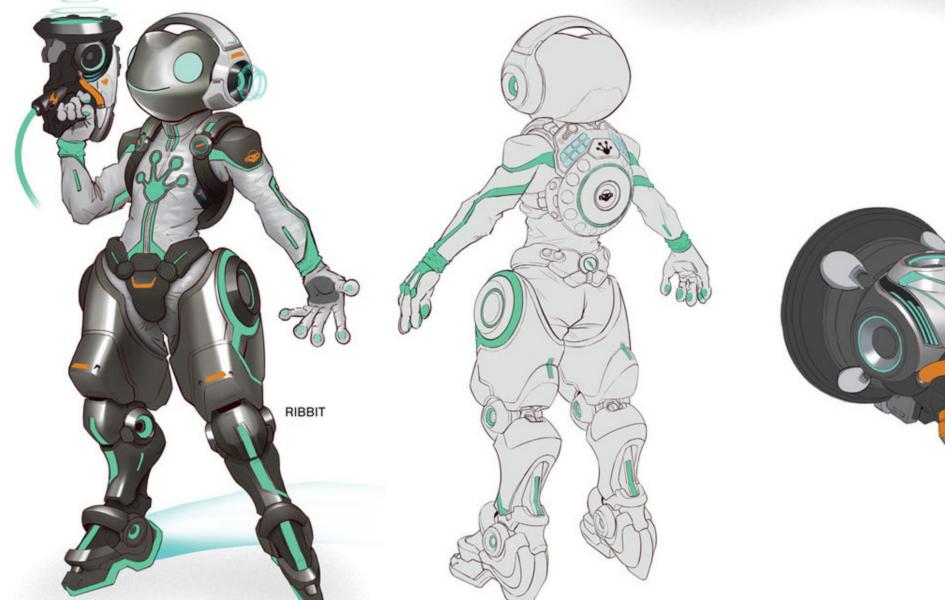
ALL IMAGES: ARNOLD TSANG

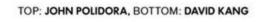


LÚCIO

The developers focused on musical and athletic themes for Lúcio's skins. For designs like Ribbit (bottom left), they looked to EDM and techno music for inspiration. Some of these ideas originated from the hero's backstory. Breakaway (below) was based on Lúcio's favorite sport: hockey.







BREAKAWAY



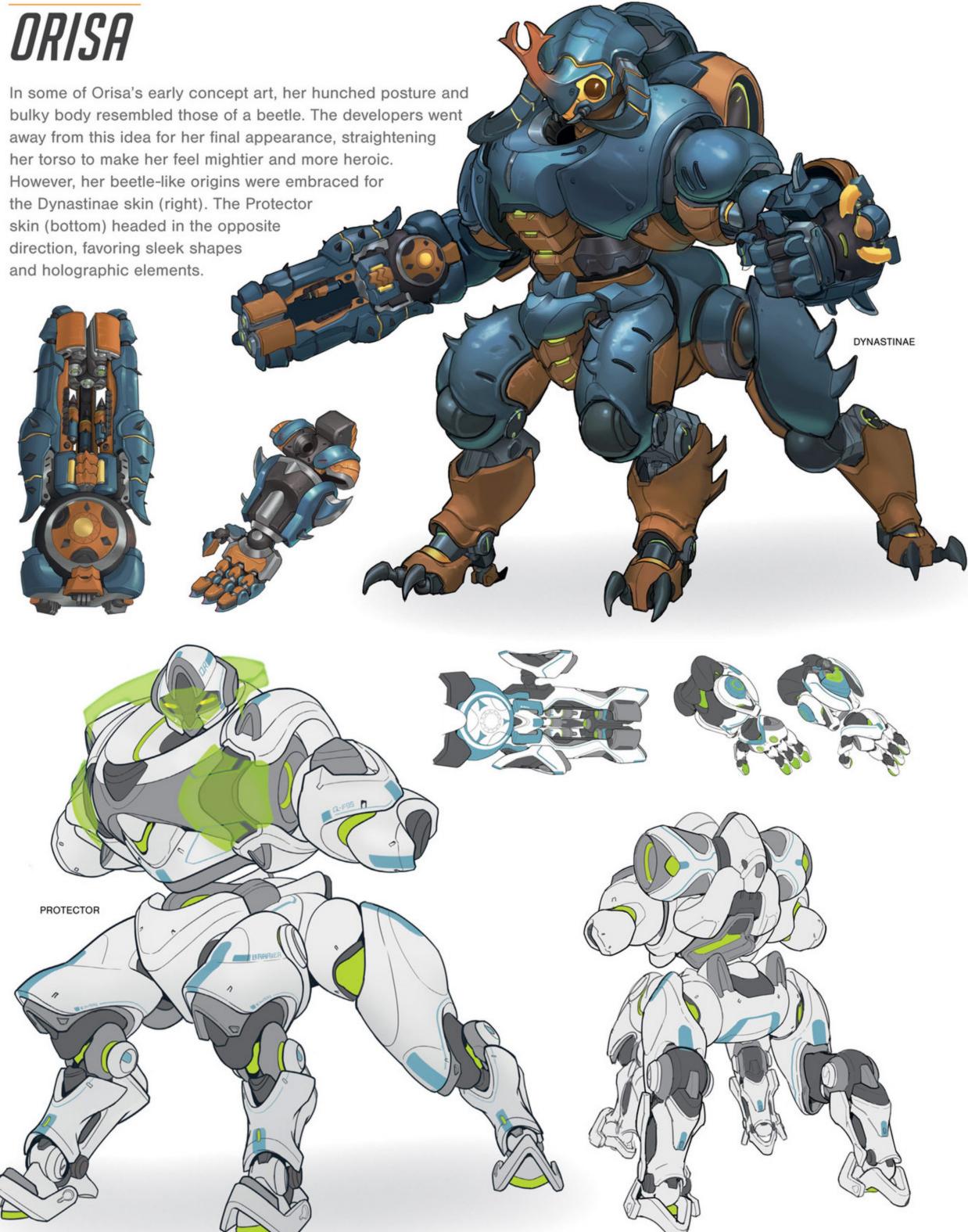
SKINS MEI

Mei's skins were based on everything from her Chinese heritage to her abilities. Reimagining her as a firefighter for the Rescue Mei skin seemed like a great fit for her weapon

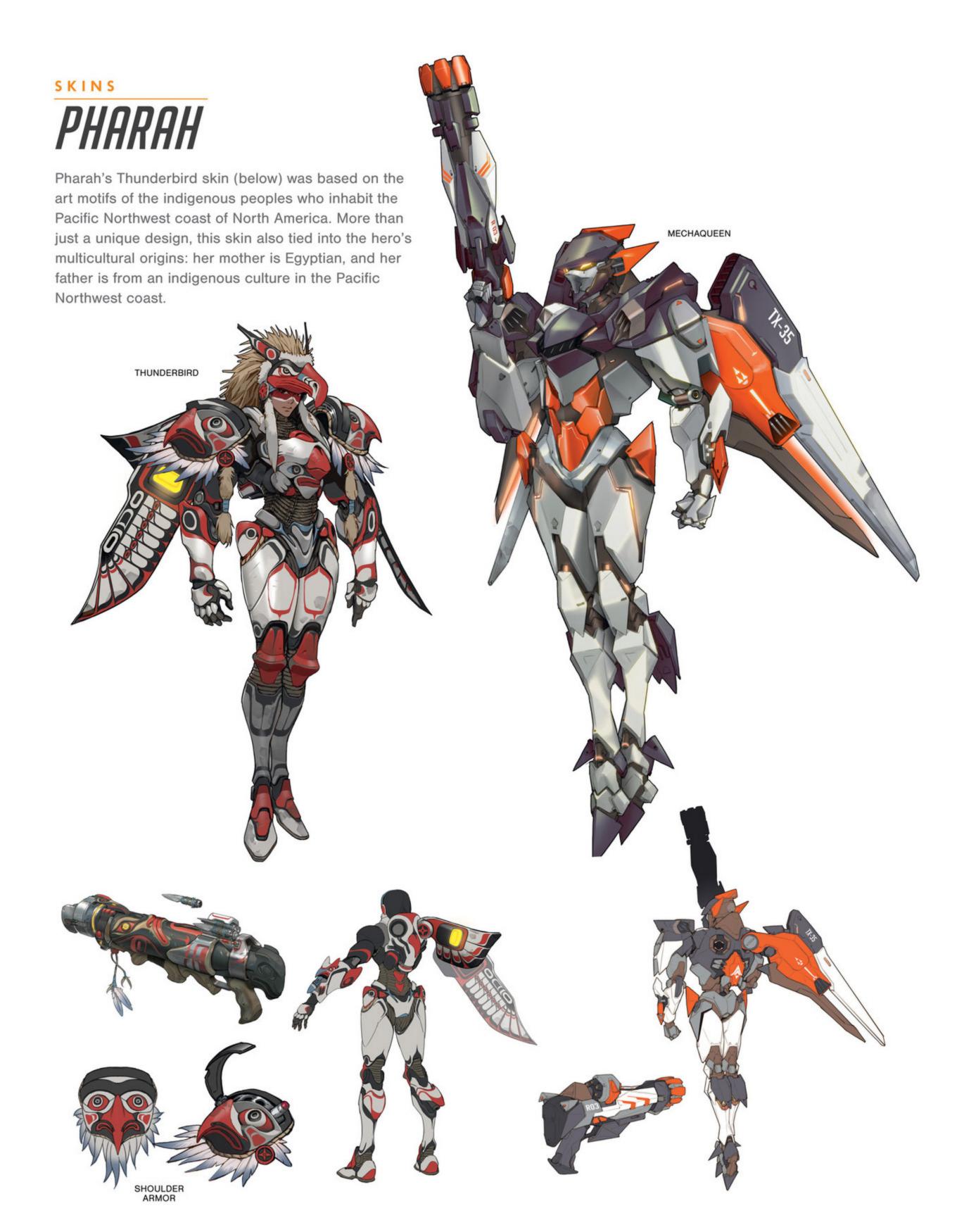


ALL IMAGES: BEN ZHANG





TOP: MORTEN SKAALVIK, BOTTOM: QIU FANG



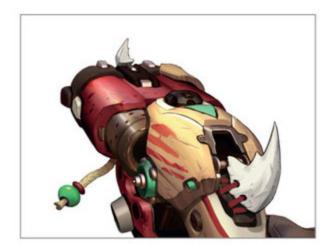
REAPER Reaper's Mariachi skin included a hat, greatly altering his normal appearance. The developers were concerned that it might look too much like McCree from a distance. In the end, Reaper's unique posture and in-game animations made him easily recognizable despite the changes to his outfit. NEVERMORE MARIACHI

TOP: DAVID KANG, BOTTOM: JOHN POLIDORA



ROADHOG

When creating skins based on other cultures, the developers conduct thorough research. For the Toa appearance (below), they consulted a Maori tattoo artist to ensure Roadhog's designs were authentic. While working with this contact, the developers also learned the proper number of feathers that a warrior should wear: three. The final version of Toa was updated to reflect this, which gave the skin another layer of accuracy.





ALL IMAGES: JOHN POLIDORA

SOLDIER: 76

around the '70s era, but everyone had different ideas about what that meant stylistically. Eventually, two skins emerged from these discussions: Commando: 76 (bottom) and Daredevil: 76 (right). Though they both have very distinct tones, they were both



SOMBRA

The developers wanted Sombra's skins to express her unparalleled personality: a mix of smart, agile, and dangerous. Los Muertos (bottom) accomplished this and more. The skin tied into the hero's backstory, when Sombra's hacking prowess was employed by the Los Muertos gang in Mexico.

LOS MUERTOS

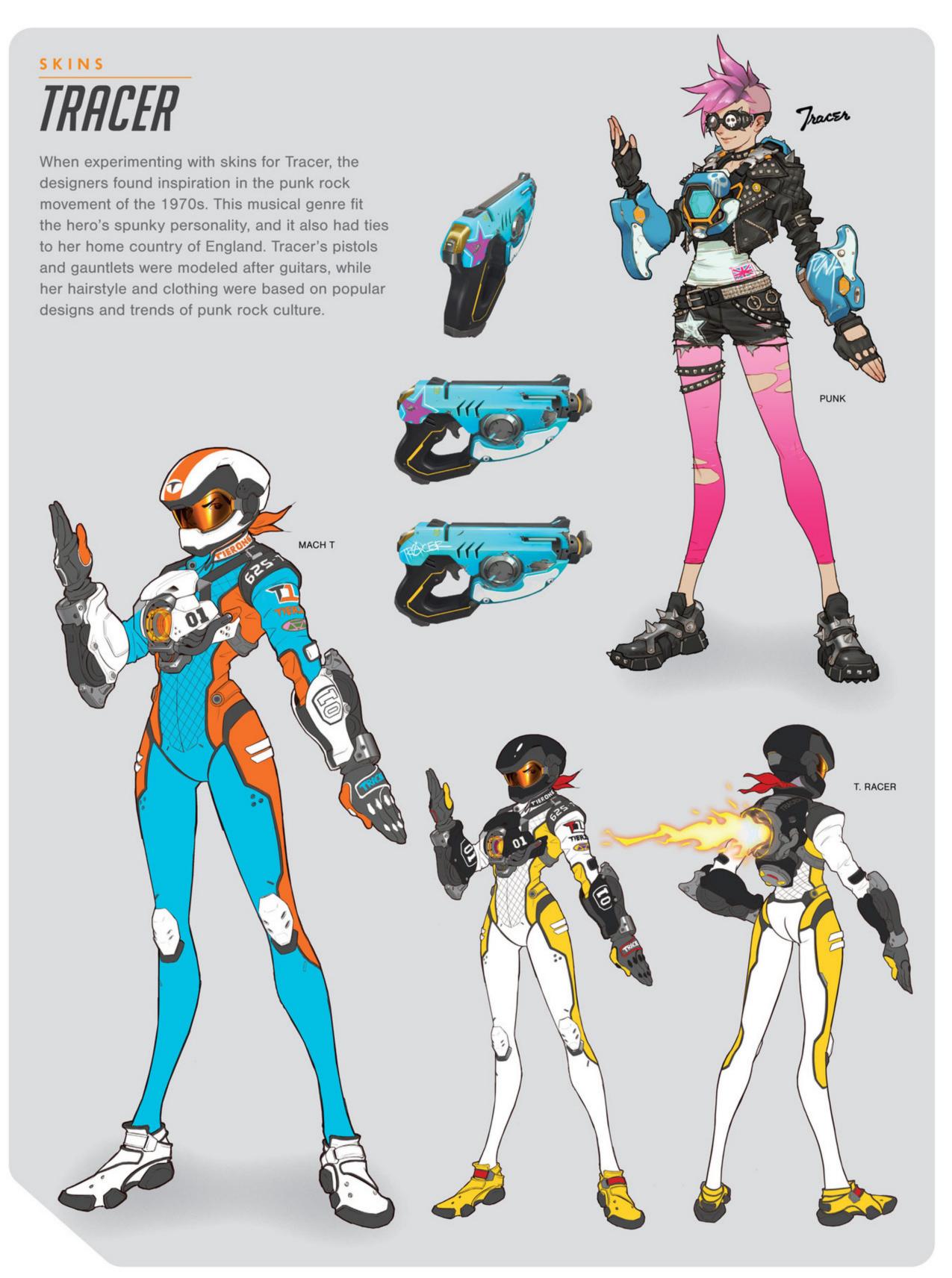
One of the challenges with building this appearance was Sombra's tattoos. The developers had to adjust their design tools and create new technology to support glowing effects on the character's skin.



TOP: JUNGAH LEE, BOTTOM: JOHN POLIDORA







SKINS

WIDOWMAKER

Changing Widowmaker's visor based on her skins was fun, but challenging. The visor was tied to a core animation—the different components sliding together over her eyes when she uses her ultimate ability, Infra-Sight. No matter what skin idea the developers pursued, they designed each part of the visor to work impeccably with the hero's existing animation.



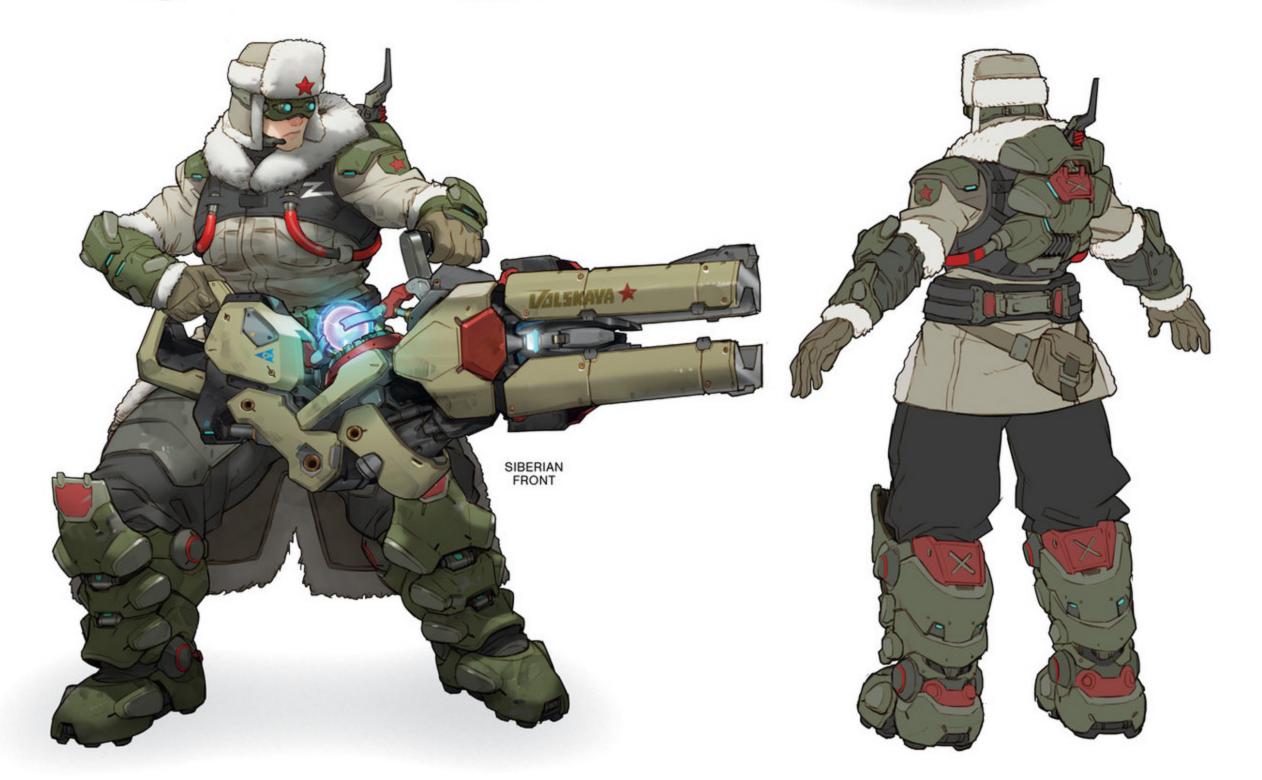




ZARYA

The developers often craft skins around a character's backstory. For Zarya, the Siberian Front (bottom) design conveyed her Russian heritage and service to her homeland in the Russian Defense Forces.





TOP: JOHN POLIDORA, BOTTOM: ARNOLD TSANG





ARNOLD TSANG AND DAVID KANG





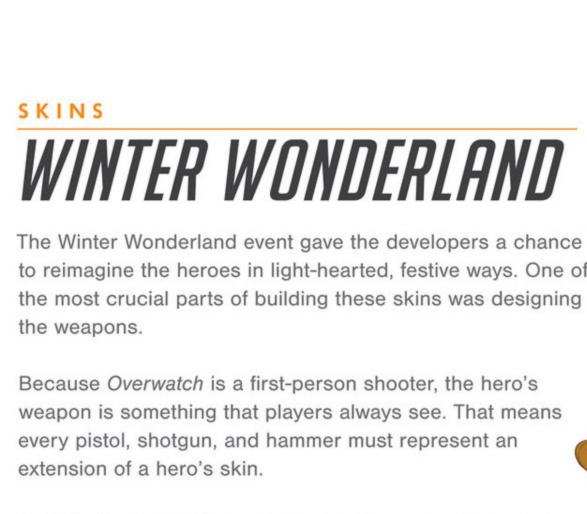
LOWER RIGHT: $\mbox{\bf ARNOLD TSANG},$ REMAINDER OF IMAGES: $\mbox{\bf DAVID KANG}$

OFFICER



















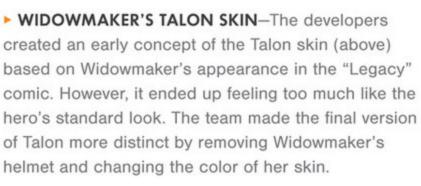
SKINS

UPRISING

Much like the *Origins Edition* skins, the designs released for the Uprising event offered a glimpse into a pivotal period of the characters' lives. One of the most extreme designs belonged to Genji. After his brother, Hanzo, nearly killed him, he was taken in by Overwatch and given a new body (below). The experience left the hero embittered and angry, constantly at war with the cybernetics that were now a part of him.

When designing a skin for this part of Genji's story, the developers used his outfit to mirror his turbulent state of mind. They made his armor feel like a mishmash of parts, symbolizing the hero's struggle to accept what he has become. The use of red throughout the skin also helped to emphasize his uncontrollable rage.





TALON WIDOWMAKER

TOP: BEN ZHANG AND DAVID KANG, BOTTOM LEFT: ARNOLD TSANG, BOTTOM RIGHT: DAVID KANG





TOP: ANH DANG, BOTTOM: JOHN POLIDORA



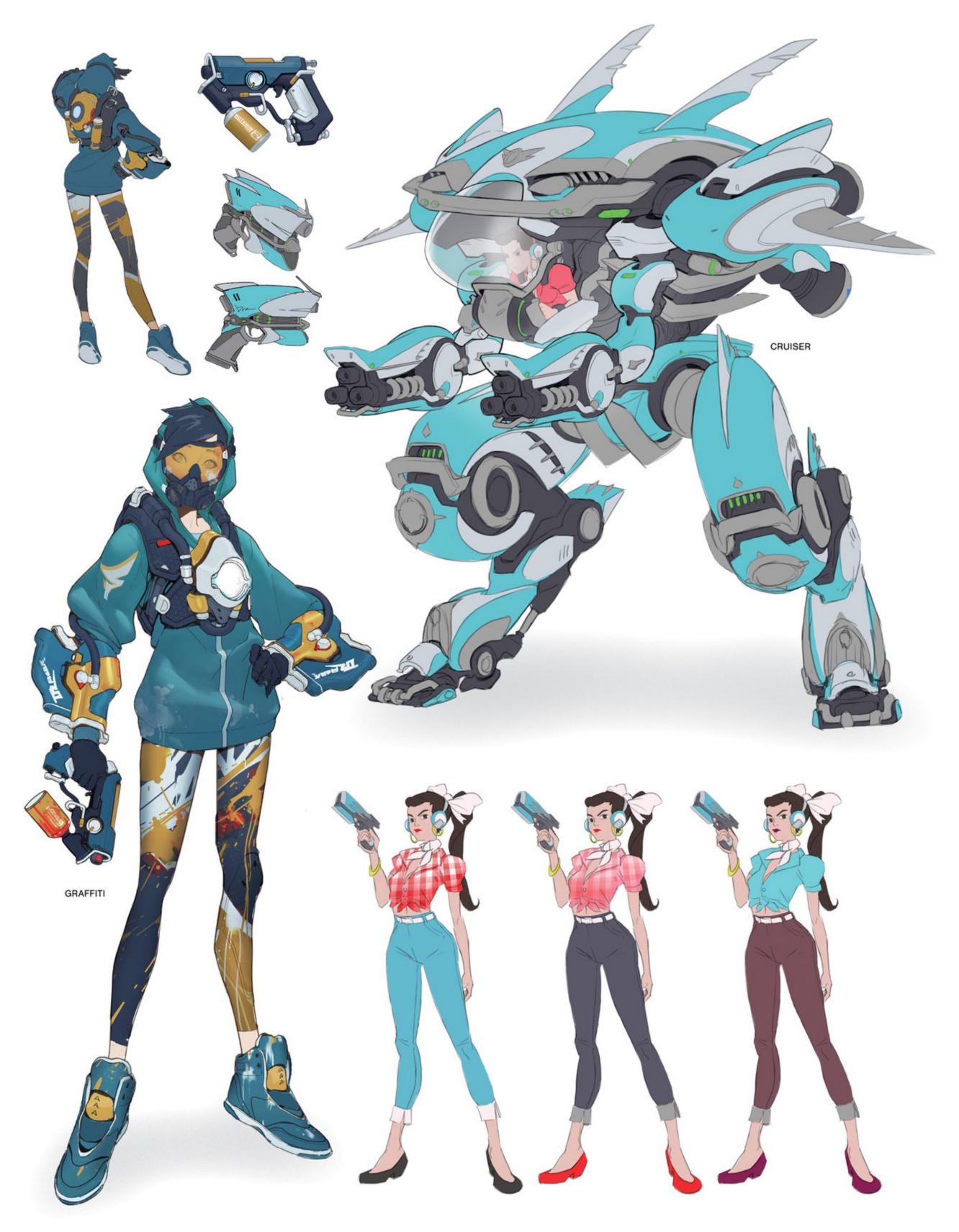
JOHN POLIDORA, ARNOLD TSANG, ANH DANG, AND QIU FANG



DAVID KANG, BEN ZHANG, HICHAM HABCHI, AND MORTEN SKAALVIK



TOP: ANH DANG, BOTTOM: QIU FANG



LEFT: QIU FANG, RIGHT: JOHN POLIDORA





LEFT: HICHAM HABCHI, RIGHT: ARNOLD TSANG, GUN: DAVID KANG





SPRAYS

Early in development, the *Overwatch* team decided to put sprays in the game. The ability for players to leave their mark on the world was a fun and well-established convention of the first-person shooter genre. For *Overwatch* in particular, sprays offered the game team a way to reward players for progression, express the characters through different art styles, and reveal backstory.



Some sprays are themed around a hero's alternate skins. Others express a character's heritage. A few, like the image of a shrike (second row, third column), do both.

This bird has the same name as one of Ana's skins, and it's also native to her home country, Egypt. The text on the animal's back is a type of Arabic calligraphy where a word—in this case, "shrike"—is written to form a stylized design.















AQUATIC MOON, PAUL WARZECHA, JOHN POLIDORA, DAVID KANG, ARNOLD TSANG, BEN ZHANG, AND BLACK ZEBRA STUDIO



Cute But Deadly art (top right) is a spray style that's used for all heroes. The game team liked these illustrations because they portrayed *Overwatch*'s characters in a lighthearted way while still preserving the essence of their unique personalities.



























ARNOLD TSANG, BEN ZHANG, JOHN POLIDORA, PAUL WARZECHA, BLACK ZEBRA STUDIO, AND ANDREW ERIKSON







Every *Overwatch* hero has a unique color scheme, such as green and yellow for Lúcio. The game team relies on these core palettes to give each character a library of sprays that are cohesive and easily recognizable.































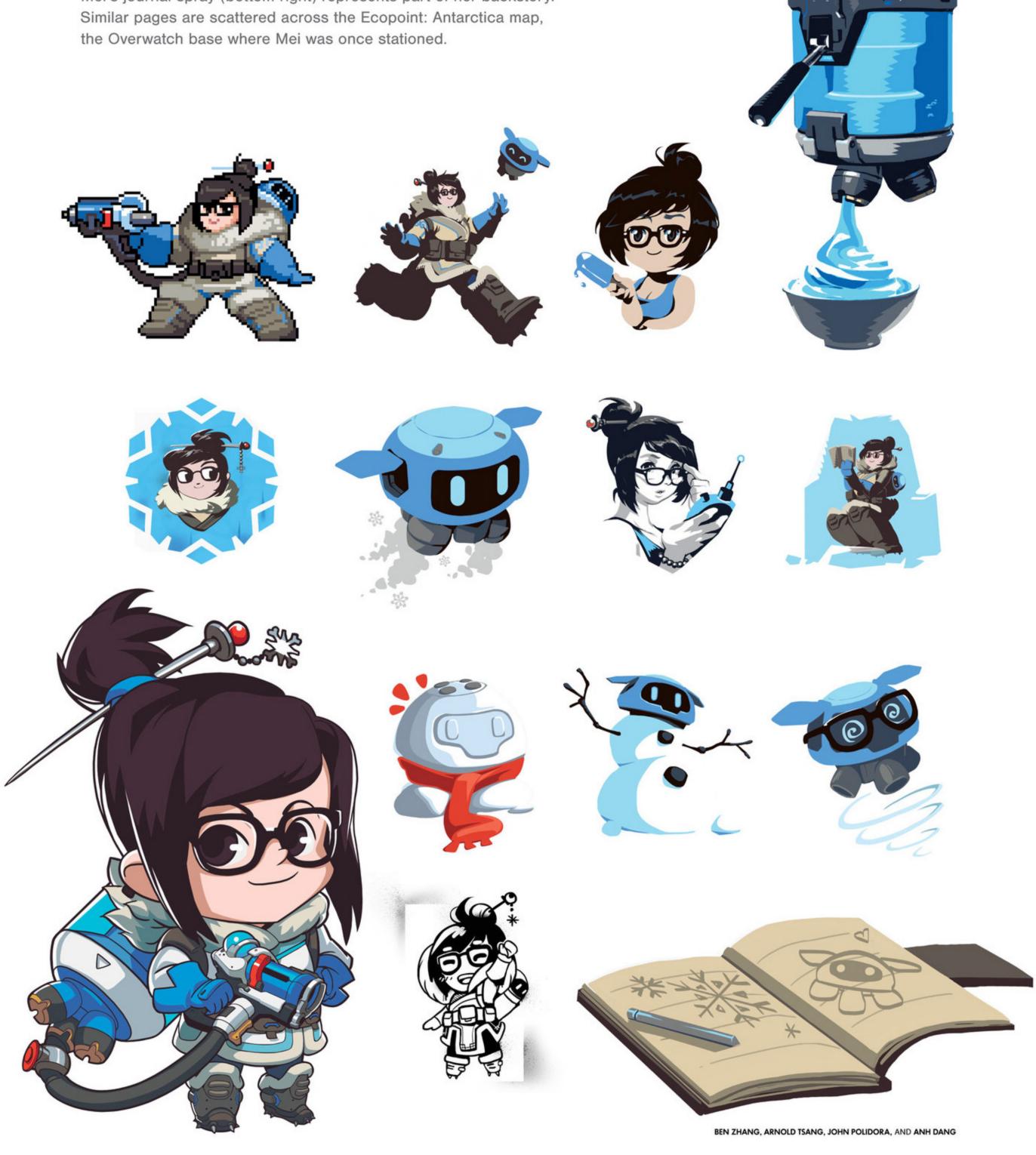
$S\;P\;R\;A\;Y\;S$

McCREE





Mei's journal spray (bottom right) represents part of her backstory.





$S\ P\ R\ A\ Y\ S$

































PHARAH

When establishing guidelines for sprays, the *Overwatch* team was drawn to the idea of pixel art (first row, first column). The style felt like a fun homage to past games that had influenced the developers. Pixel art also allowed the team to create simplified designs with limited color palettes, which made the sprays easy to grasp at a glance during gameplay.



















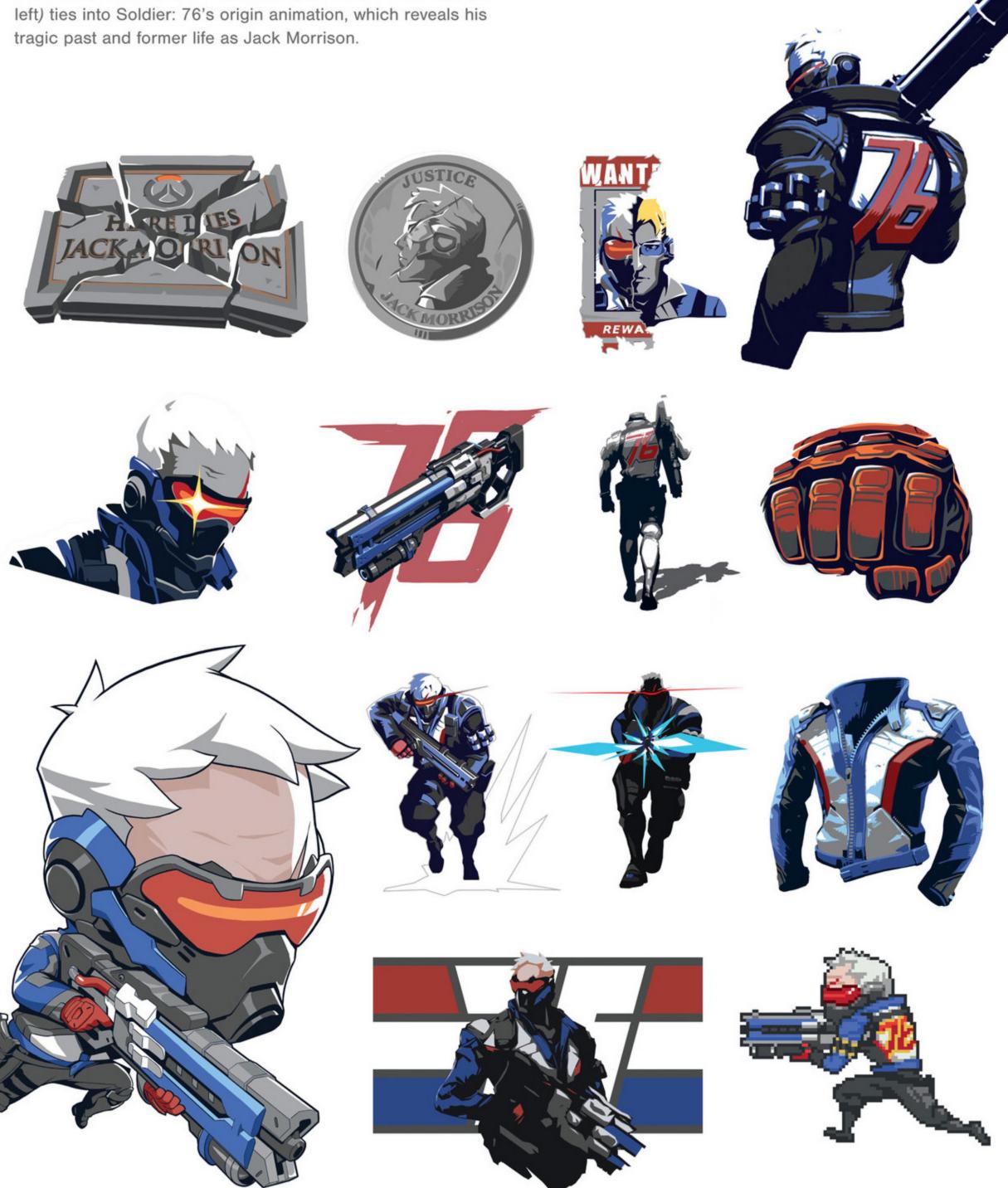




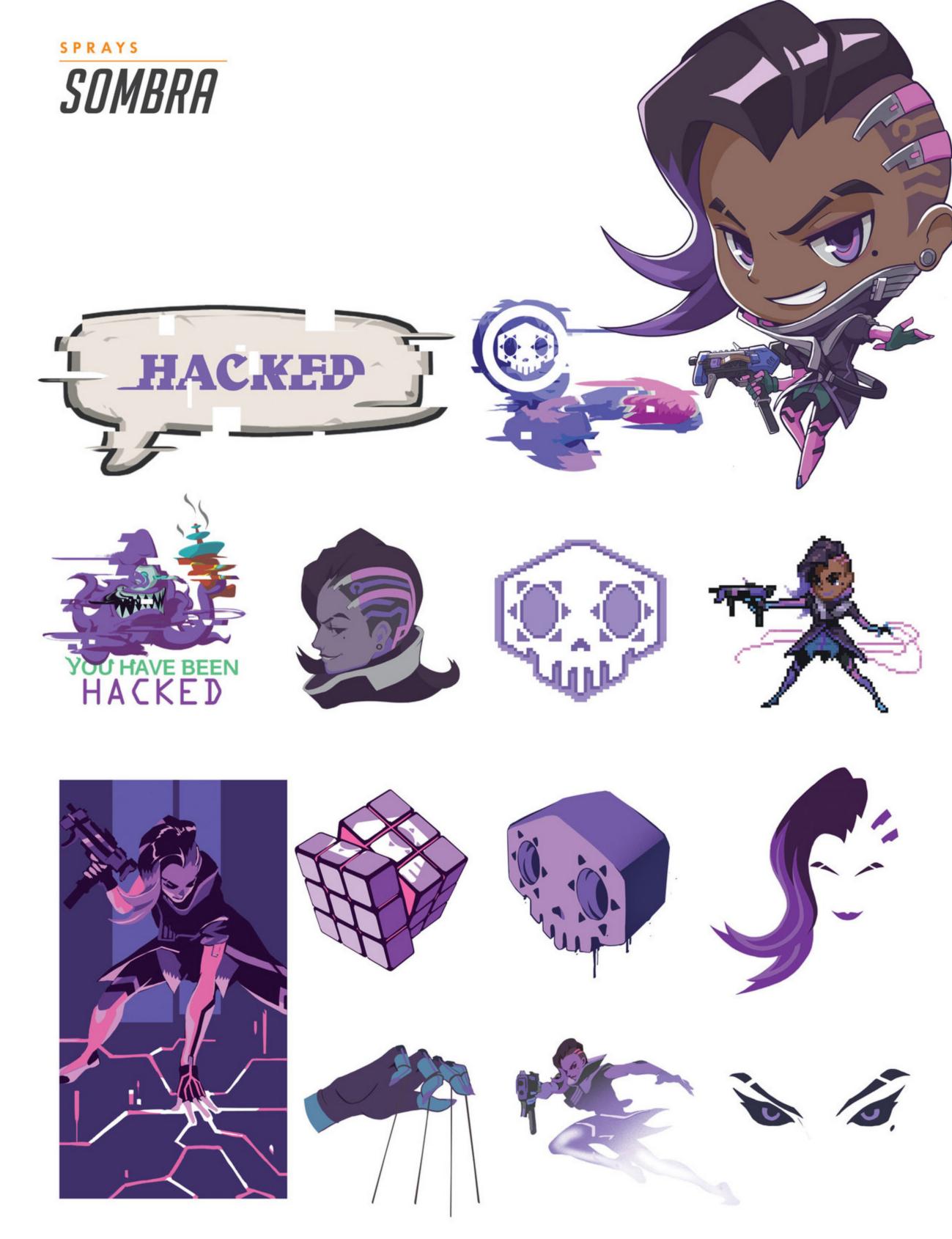
 $S\ P\ R\ A\ Y\ S$ ROADHOG WILD AQUATIC MOON, BEN ZHANG, ARNOLD TSANG, AND JOHN POLIDORA

SOLDIER: 76

The Overwatch team included many bits and pieces of the characters' backstories in their sprays. The tombstone (upper



JOSHUA MANNING, JOHN POLIDORA, AQUATIC MOON, ARNOLD TSANG, AND MARTIN OCEJO



SYMMETRA

In addition to expressing backstory elements, the Overwatch team designed sprays to reflect the characters' abilities and outfits. The lotus flower (bottom right) is based on Symmetra's teleporter.





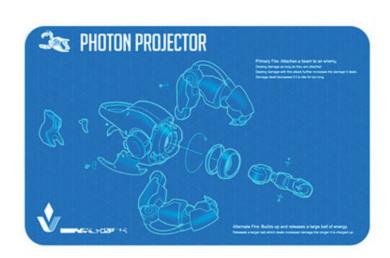




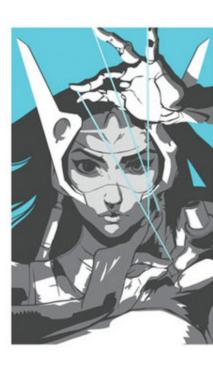






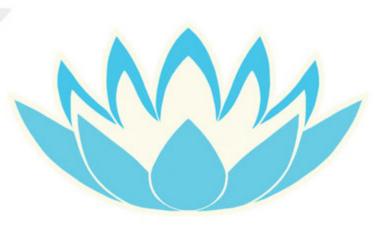












JOHN POLIDORA, BEN ZHANG, AND ARNOLD TSANG

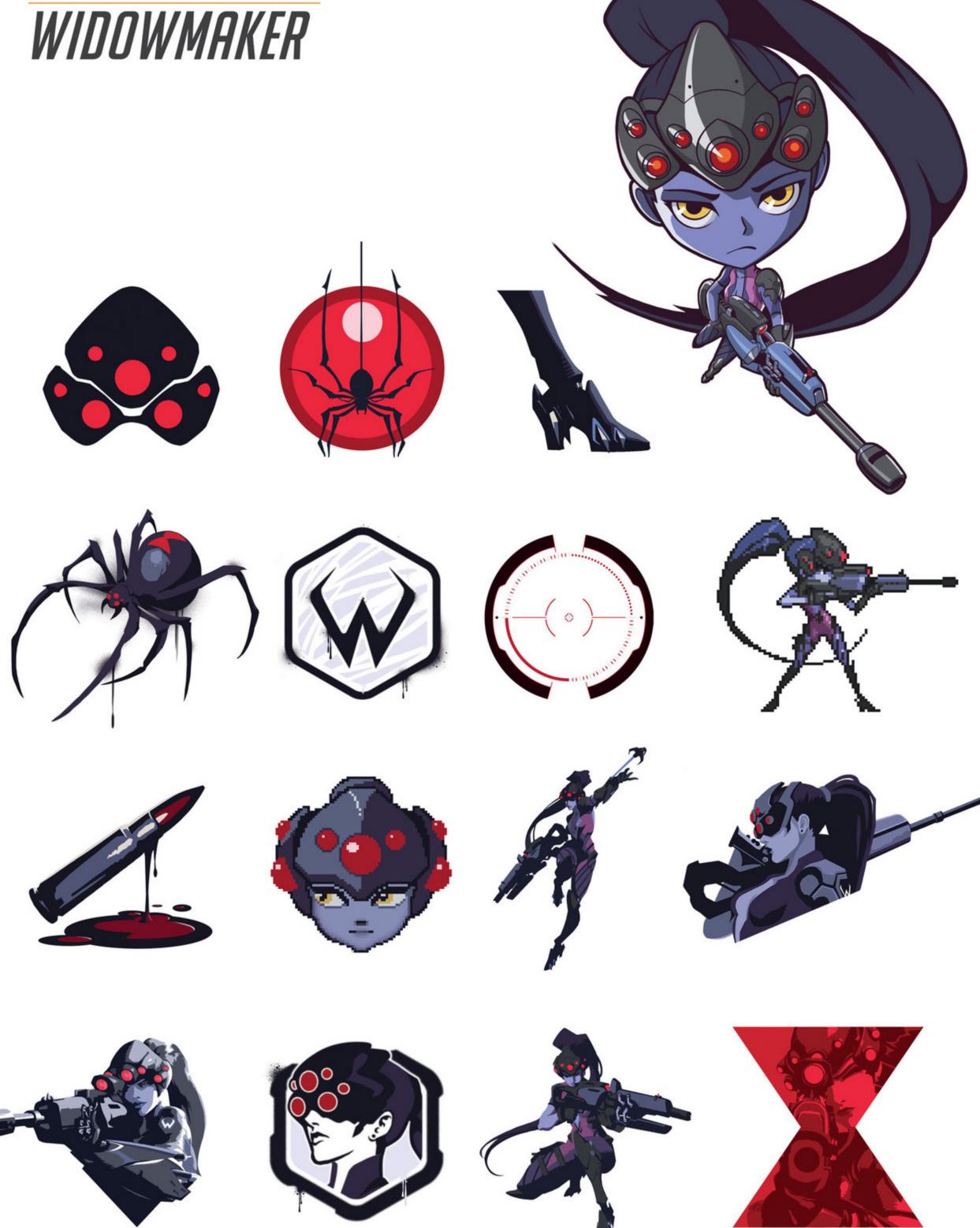


TRACER

When the game team began experimenting with sprays, they used Tracer as the test case. Artists created dozens of illustrations for her, and they came in all varieties. Some showed parts of her outfit or her weapons. Others were decals or logos. As the game team reviewed the sprays, they realized that the most impactful ones featured Tracer herself.



ARNOLD TSANG AND POWERHOUSE



ARNOLD TSANG, JOHN POLIDORA, DAVID KANG, BEN ZHANG, NICK CARVER, AND BLACK ZEBRA STUDIO

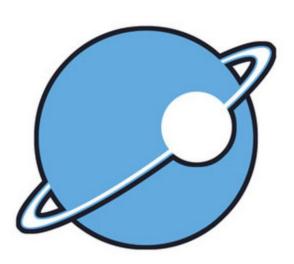
WINSTON

A handful of Winston's sprays were based on the "Recall" animated short. Images like the picture (first row, second column), lexigram (second row, second column), view of Earth (third row, second column), and poster (third row, third column) were inspired by props and scenes from the film.



























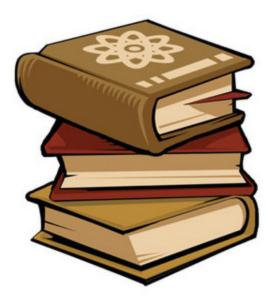








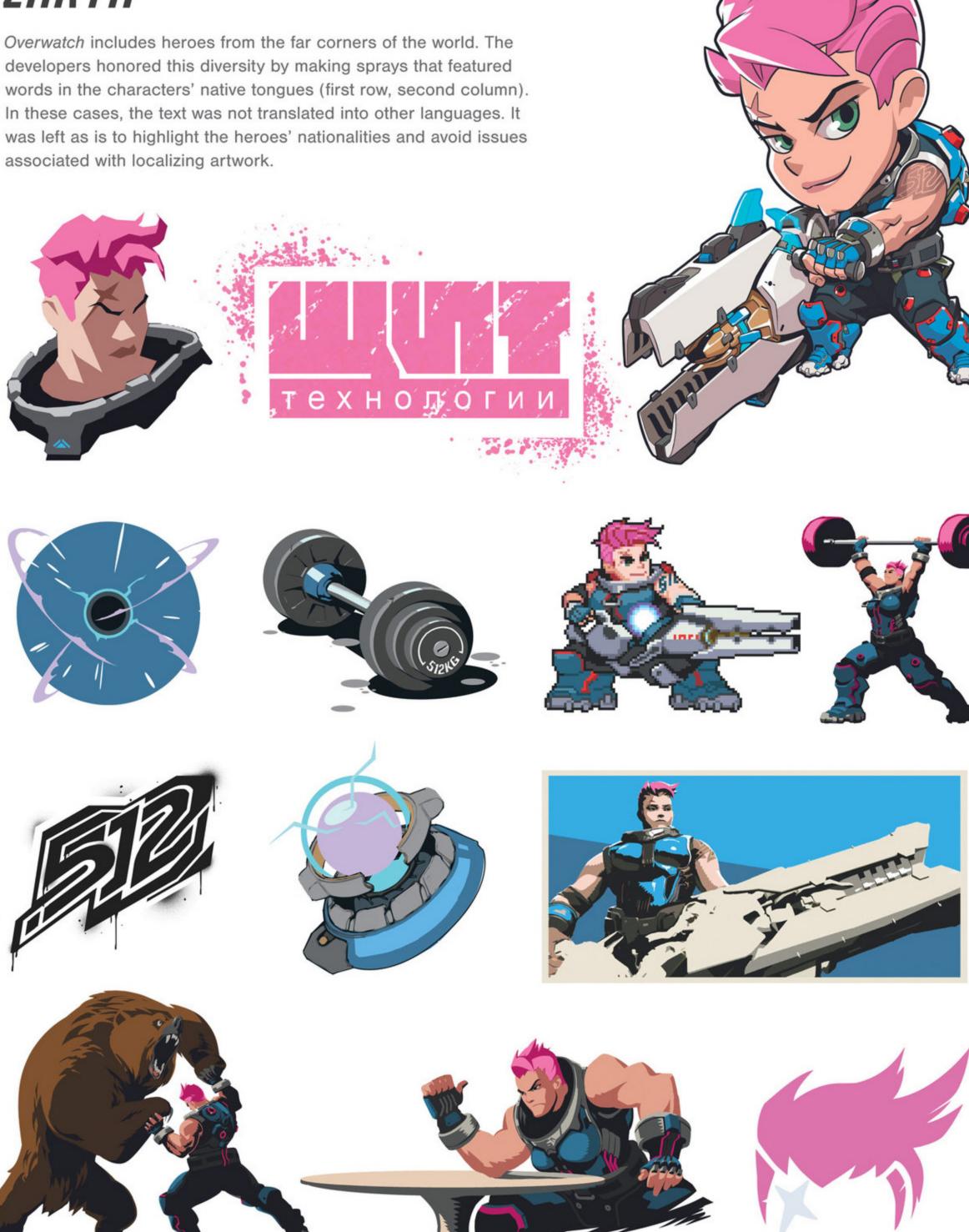




ARNOLD TSANG, BLACK ZEBRA STUDIO, DAVID KANG, AQUATIC MOON, AND BEN ZHANG

SPRAYS ZARYA

developers honored this diversity by making sprays that featured In these cases, the text was not translated into other languages. It





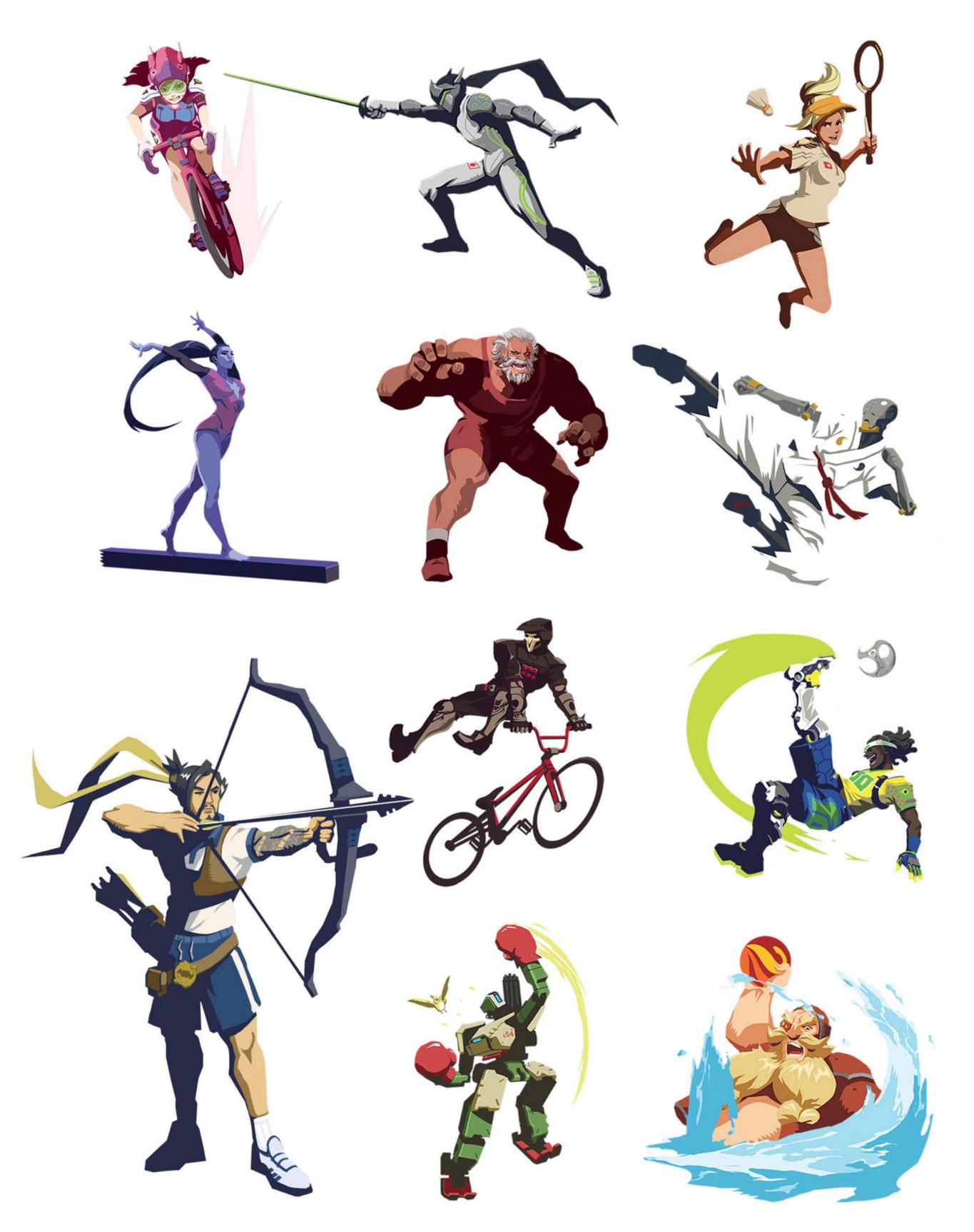
ARNOLD TSANG, JOHN POLIDORA, BEN ZHANG, NICK CARVER, BLACK ZEBRA STUDIO, ANH DANG, AND MARTIN OCEJO

SPRAYS SUMMER GAMES

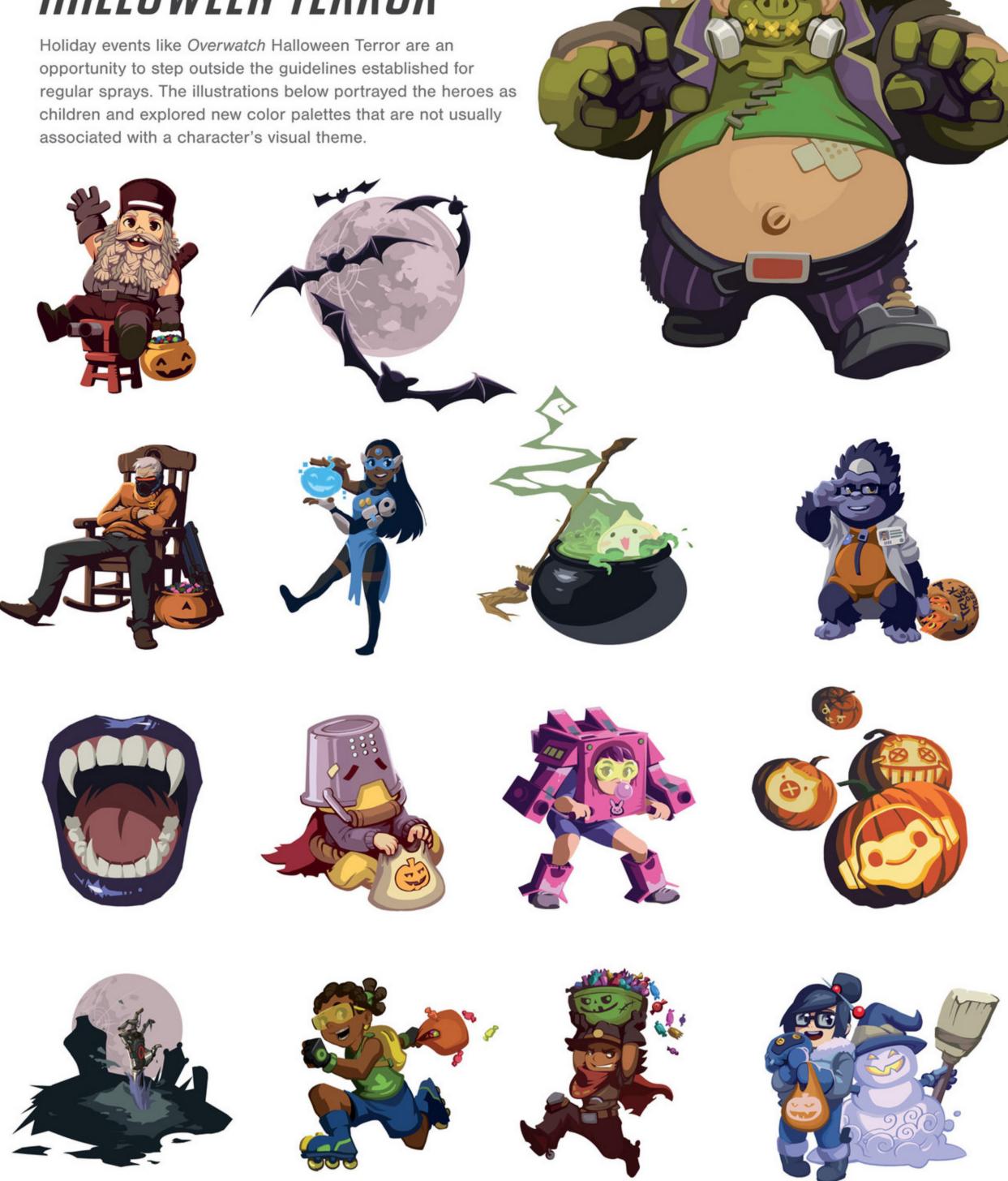




ANDREW ERICKSON, ANH DANG, SAMANTHA RUSSO, AQUATIC MOON, AND ARNOLD TSANG



OVERWATCH HALLOWEEN TERROR



AQUATIC MOON AND SAMANTHA RUSSO



WINTER WONDERLAND

For the first Winter Wonderland event, the *Overwatch* team reimagined the heroes as holiday ornaments (opposite). These were more than just fun new expressions of the characters; they were a way to facilitate interactivity for the players. Artists also created a Christmas tree spray that players could combine with hero ornaments or other decorations.

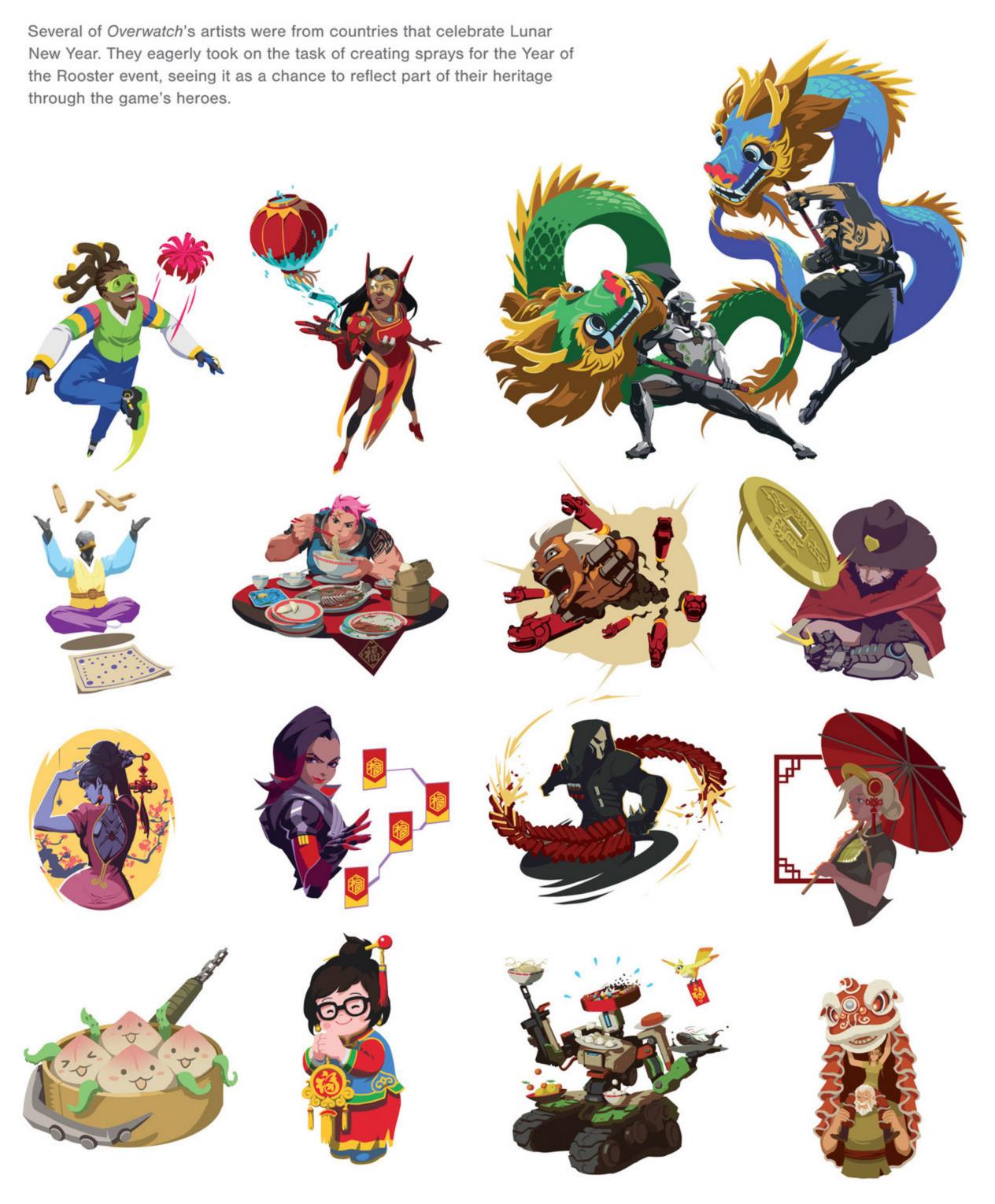




AQUATIC MOON AND ANH DANG



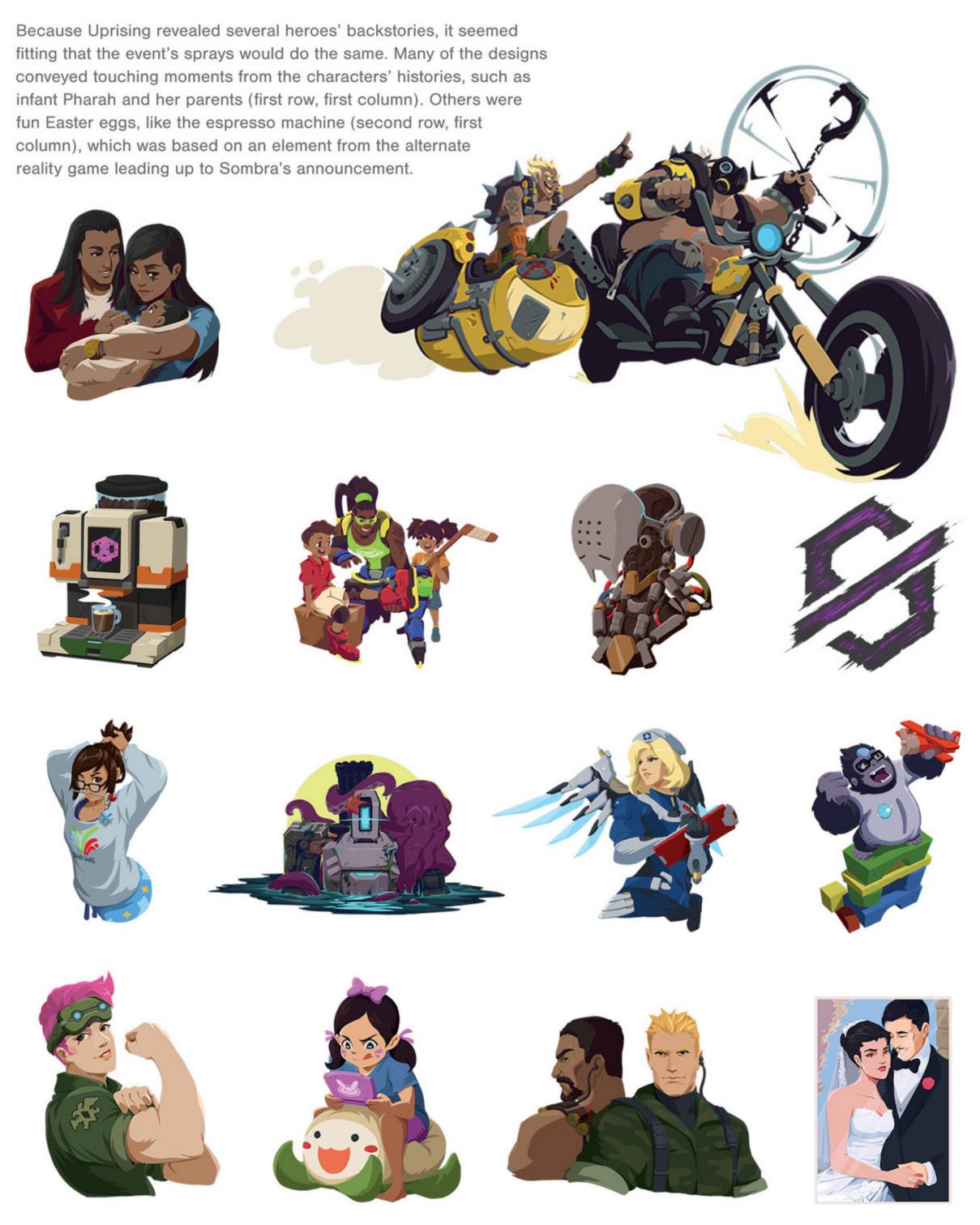
YEAR OF THE ROOSTER





BEN ZHANG AND AQUATIC MOON

UPRISING













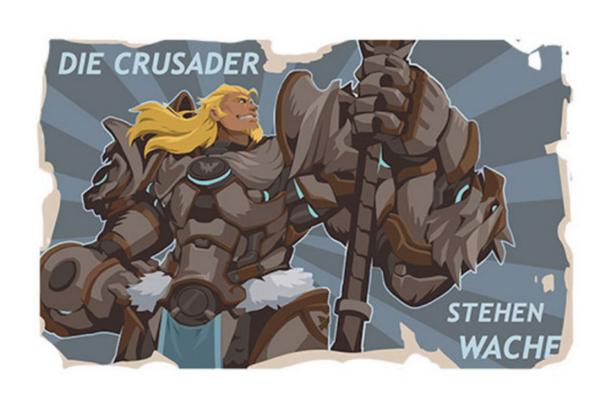














OVERWATCH: ANNIVERSARY

Before Overwatch's launch, a playing card-themed spray was made for McCree. The game team liked the idea, and similar designs were crafted for many of the other heroes. However, the developers held off on releasing these sprays. In preparation for the Overwatch: Anniversary event, they revisited the concept of hero-inspired playing cards. Sprays were created for the rest of the characters, and this distinct set of images was unveiled to the world.









































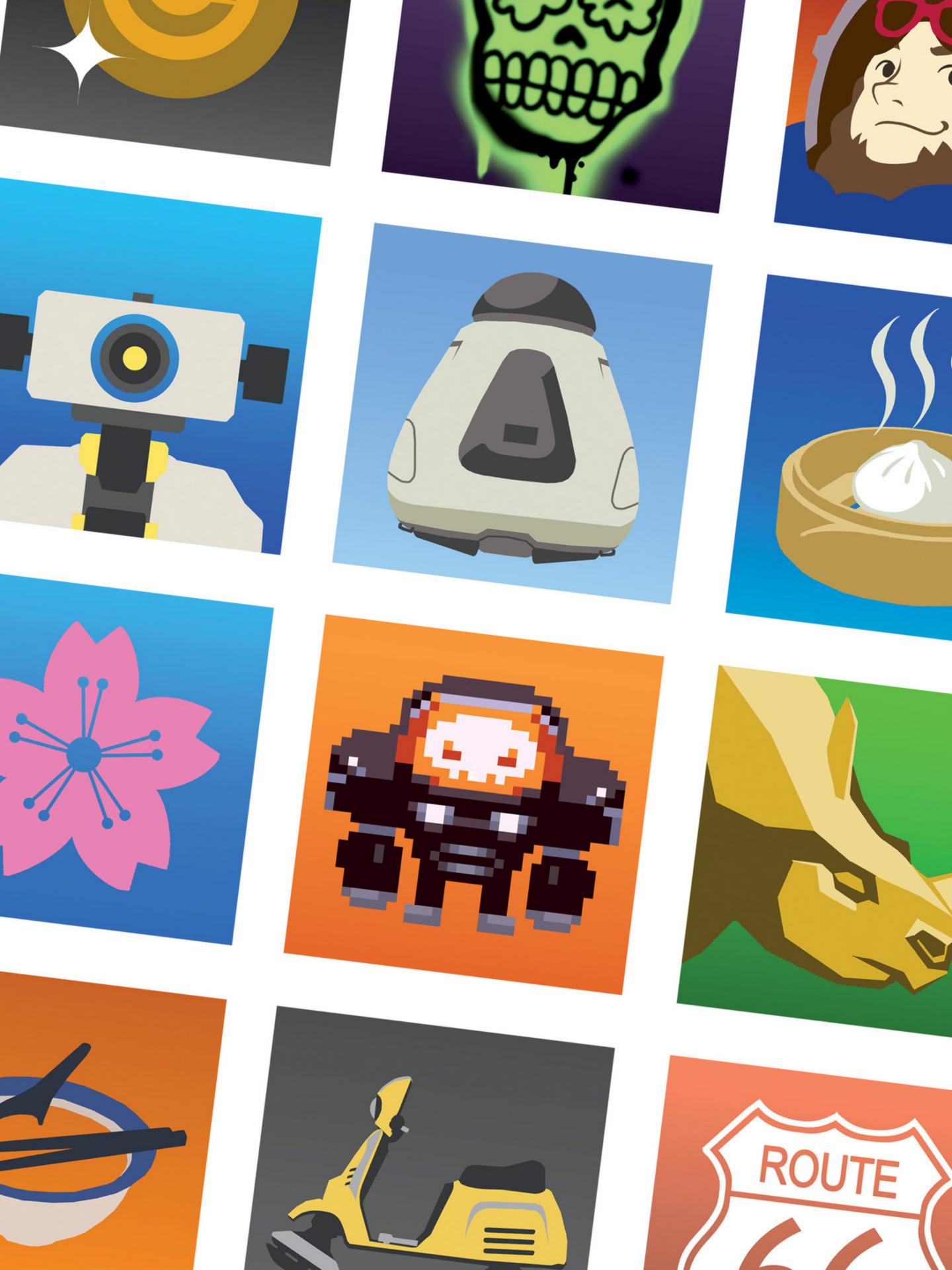


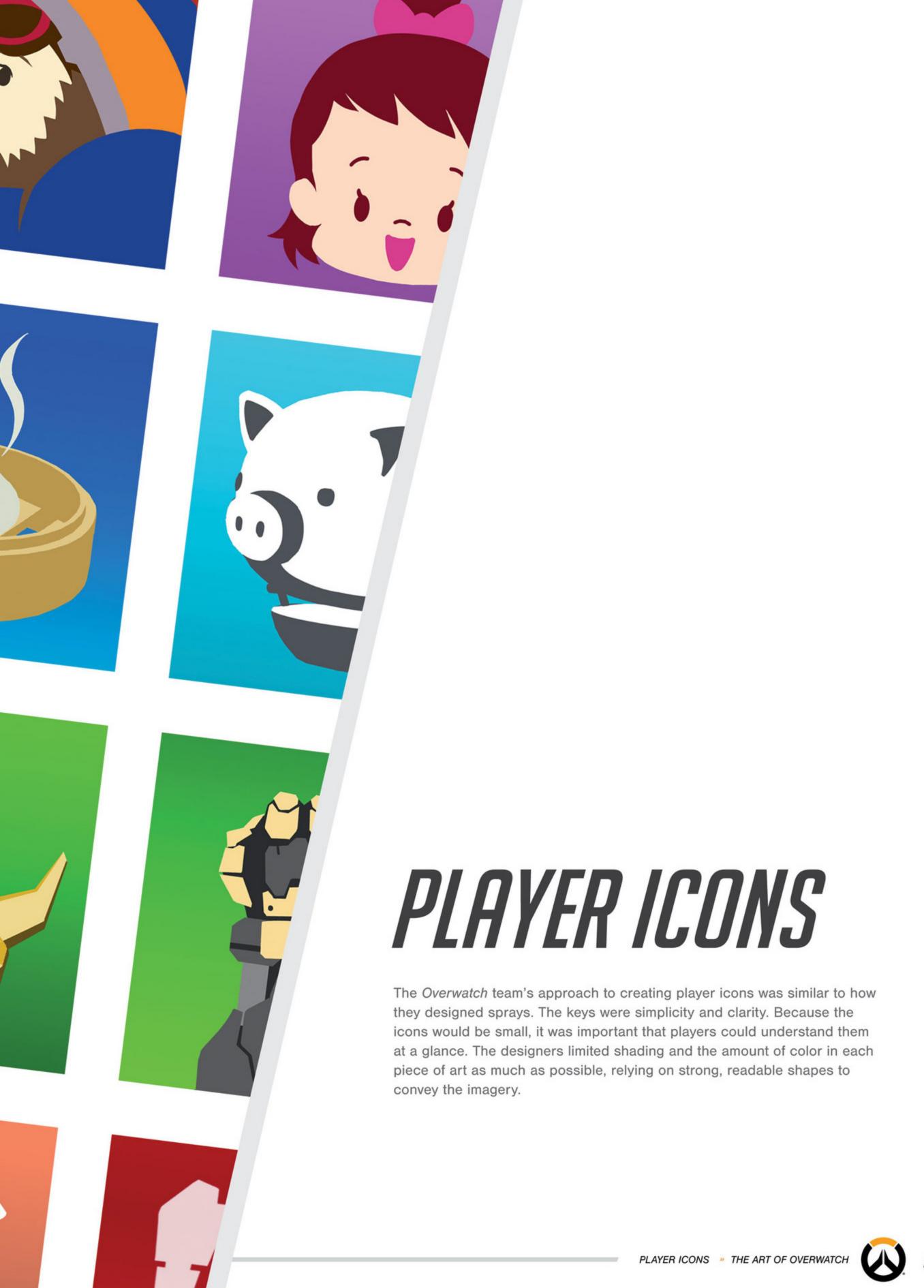




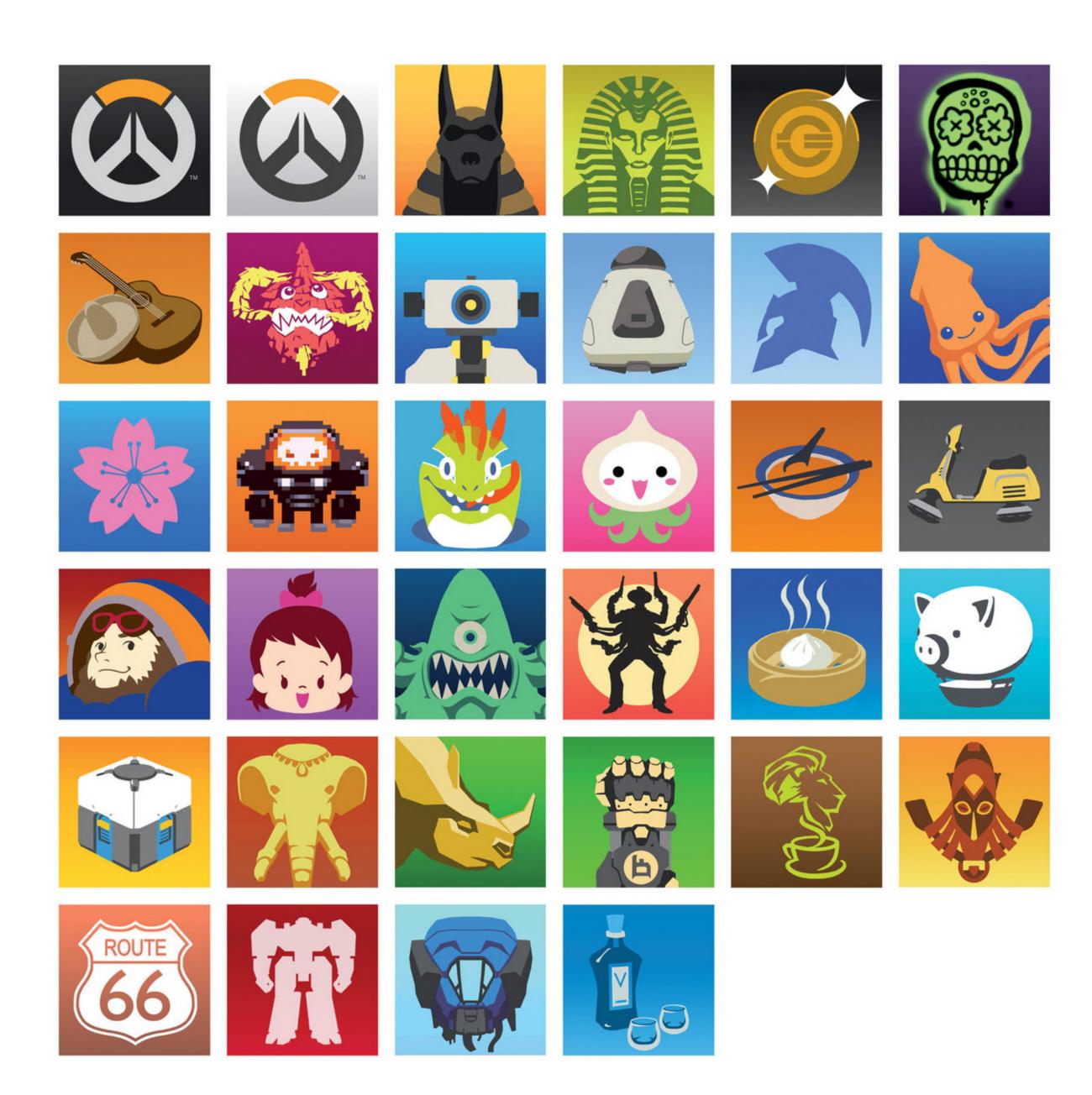








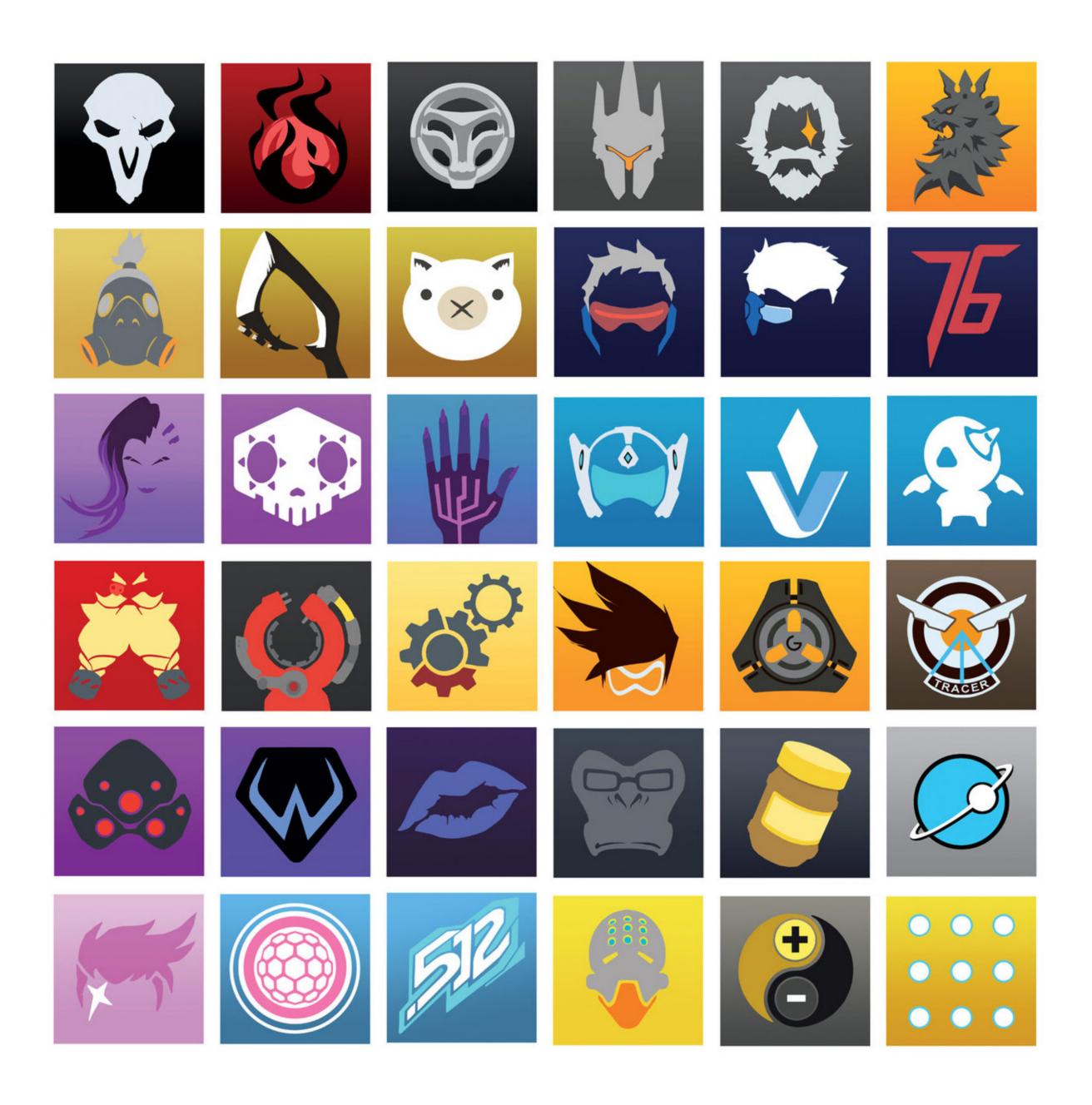
GENERAL ICONS



PLAYER ICONS **HEROES**



HEROES, CONTINUED



PLAYER ICONS

EVENTS

SUMMER GAMES



SAMANTHA RUSSO, ARNOLD TSANG, AND ANH DANG

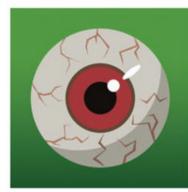
OVERWATCH HALLOWEEN TERROR





































WINTER WONDERLAND

























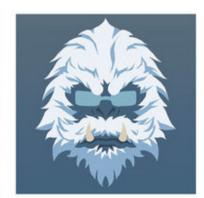








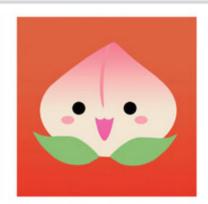




YEAR OF THE ROOSTER













YEAR OF THE ROOSTER, CONTINUED . . .

















WORLD OF WARCRAFT















STARCRAFT















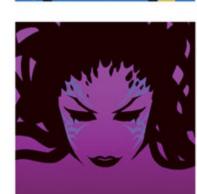




















HEROES OF THE STORM







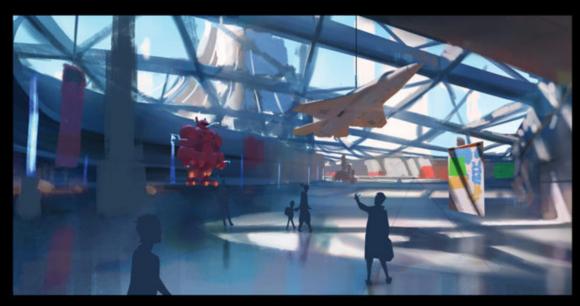




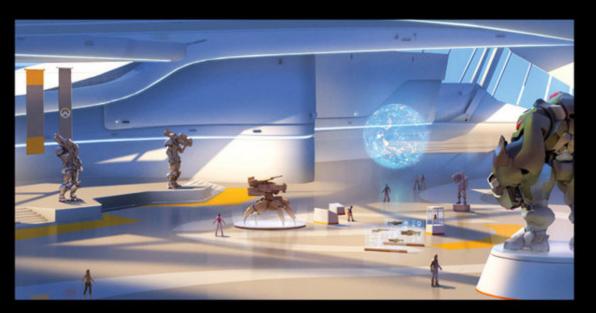
ANNOUNCEMENT

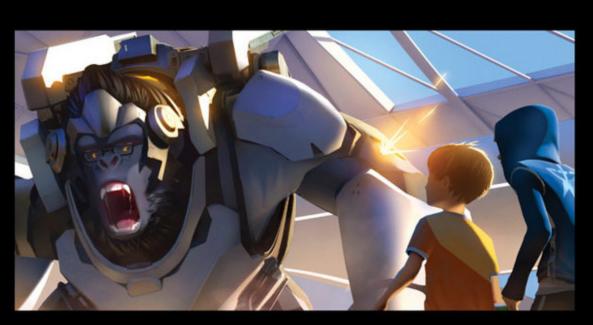
This short was the public's first look at *Overwatch*, and it was important that it captured the game's hopeful, futuristic setting. Success largely rested on the design of the museum. The *Overwatch* team and the film's creators went through many iterations (below) before settling on the right one: a streamlined, modern environment with a glass roof that allowed for ample natural lighting and a glimpse of a boundless blue sky.





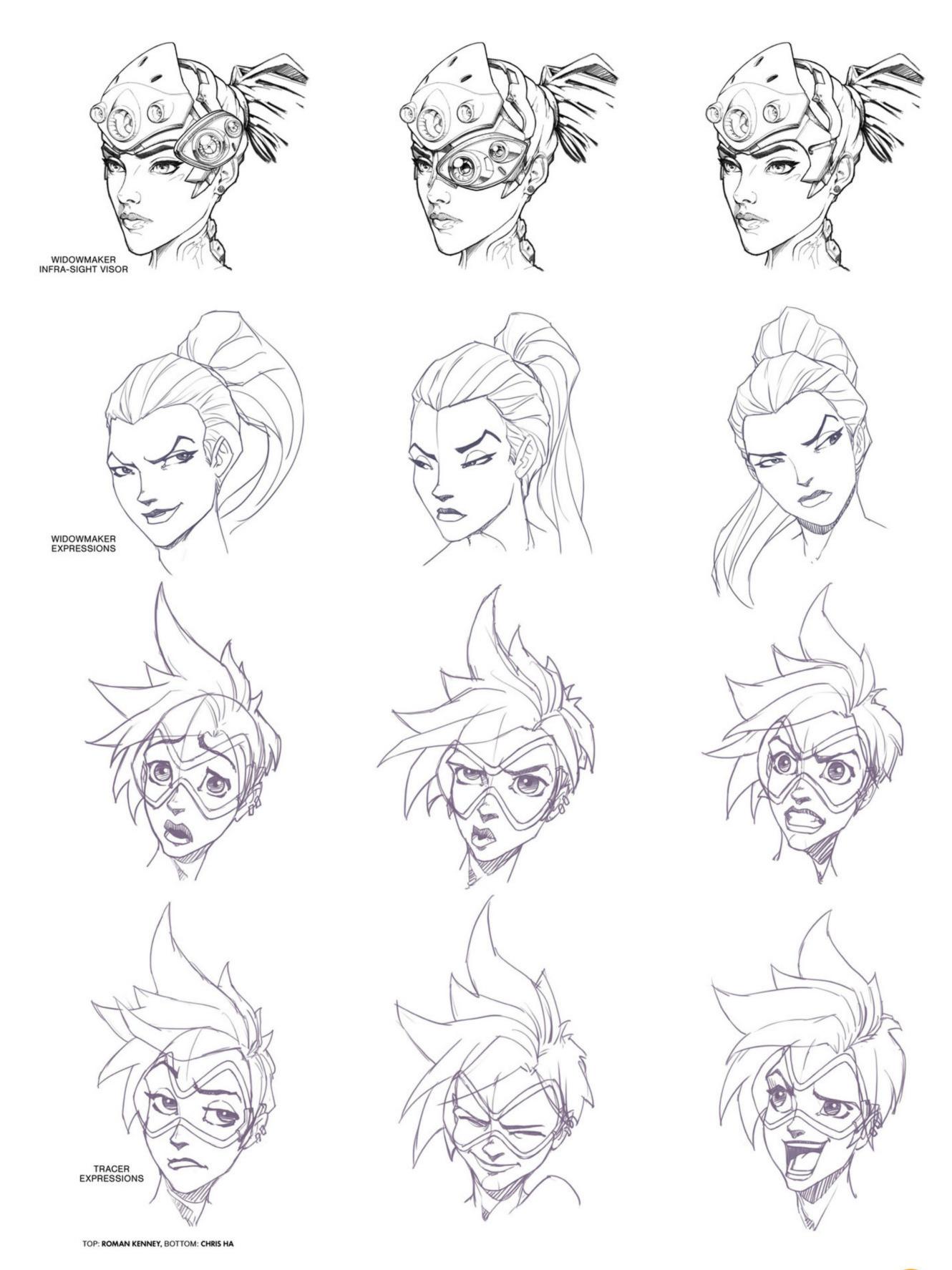








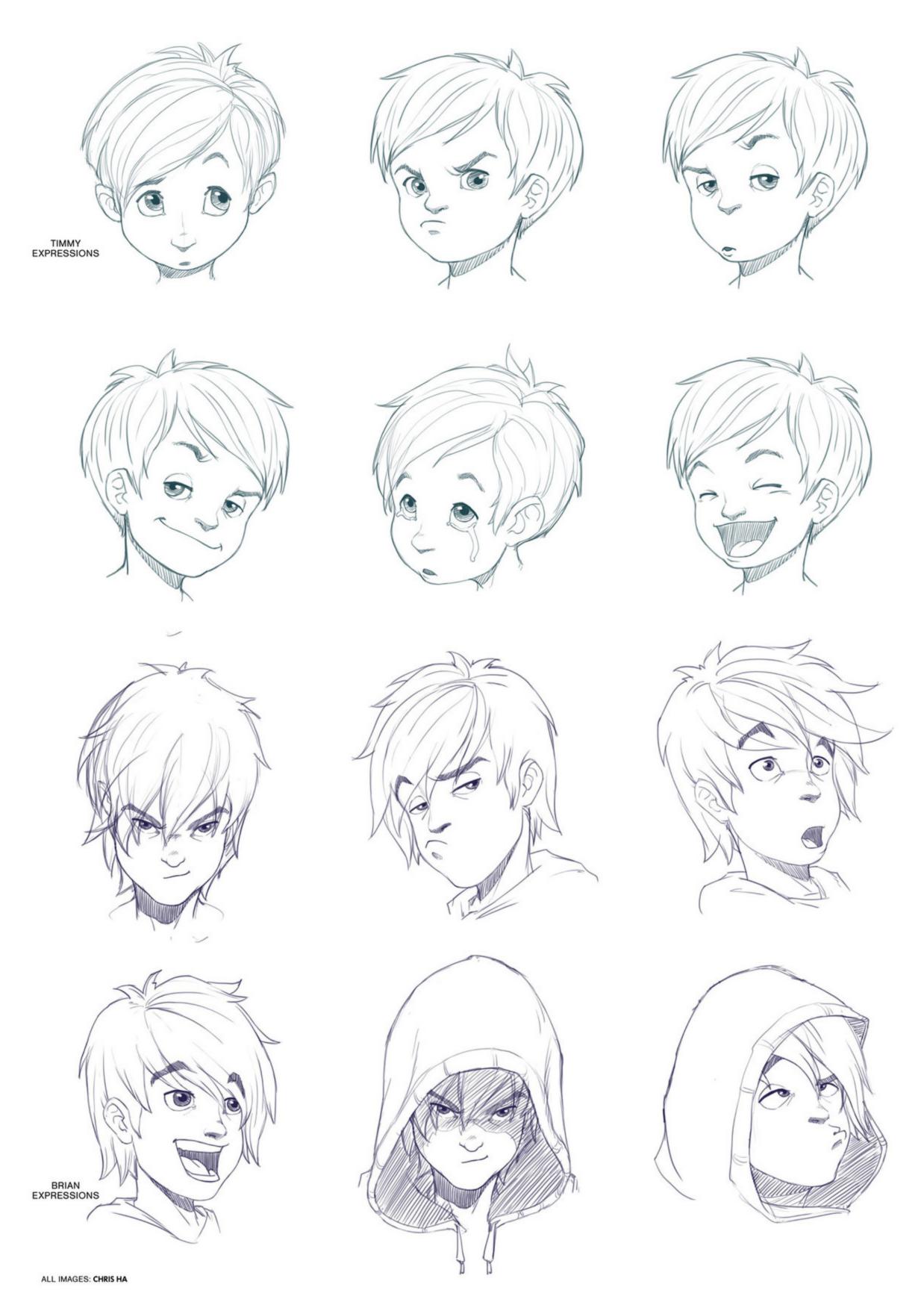


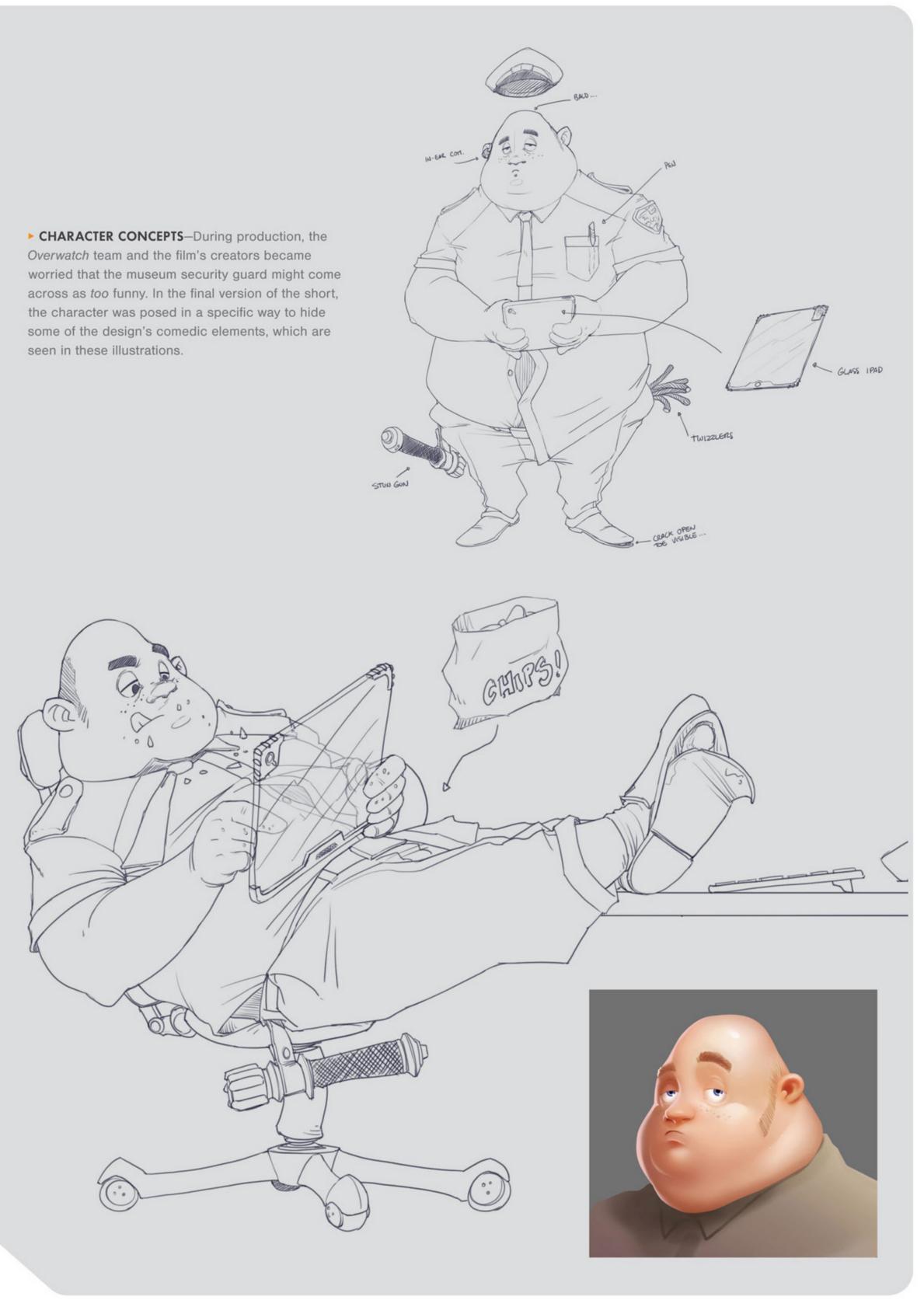


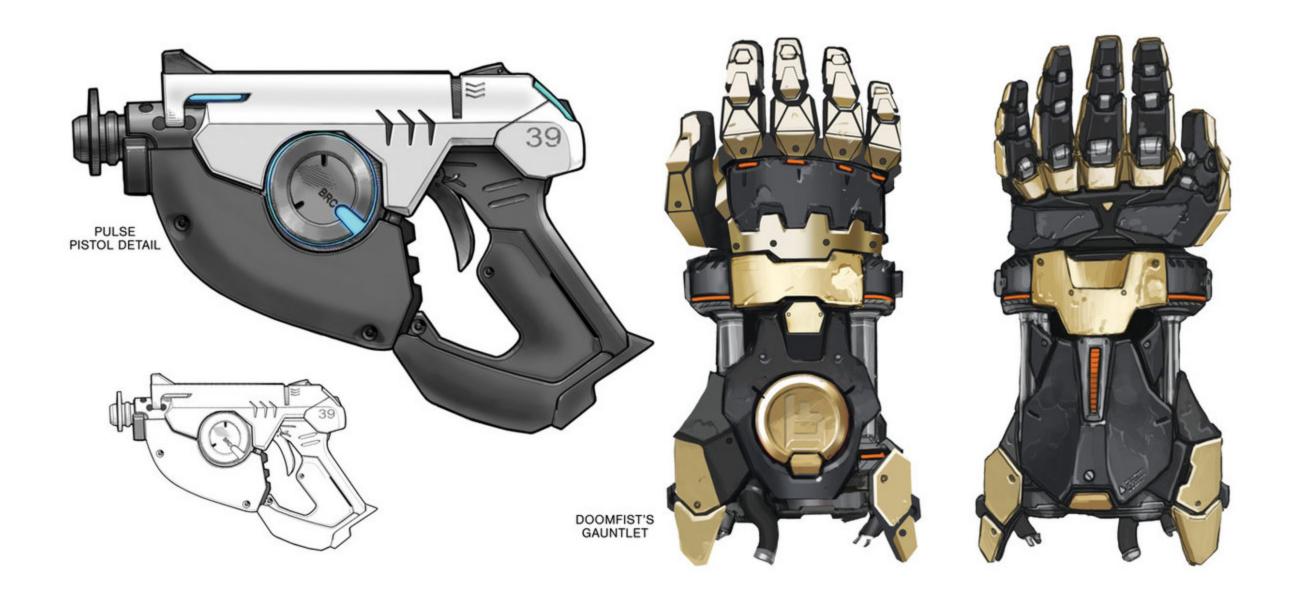
► CHARACTER CONCEPTS—For the clothing worn by the brothers, contrasting colors and designs were used to show their different personalities: optimism and excitement vs. cynicism and indifference.

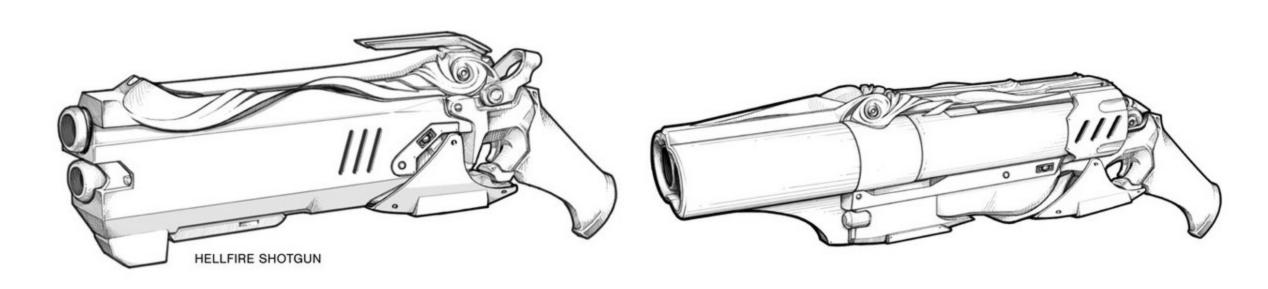


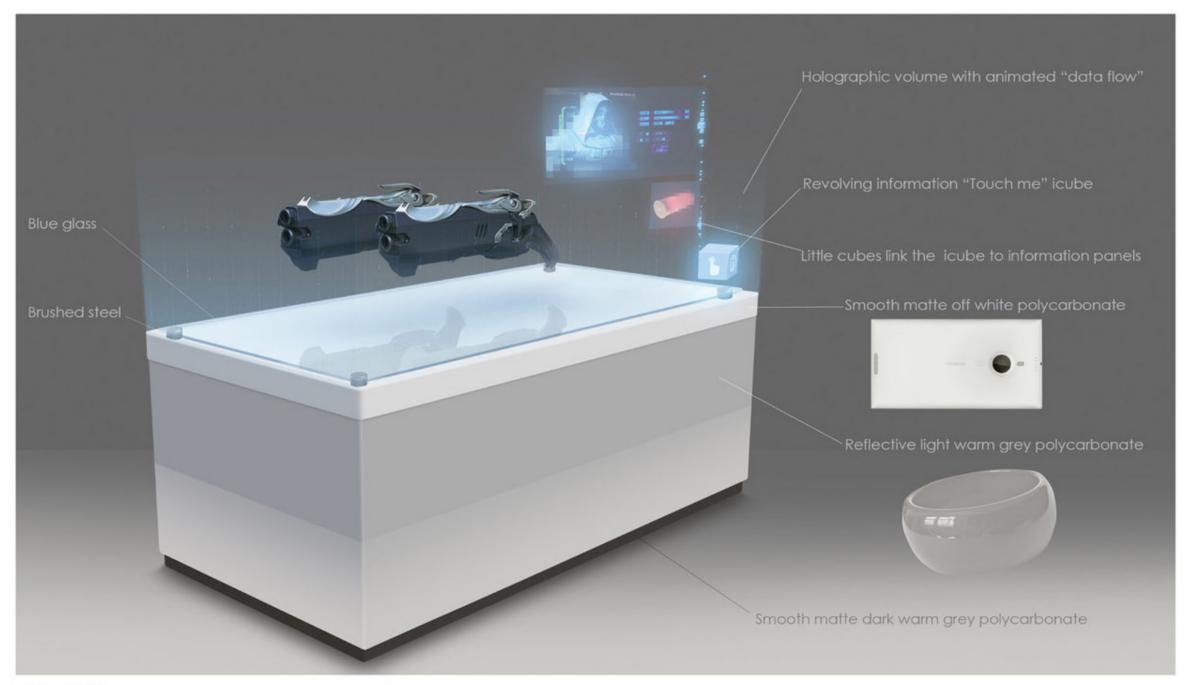












DISPLAY CASE

ROMAN KENNEY, STEPHANE BELIN, AND ARNOLD TSANG

ARE YOU WITH US?

One of the main goals of this short was to tell the history of Overwatch and establish the current state of the world. To overcome time and resource constraints, the game team and the film's creators relied on 2-D paintings (below). The progression of illustrations created a story arc that spans from an era of peace and optimism to one of conflict and uncertainty.





















► LIGHTING DESIGN—Another goal of this piece was to show how much thought and effort Winston puts into the message he's sending. The film's creators used lighting to accomplish this (below). The story begins in the morning, and then day slowly transitions to night as Winston wrestles with how to word his transmission.













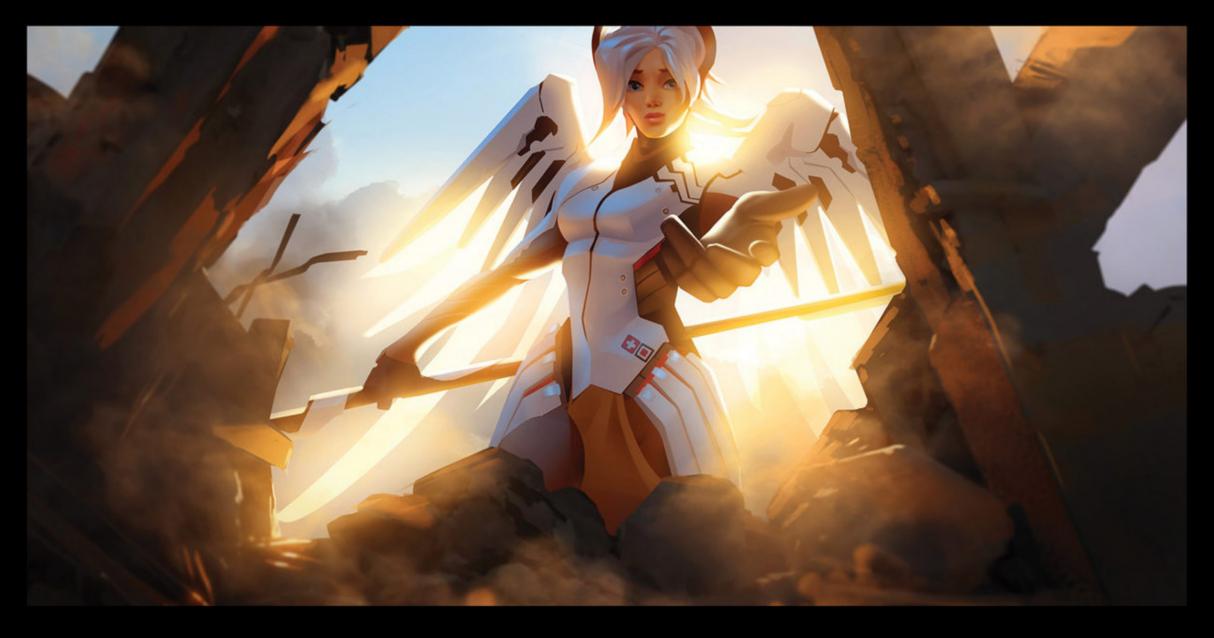
WE ARE OVERWATCH

Clear imagery was the key for "We Are Overwatch." Because the animation was a series of very short scenes, it was important that each one focused on a few crucial elements. Details beyond that were left subtle, such as the N Seoul Tower barely visible in the background of the first image below.













RECALL

The illustrations below show young Winston's range of facial expressions. Making these was an important step for the film's creators because it established the hero's personality and set general guidelines for how he should be animated.













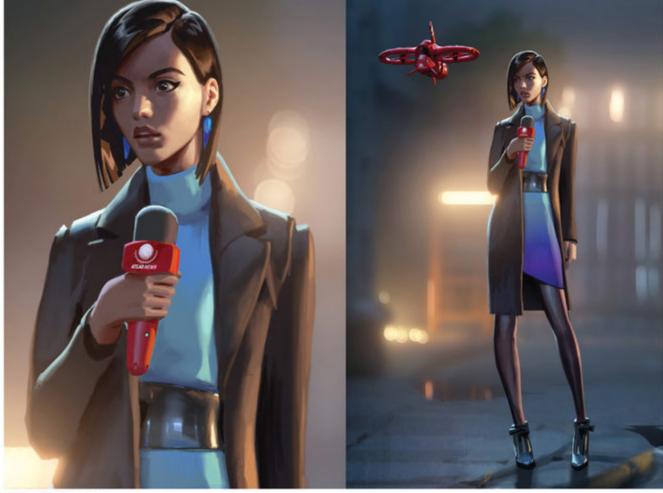




PHOTO OF YOUNG WINSTON AND DR. HAROLD WINSTON



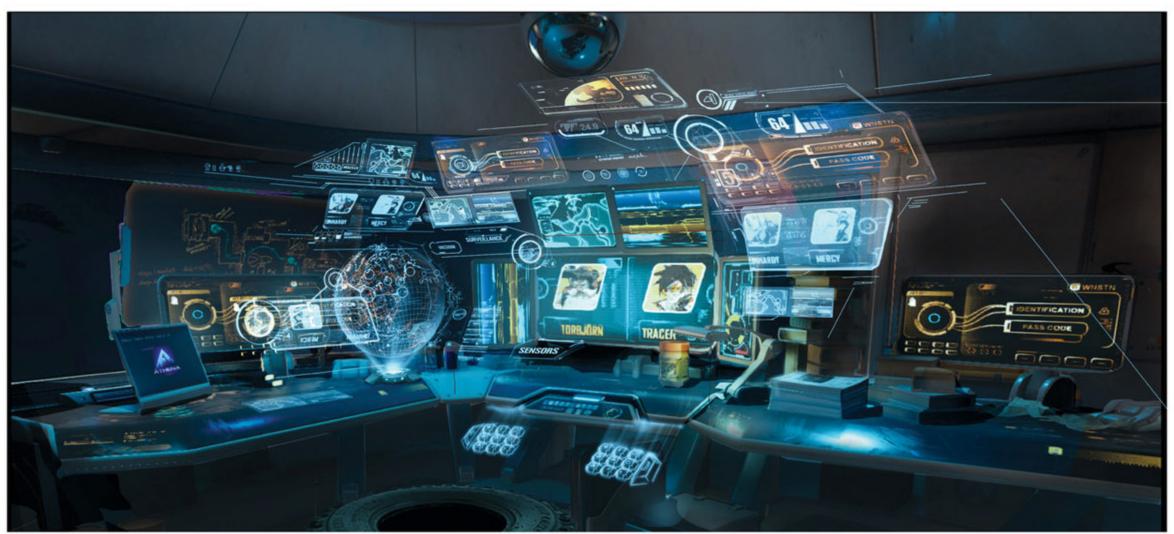




ATHENA LOGO OLYMPIA SHAW



WINSTON'S ROOM



WINSTON'S COMMAND CONSOLE



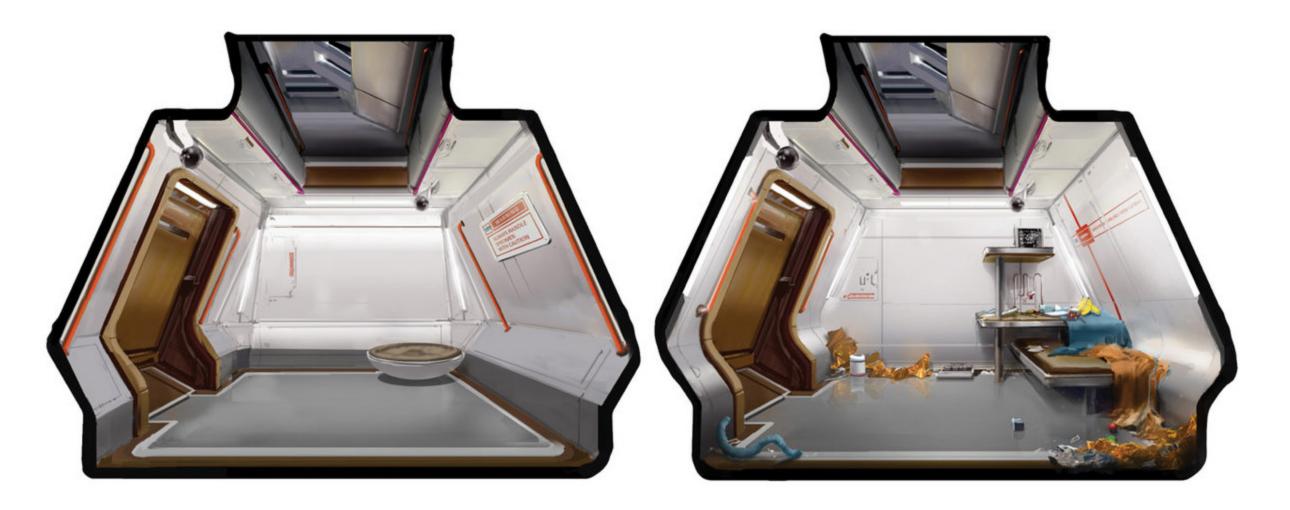




TOP AND BOTTOM LEFT: MATHIAS VERHASSELT, MIDDLE LEFT: ROMAN KENNEY, BOTTOM RIGHT: JOHN POLIDORA AND ROMAN KENNEY

► ENVIRONMENT DESIGNS—One of the big challenges in "Recall" was designing its flashbacks. These scenes are in the past relative to the *Overwatch* world, but they still take place in *our* future.

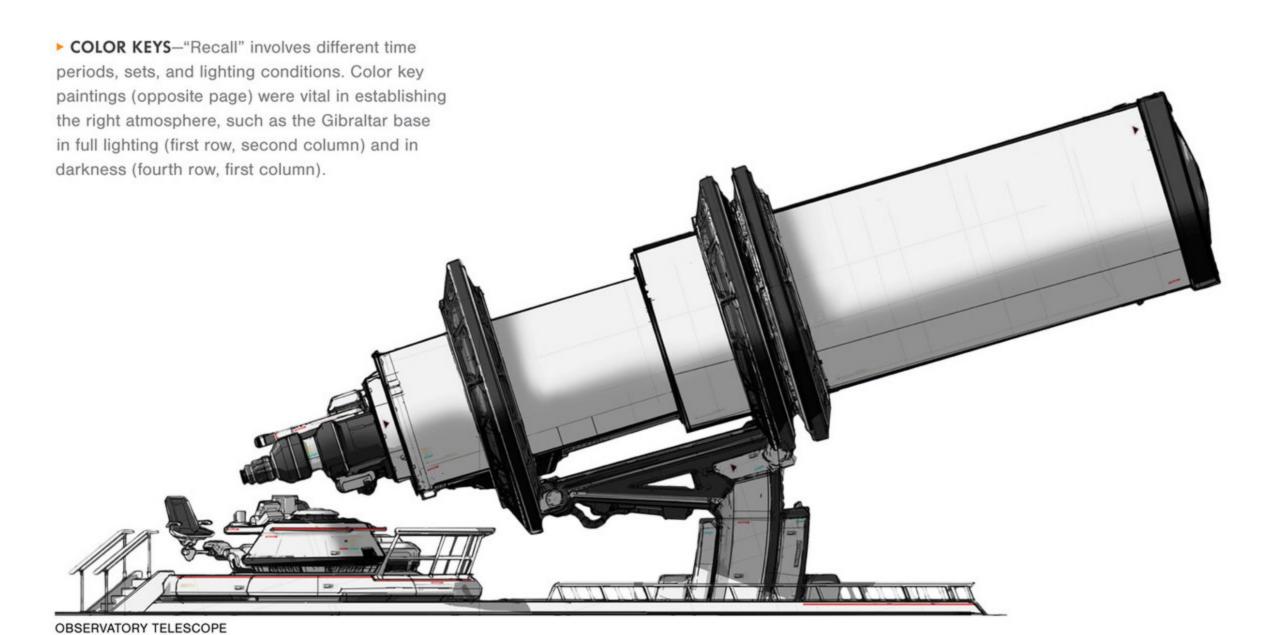
The film's creators used color schemes and designs that evoked 1960s and early 1970s science fiction (images below) to create sets and clothing that would feel both futuristic and retro.

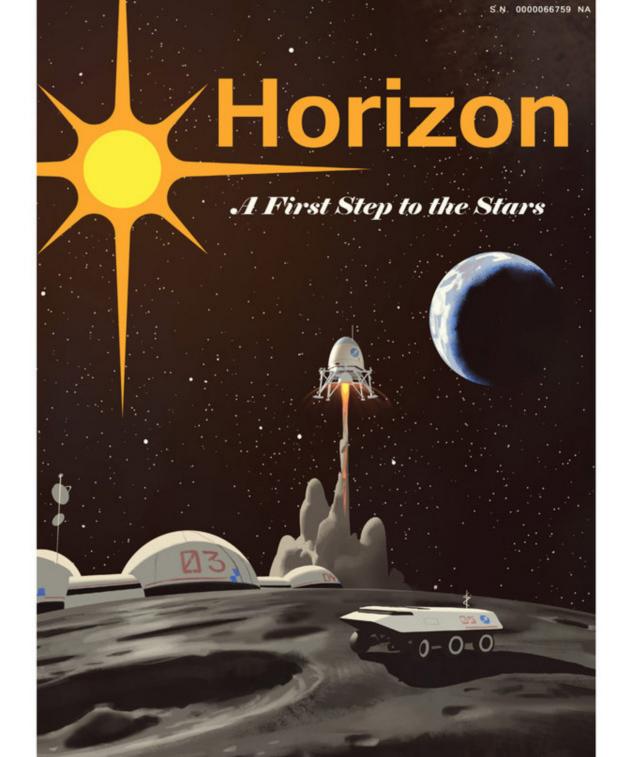




LUNAR COLONY CORRIDOR

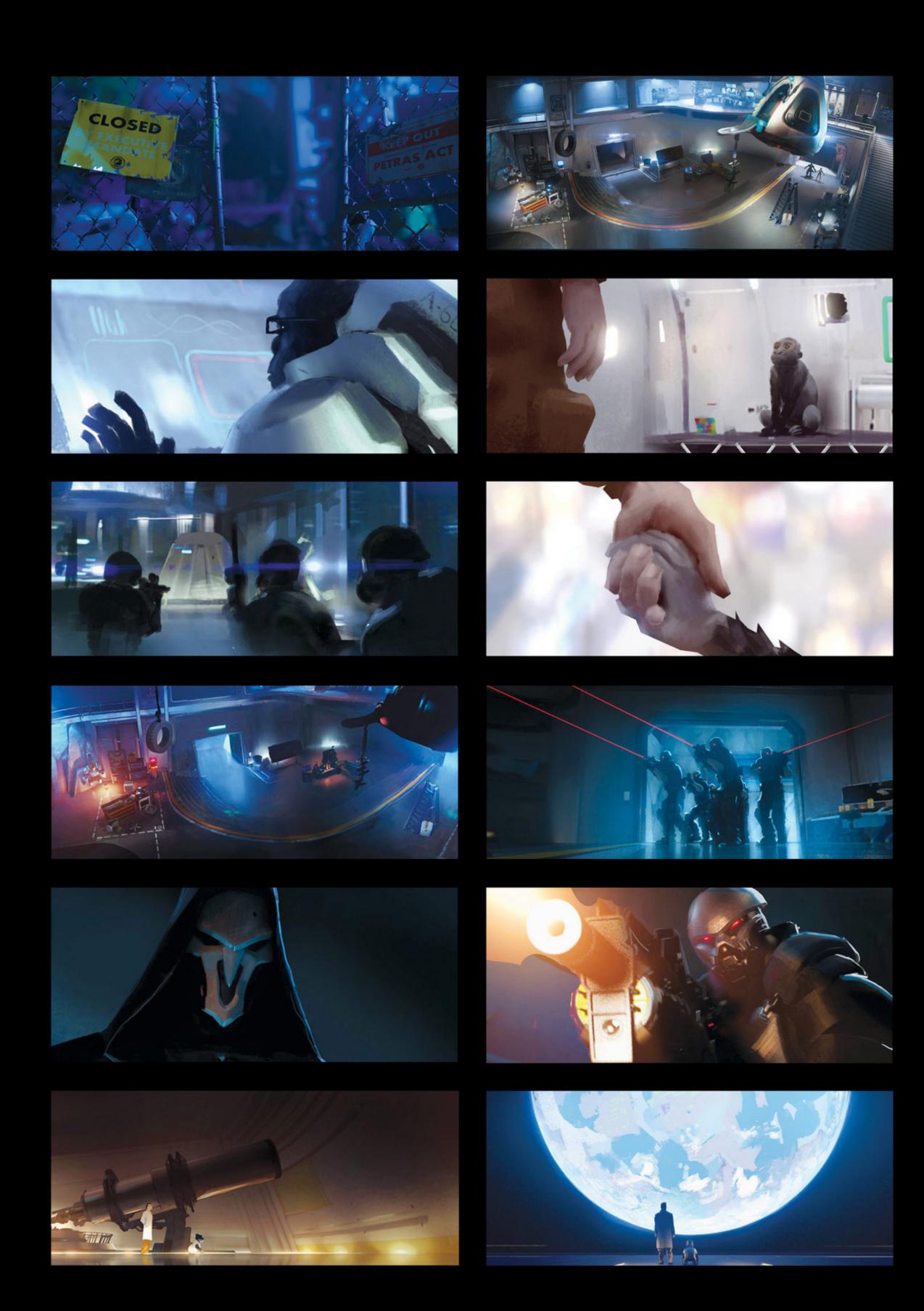
ALL IMAGES: MATHIAS VERHASSELT





LUNAR OPS



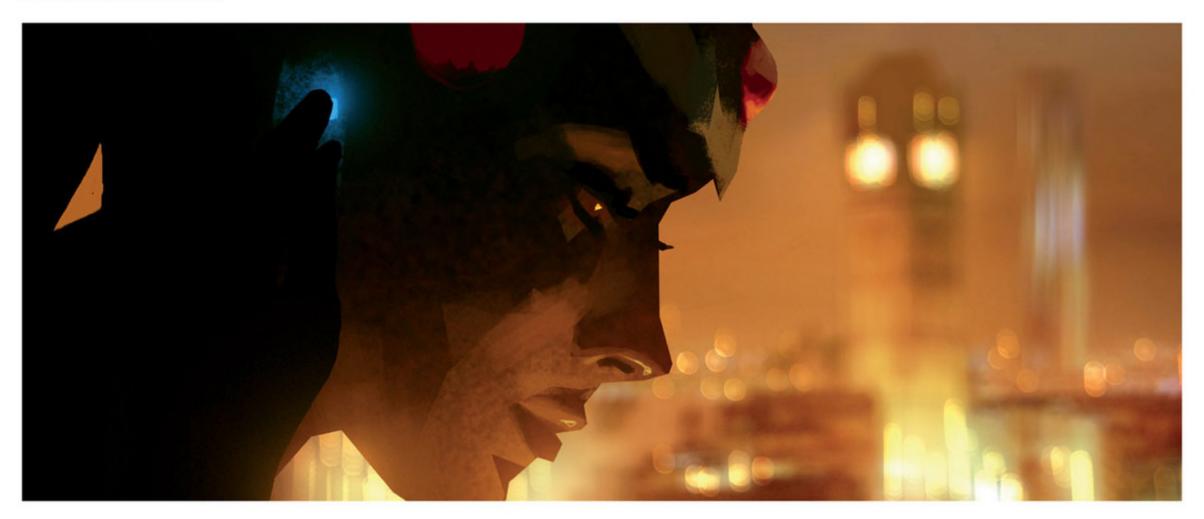


ALIVE

The bottom image of Widowmaker was an early exploration of how to light the short. The intent was to create a London enveloped by fog and heavy orange and yellow lights, giving the unsettling impression of a fire burning in the city. Ultimately, this felt too different from what is seen in the game, so the artists went in another direction.



KING'S ROW LIGHTING STUDIES









ALL IMAGES: ROMAN KENNEY



LEFT: ROMAN KENNEY, RIGHT: LAUREL AUSTIN AND ROMAN KENNEY

▶ LIGHTING DESIGN—"Alive" follows two *Overwatch* characters who couldn't be more different: the noble and optimistic hero Tracer and the cold and nihilistic villain Widowmaker. Specific colors were used to reflect who these two individuals are. Tracer first appears on London's streets, which are lit in warm gold tones (first column, second row), and Widowmaker stalks the shadowy rooftops, which are bathed in cool shades of blue (first column, third row).



► ABILITY DESIGNS—The color key paintings below were made to explore how Tracer's Recall ability would be rendered in the short. The film's creators decided that the world around her should become slightly ethereal and blue when she turns back time, helping make her feel detached from the rest of London.



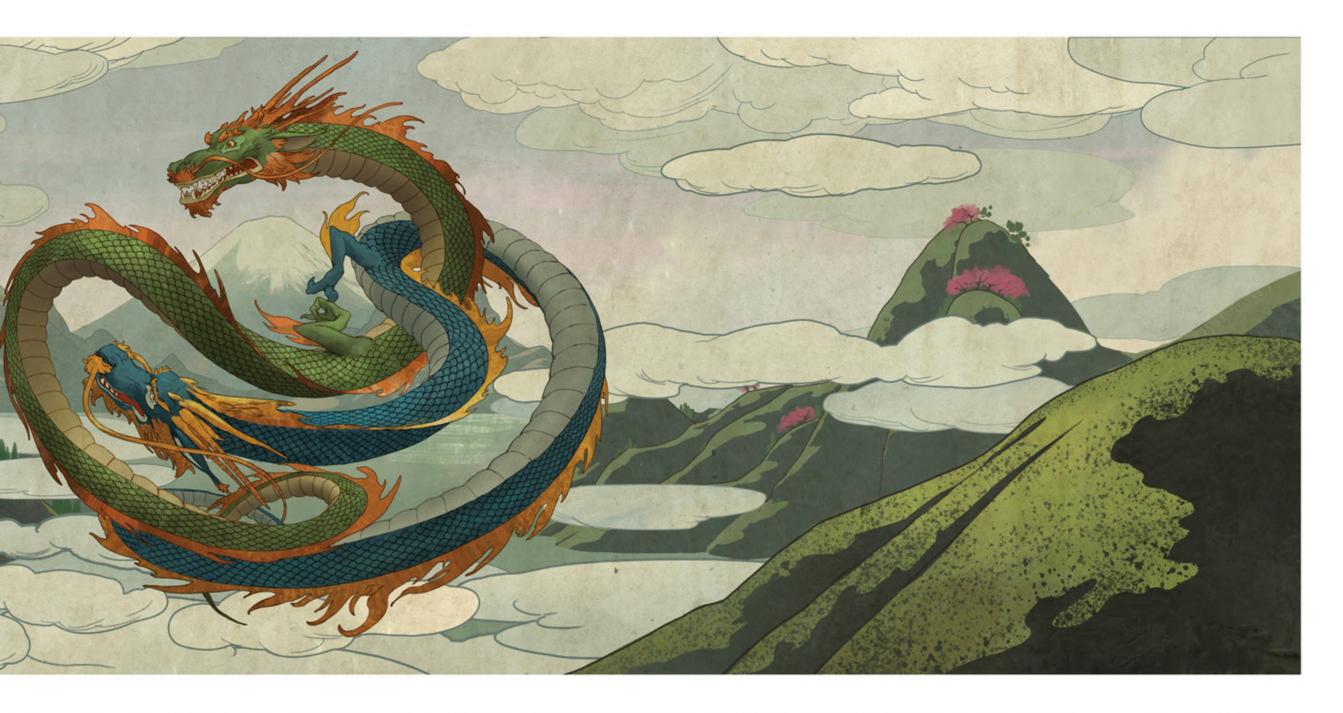












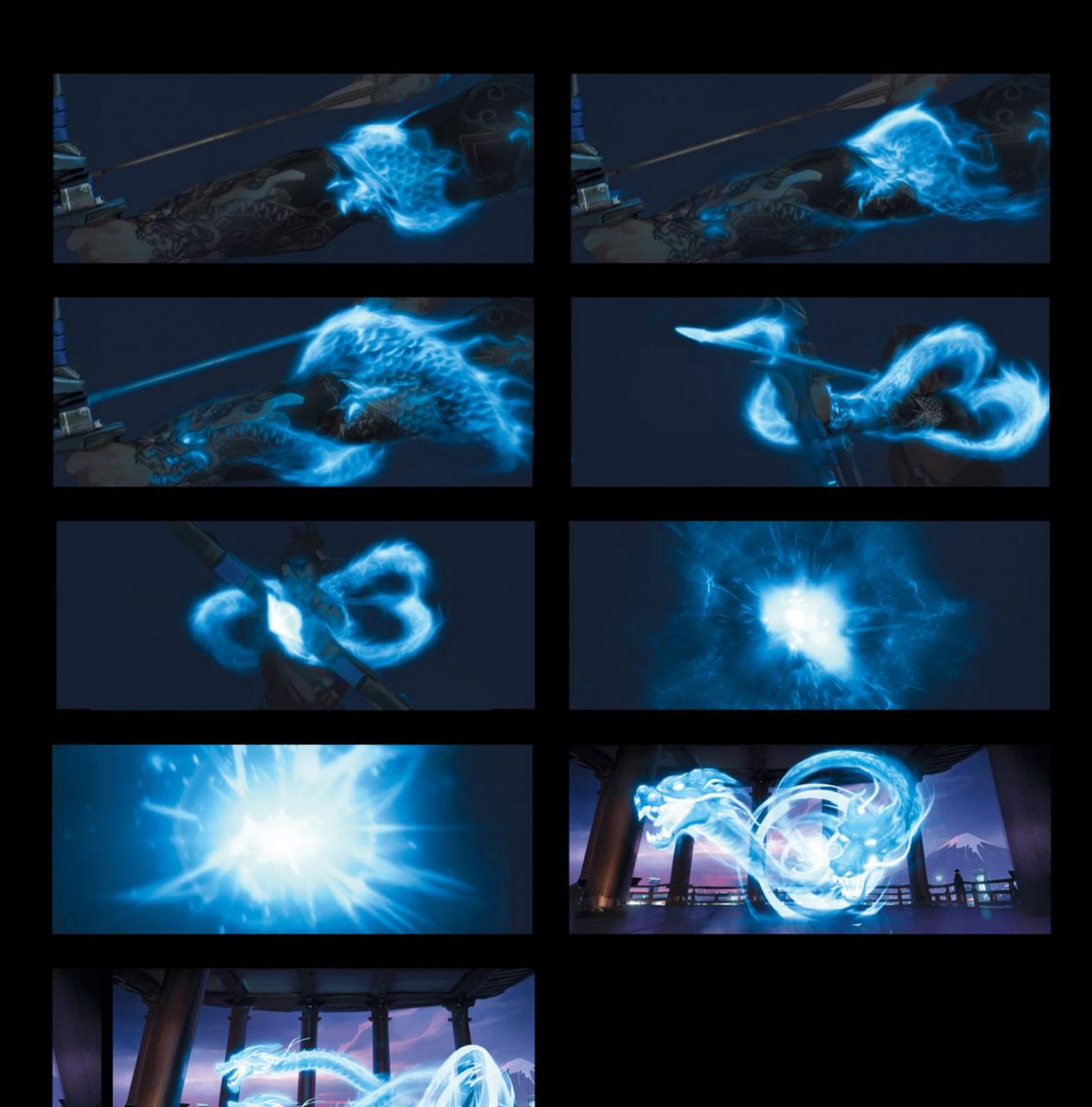








TAE YOUNG CHOI AND EVEN AMUNDSEN



► COLOR KEYS—Before the release of the "Dragons" short, players had seen Hanamura only in daytime. The film's creators decided to show the location at night. They drew on the pink and blue colors that were prominent in the game map to flesh out the film's version of Hanamura. This was done to keep the setting familiar to players while infusing the story with a sense of magic and surrealism.













HERO

The creators of "Hero" knew they wanted to stage the film at night. It fit well with the story of a masked vigilante—Soldier: 76—stalking the streets under cover of dark. It was also an opportunity to show off the vibrant glowing tattoos of the Los Muertos gang (opposite page, top left).













▶ LIGHTING DESIGN—While the creators explored the film's visuals in color keys (below), a slight change was made to enhance the atmosphere even more. They decided to begin the story at sunset. This direction escalated tension and provided a sense of increasing danger for the film's young protagonist, Alejandra, as she struggles to get off the mean streets of Dorado before darkness falls.



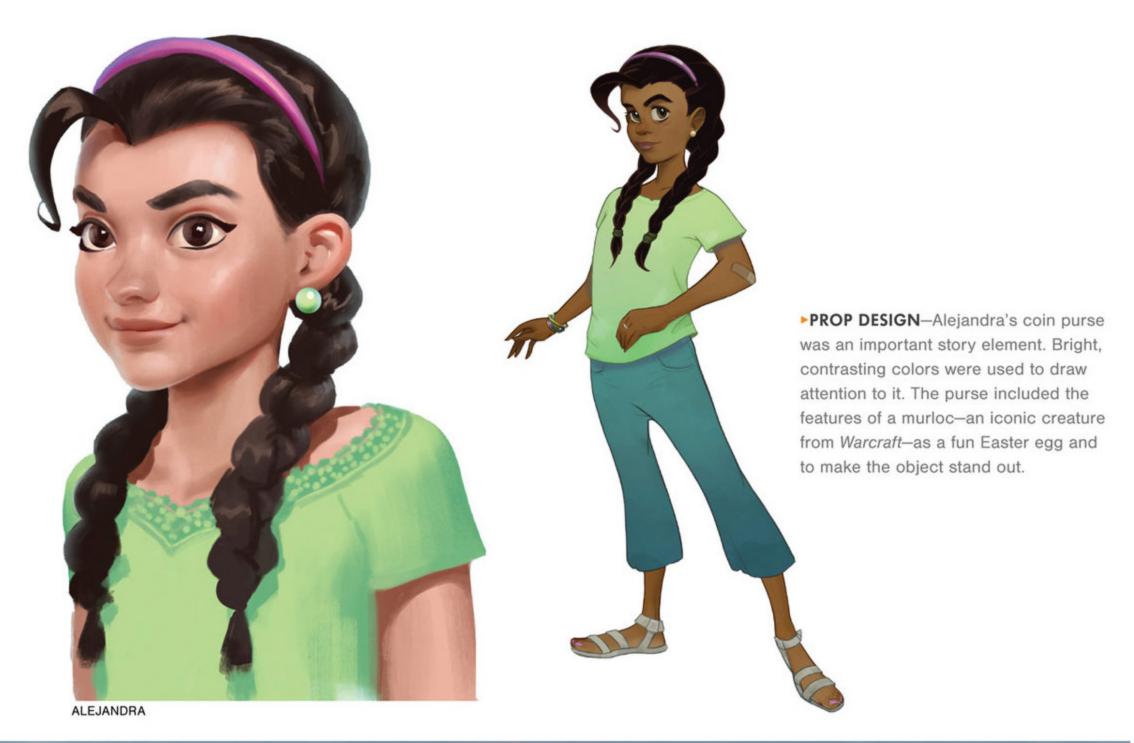








JOHN POLIDORA AND ROMAN KENNEY



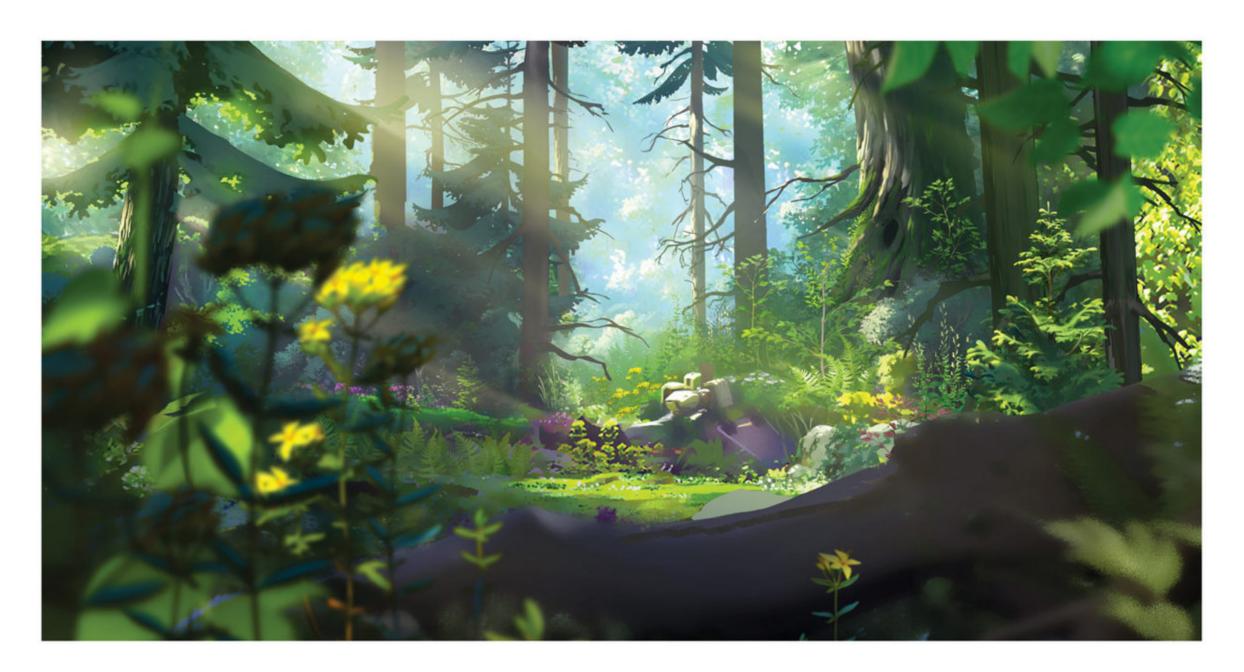


ALEJANDRA'S PURSE

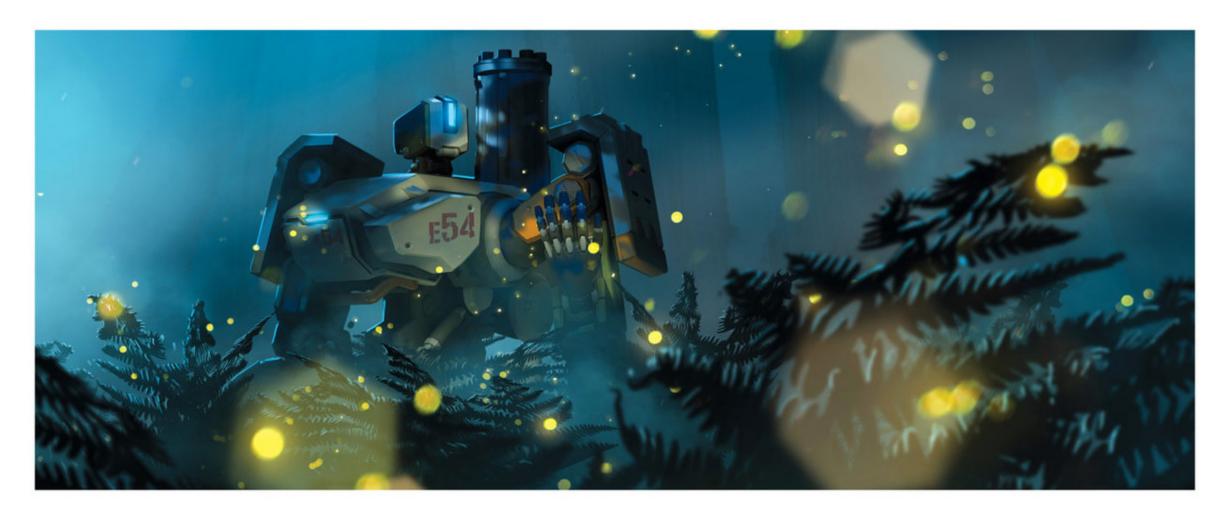
TOP LEFT AND BOTTOM: MATHIAS VERHASSELT, TOP RIGHT: ROMAN KENNEY

THE LAST BASTION

"The Last Bastion" depicts a battle between omnics and the German military. This was an opportunity to show off the Crusaders, heavily armored soldiers like the hero Reinhardt. However, the film's creators didn't want to simply duplicate his design. They removed much of the filigree that makes Reinhardt's armor iconic, and they created outfits with color palettes that felt more appropriate for members of the German military. CRUSADER







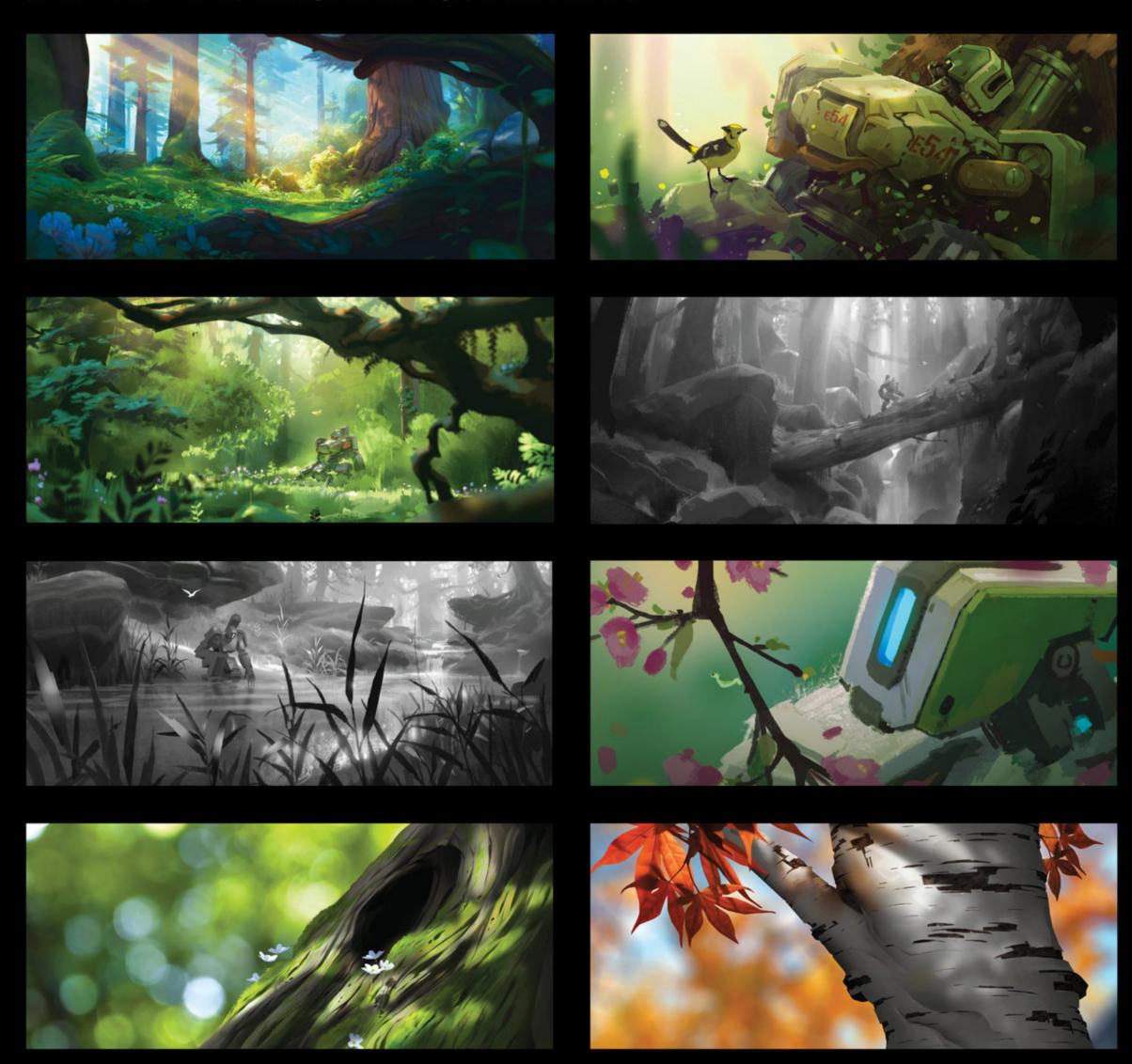
TOP AND BOTTOM: STEPHANE BELIN, MIDDLE: JAKE PANIAN



▶ ENVIRONMENT DESIGNS—"The Last Bastion" was the only short film not based on an existing Overwatch map. That meant the creators had to build the woodland environment from the ground up. They explored many different types of foliage in their quest to create a forest. One of the guidelines they followed was limiting complexity in plant designs and using only strong and clear shapes. That made the forest feel real, but also unique and visually appealing.

JAKE PANIAN AND LAUREL AUSTIN

▶ EARLY CONCEPTS —Early in development, artists were tasked with painting forest scenes, either with Bastion or without. This was an important step to discovering the look and feel of the environment as well as interesting story moments. Some of these explorations inspired scenes for the final film, such as Bastion walking on the fallen tree (second column, second row) and sitting at the river's edge (first column, third row).















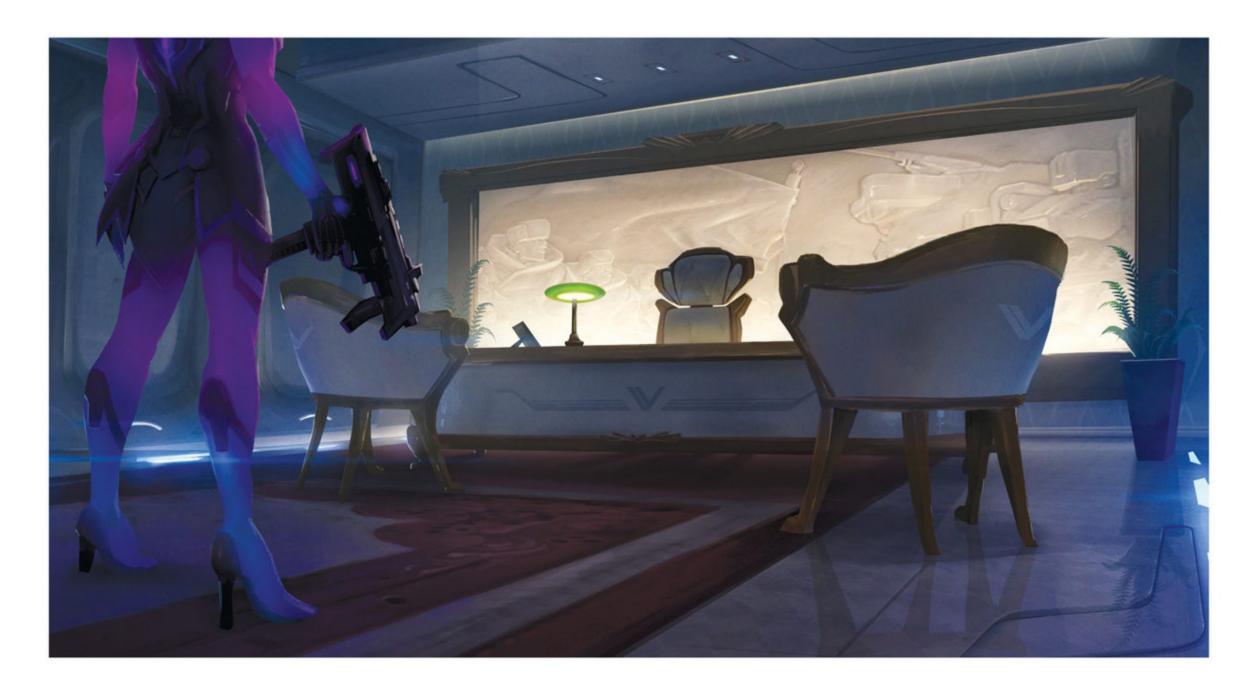


ANIMATED SHORTS

INFILTRATION

Most of "Infiltration" takes place in existing parts of the Volskaya Industries game map, but Katya's office (below) was made specifically for the short film. The creators designed the room with warm yellow colors to contrast with the colder blues and whites in the rest of the factory and outside the facility.

This also made the office feel like a safe haven, which was an important story point. During the film, Katya locks herself inside the room to escape an assassination attempt by Sombra, Reaper, and Widowmaker.









TOP: LAUREL AUSTIN, MIDDLE AND BOTTOM: YEWON PARK



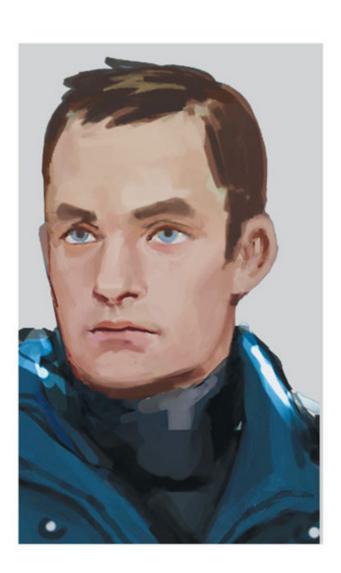


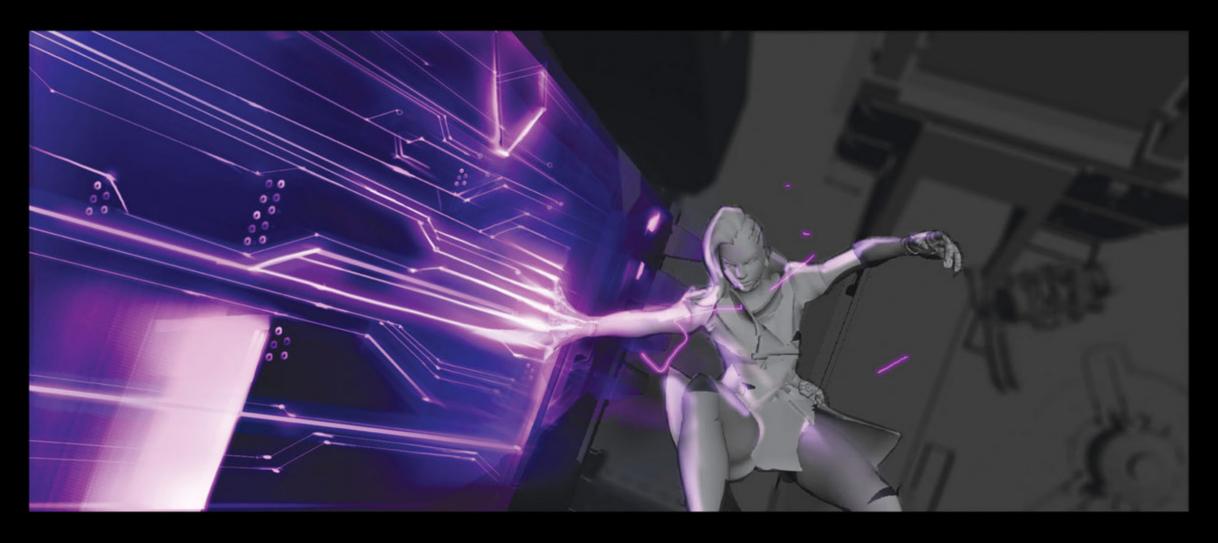


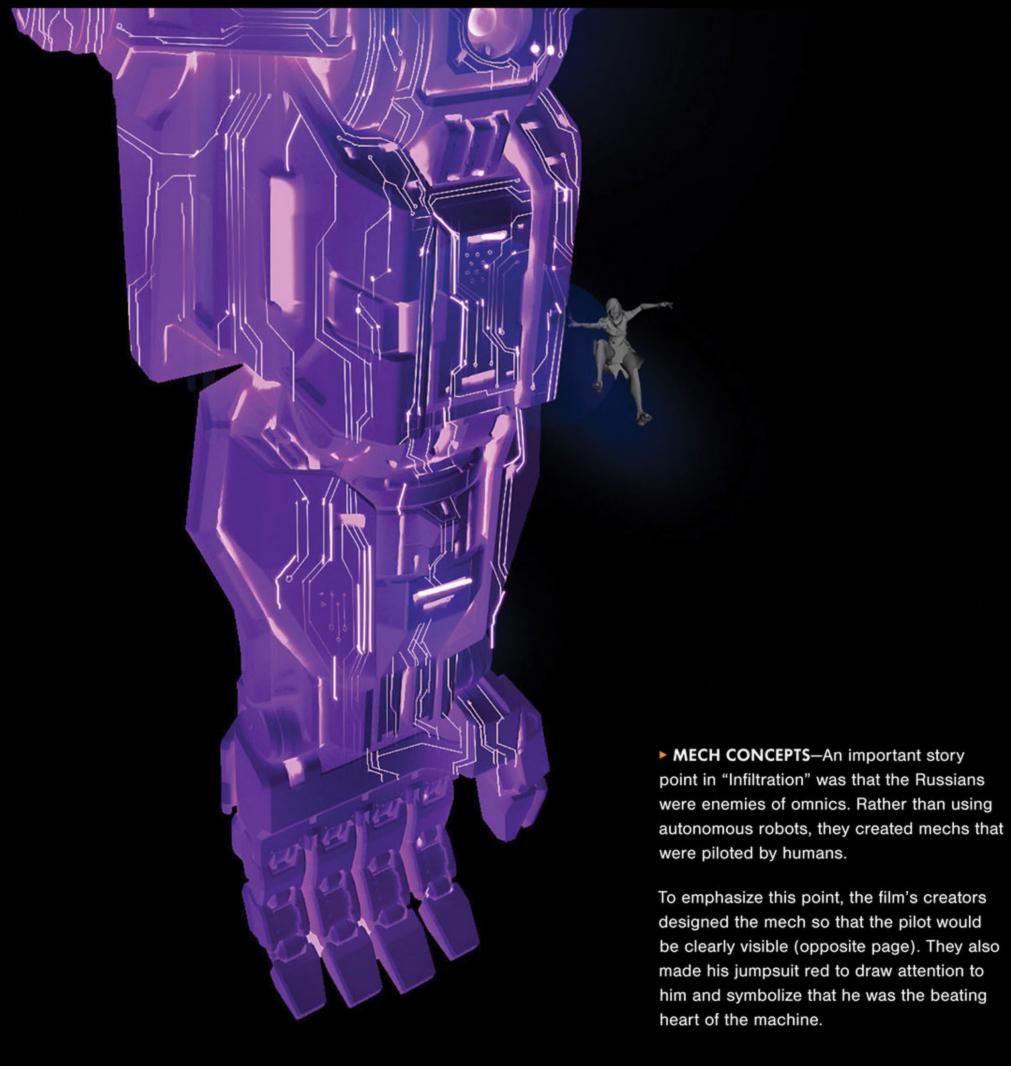


















▶ COLOR KEYS—Because most of the *Overwatch* shorts take place at night, the creators of "Infiltration" wanted to try something different. However, they still needed to make an environment that Sombra, Widowmaker, and Reaper could use to conceal their movements as they snuck into the facility.

Early concepts and color keys explored the idea of a heavy snowstorm (first column, first row), which created the perfect conditions for the characters to perform their infiltration.





































In the busy weeks leading up to BlizzCon 2014, as the *Overwatch* team was preparing to unveil its game to the world, a small project took shape. It would turn out to be a very special one. The team wanted to show that each of *Overwatch*'s characters had a rich history. The developers decided to introduce Tracer and her backstory at BlizzCon, but time was short. And so were resources.

To overcome these hurdles, the team created a story that was short and economical—one composed entirely of illustrations. Tracer herself narrated it, revealing her past and the origins of her time-bending powers.

The *Overwatch* team was so happy with how the project turned out that it went on to create more. These origin pieces were an ideal way to set the mood of a character, explore their past, and establish their personality. They also became the perfect means to highlight what the team believed was the core of *Overwatch*'s visual style: line drawings, like those used in the creation of concept art.

TRACER

The first origin piece revolved around the character considered to be the face of *Overwatch*: Tracer. Before BlizzCon 2014, the game team created a few key illustrations to depict her backstory. The plan was for the designers to give a presentation at the convention where they would simply show these images and guide the audience through the story.

But that didn't seem quite right. It didn't feel as if Tracer was getting her day in the sun. It wasn't until the team decided to have Tracer's voice actress narrate the story that the pieces

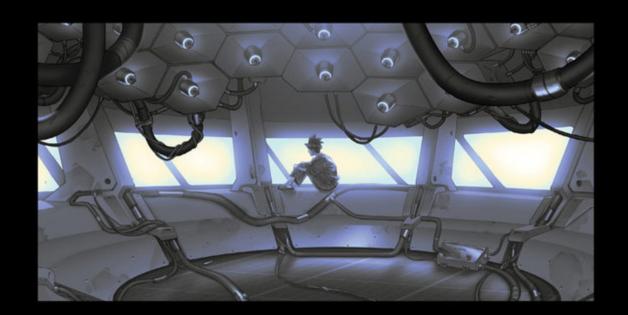
started falling into place. Other aspects of the project soon evolved as well. The game team made more illustrations and combined them with Tracer's dialog to create an animated short.

Tracer's origin story had a tremendous influence on future pieces. It established a clear tone and style for what would become a crucial medium for the game team to unveil their characters.















SOLDIER: 76

When the game team set out to make the Soldier: 76 origin piece, they knew it would serve many functions. This character—otherwise known as Jack Morrison—was the core to the Overwatch story. He had served as the group's leader. His rise to fame and his fall from grace paralleled the rise and fall of Overwatch itself. Through Soldier: 76, the team had a chance to unveil key moments of the organization's history.

The Soldier: 76 origin story visually evolved from the previous piece (Tracer). The game team moved from blue monotone to sepia colors, making the short feel even more like a snapshot of history than its predecessor.













THE JUNKERS

The game team always saw Junkrat and Roadhog occupying a special place in *Overwatch*, bringing a unique flavor to the world. Capturing the correct tone meant creating an origin piece that would stand apart from the others.

To accomplish this, the team went away from the blue monotone or sepia colors in the first origin shorts (Tracer and Soldier: 76) and opted for full-color illustrations. Rather than telling the duo's backstory, they shined a light on Junkrat and Roadhog's absurd hijinks and personalities through the lens of a tongue-in-cheek show called *A Moment in Crime*.

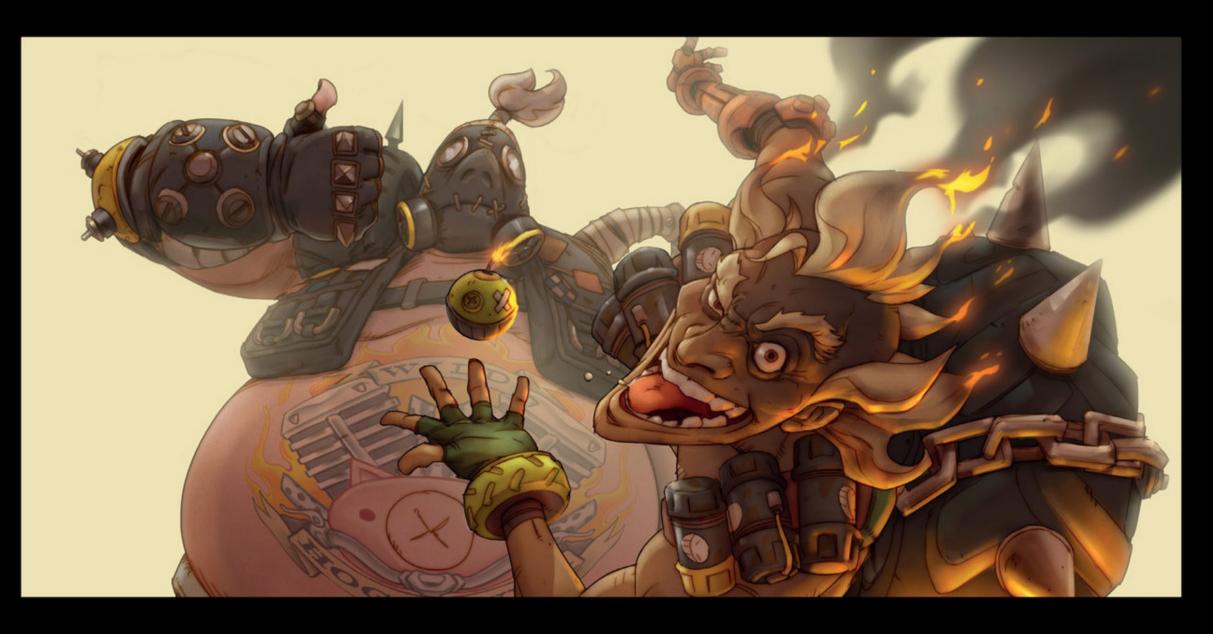














Ana was a character whose history was tied to the very beginning of the Overwatch organization. However, the game team already told that story in Soldier: 76's origin piece, and they didn't want to cover the same ground again. With Ana, they focused on her relationship with other characters, most of all with her daughter, Pharah.

The origin story's narration comes from a letter Ana wrote to Pharah in Arabic (second row, second column). The game team wanted to animate the writing itself, but making it feel authentic was a challenge. There are many differences between English and Arabic, including the fact that the latter flows from right to left. Only someone









fluent in the language would know how to write the words the correct way.

So the team found someone who was fluent in the language. They filmed this person—a fellow *Overwatch* developer—penning the letter in Arabic. This recording was then used as a reference for animating the writing.







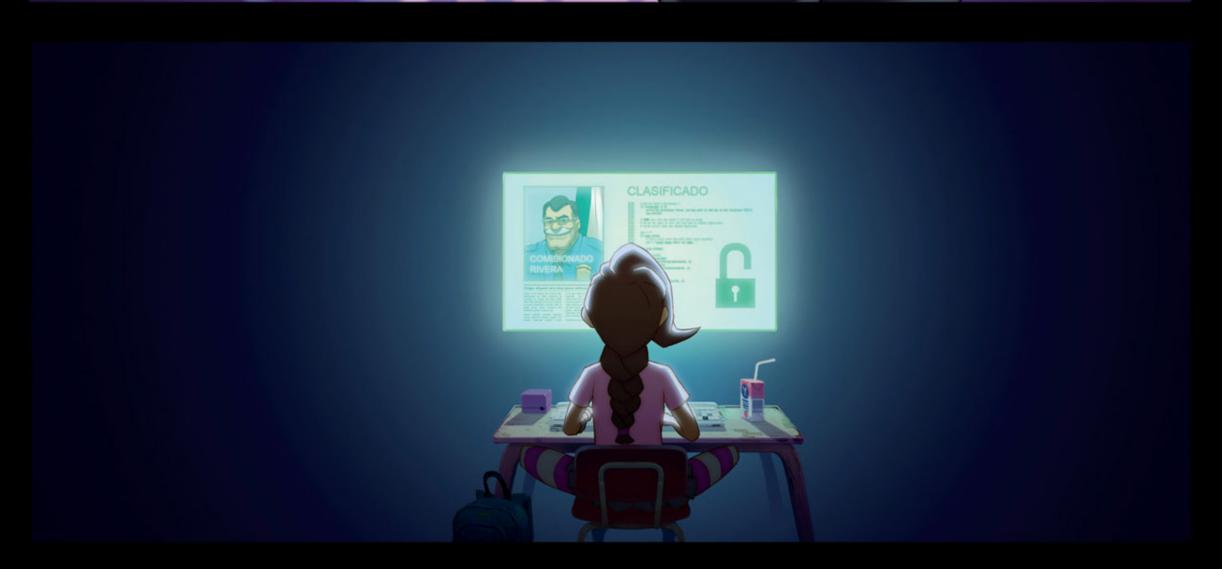


SOMBRA

























ORISA

When designing Orisa's backstory, the game team decided that the robot was created by a young human genius named Efi Oladele. Introducing this supporting character helped the developers flesh out Orisa's personality, but it also presented a challenge. Efi would not be a playable character in the game, so how could the team explain who she was?

Orisa's origin piece fit the bill. The game designers worked with Story and Franchise Development to craft an animated short that explored the relationship between Orisa and Efi. This had a dual benefit. Not only did the film make Orisa more relatable, but it also cemented Efi's place in the *Overwatch* world.













UPRISING

Uprising was a departure from previous origin pieces. Instead of telling a specific hero's story, it revealed historical events to set up game content. Early in the creation process, the developers chose Tracer to narrate the film. Including her added a level of familiarity to the short, and it also tied into Uprising's story. The event was Tracer's first mission as part of the Overwatch organization.

Uprising was the first time the developers worked with an external artist to create an origin piece. Nesskain, who had worked on some of *Overwatch*'s comics and created the Anniversary painting, crafted the film's visuals. Though it was important to make Uprising visually similar to previous origin pieces, the game team was eager to have the artist express his own distinct style in the animation.















PROMOTIONAL ART

After *Overwatch*'s announcement, a diverse community formed around the game. People from all walks of life embraced Tracer, the other heroes, and the vibrant world where they lived. Artwork made by members of this community soon popped up across the internet. The developers were so inspired by these works that they hung many of them in their offices. *Overwatch* didn't just belong to the game team anymore; it belonged to the community, too.

Promotional art gave the developers a chance to build *Overwatch* with this passionate community and share these artists' unique vision of the game with the rest of the world. The team worked alongside artists from around the globe on illustrations to showcase heroes, maps, and events. These pieces appeared in different places and in different forms. Some were used on websites to announce upcoming content. Others were blasted across social media. What these works of art had in common was how they enriched *Overwatch* with new styles and perspectives.



OVERWATCH HALLOWEEN TERROR

The developers joined forces with other Blizzard teams and an external artist to make lighthearted illustrations themed around the *Overwatch* Halloween Terror event. These pieces were distributed on Twitter. If someone retweeted a message from *Overwatch*'s official account, or replied to it with "#HalloweenTerror," they would receive art in the form of a "trick" or a "treat."



















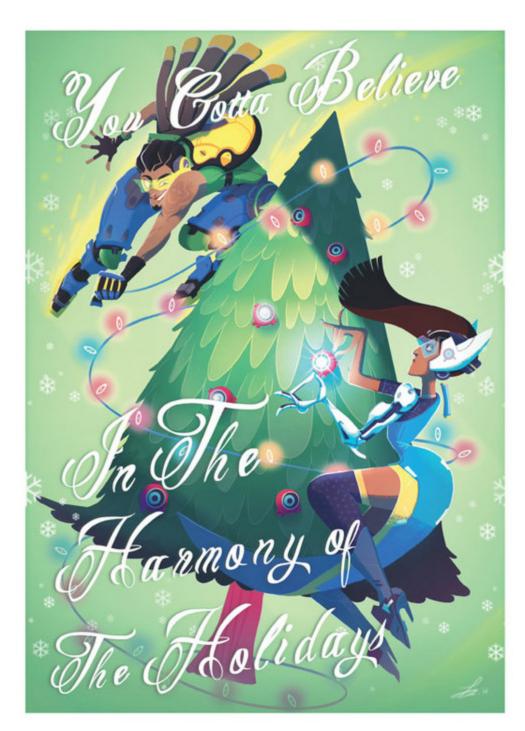
ALL IMAGES: ONEMEGAWATT

WINTER WONDERLAND

Following the success of *Overwatch* Halloween Terror's Twitter campaign, more were launched for Valentine's Day and Winter Wonderland. Once again, the game developers worked alongside other Blizzard teams and external artists to craft an array of fun, holiday-themed illustrations.











PROMOTIONAL ART

VALENTINE'S DAY















































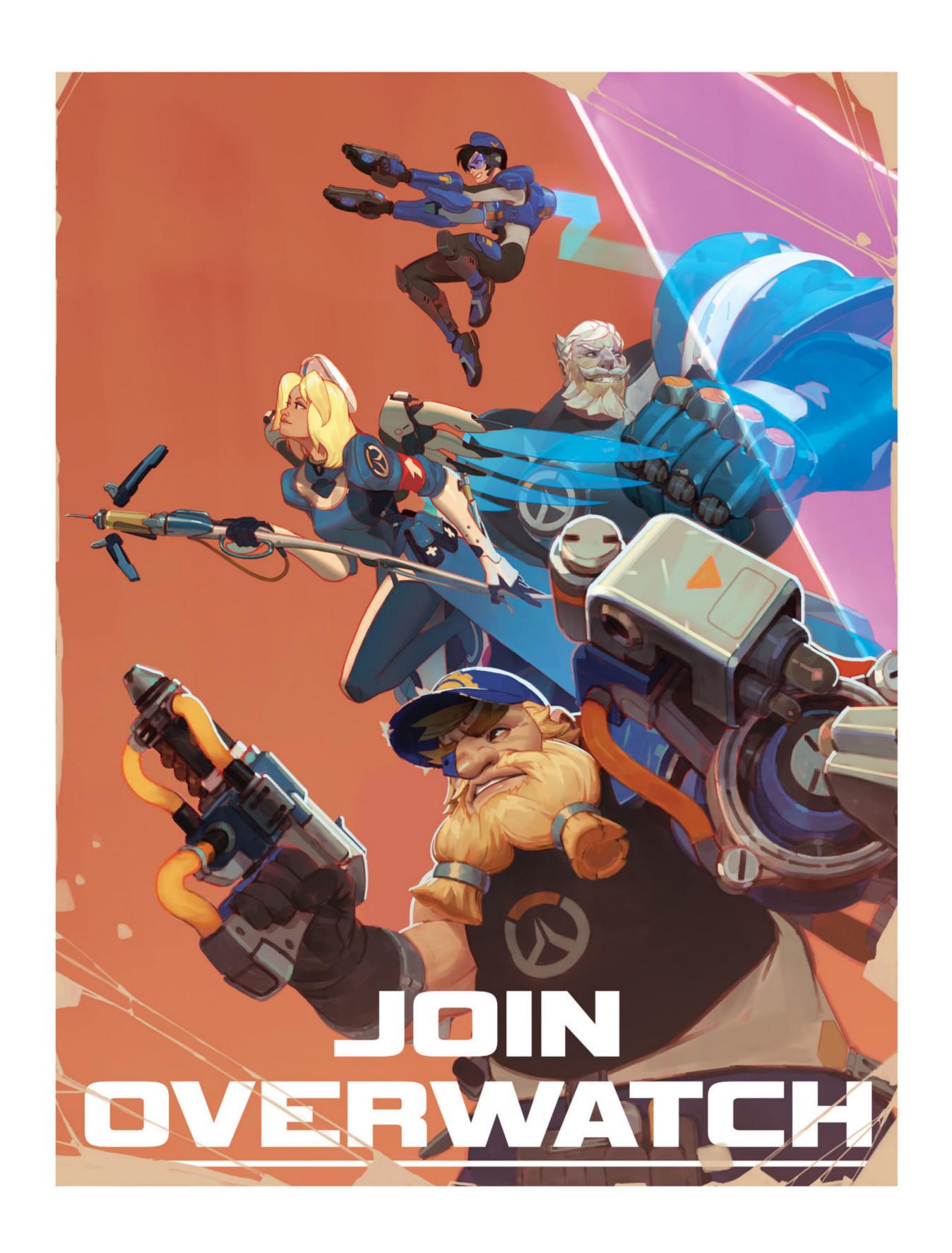
ALL IMAGES: TINYSNAILS

UPRISING POSTERS

Uprising was about an Overwatch mission to thwart a faction of omnics attacking King's Row. The game developers worked with multiple teams at Blizzard to create and launch promotional art leading up to the

event. Posters inspired by classic military recruitment ads seemed like the perfect style to pursue, based on Uprising's themes and story.







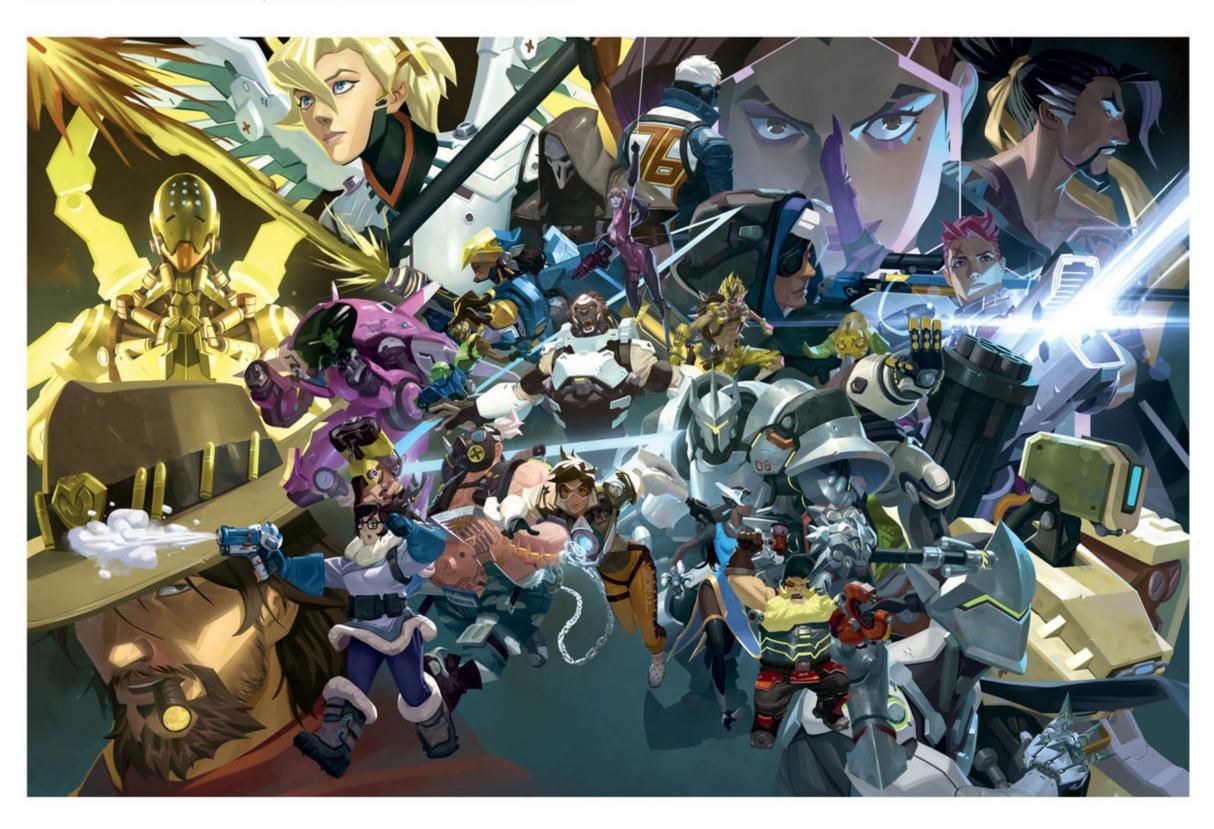


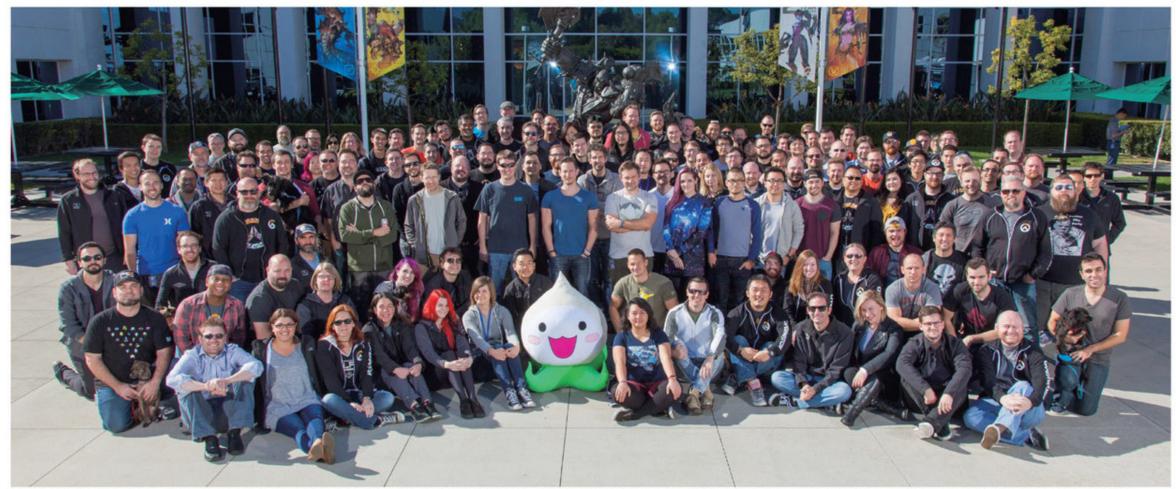


OVERWATCH: ANNIVERSARY

Overwatch's Anniversary event marked one year after the game's release. Much had changed in that time, including the arrival of new heroes. The developers worked with an artist from the community to create an image that would celebrate Overwatch's expanded roster of characters. The

resulting painting was different from previous hero lineup illustrations. Rather than show the characters' full bodies or depict them to scale, the Anniversary piece took a highly stylized approach to create a dynamic composition.





TO COMMEMORATE THE GAME'S ONE-YEAR ANNIVERSARY, A GROUP PHOTOGRAPH WAS PRINTED AND DISTRIBUTED TO THE MEMBERS OF THE OVERWATCH DEVELOPMENT TEAM.

TOP: NESSKAIN, BOTTOM: OVERWATCH DEVELOPMENT TEAM



WHEN IT LAUNCHED IN MAY 2016, OVERWATCH® TOOK THE WORLD BY STORM, capturing the hearts of millions of players and garnering critical acclaim. Now, in this stunning hardcover, Blizzard Entertainment reveals the creative process behind one of the most popular first-person shooter games of all time! The Art of Overwatch features a behind-the-scenes look at the game's heroes, environments, skins, sprays, and more, with annotations by the game team.



